

### Background

- 1. The initiative is built on experiences in the past showing that progress in controlling TADs at country level is not likely to be successful and sustainable unless the **efforts** are part of a coordinated regional approach / embedded into supra-national frameworks
- 2. During its third meeting (RSC3, 2010,), the GF-TADs for Europe RSC recommended that 'a 4-year Action Plan be made available by the end of 2011'
- 3. The draft Action Plan was presented and discussed during the GF-TADs RSC4 in January 2012. Then it was officially endorsed by the GF-TADs RSC during **an e-consultation** in March 2012 and **validated** by the GF-TADs GSC in October 2012.
- 4. This plan was adopted in 2012 as a 5-year Action Plan and updated in 2013
- 5. This document presents the elaboration process, the objectives and the content, and the implementation mechanisms of the GF-TADs for Europe Action Plan covering the period 2020 2024 The Priority Diseases presented in the document reflect the global ones as discussed by the Global GF-TAD and therefore, quoting the work done at global level, this is a living document and it should be noted that new or rising concerns, such as the emergence or reemergence of an animal disease that may develop at regional level, will need to be incorporated

# Development based on 5 principles:

- The support from national and regional authorities and justifies public investments;
- **Early detection, early warning and rapid response**, based on robust national surveillance systems that rely strongly on the participation of private veterinarians and livestock breeders, is key to the fight against priority TADs;
- The **Veterinary Services (VS)**, operating in line with the OIE international standards on **quality and good governance**, are the corner stones of efficient and cost-effective prevention and control of animal diseases;
- Investing in the good governance of VS and in prevention measures is much less costly than the economic losses incurred by major animal health crises;
- Tackling diseases at the animal source remains the most efficient and cost-effective way of dealing with zoonotic threats and high impact diseases;
- Good national and international collaboration between the Animal and Human Health authorities, and where appropriate the environment authorities, in accordance with the One Health approach is key to the prevention and control of zoonoses and high impact infectious diseases. National and International collaboration, where possible, must be integrated by appropriate Private and Public Partnerships



# **Current Global Priority Disease list**



- OBJECTIVES
- PRIORITY DISEASES
- AGREEMENT
- GOVERNANCE

#### **Priority Diseases**

The global and regional Action Plans address the animal diseases and cross cutting topics identified as 'priority' for the global or regional level by the GF-TADs Global or regional Steering Committee, and Management Committee. The Action Plan is a living document and it should be noted that new or rising concerns, such as the emergence or re-emergence of an animal disease that may develop global dimensions, will need to be incorporated.

REGION	PRIO	RITY DI	SEASE	ES (INDICATED FO	CUS)				MAIN FOCUS ON
EUROPE	FMD	HPAI	PPR	RABIES	CSF	BRUCELLOSIS	ASF	LSD	FMD, RABIES, ASF
MIDDLE EAST	FMD	HPAI	PPR	RABIES	RVF	BRUCELLOSIS, S&G POX	BT, GLANDERS		FMD, BRUCELLOSIS, RVF, PPR
AFRICA	FMD		PPR	RABIES	RVF	CBPP	ASF		PPR, FMD, CBPP, RVF, RABIES
AMERICAS	FMD	HPAI		RABIES	CFS	BSE	NWS		FMD, CSF, RABIES
ASIA									
CAARC	EMP	LIDAI	חחח						



## The Draft Action Plan focuses on this list of Priority Diseases

This should be an ideal continuation of what was agreed upon in 2016 during RSC 6 with the focus on:

- African Swine Fever (ASF)
- Lumpy Skin Disease (LSD)
- Rabies
- Foot and Mouth Disease (FMD)
- ▶ In the previous Action Plan and in accordance with the Global Disease Priority list, other disease are also important to be considered:
  - Peste Des Petits Ruminants (PPR)?
  - Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (HPAI)?
  - Classical Swine Fever (CSF) ?
  - ▶ Brucellosis?
- and
- ▶ the reinforcement of Veterinary Services



#### The overall objectives of the GF-TADs for Europe Action Plan are as follows:

- <u>Objective 1</u>: Facilitate **collaboration** and maximise **synergies** among the countries and stakeholders in the region;
- <u>Objective 2</u>: **Prevent** the occurrence and **reduce** potential impacts of animal disease events on human health, livelihoods and economies in the region;
- <u>Objective 3</u>: **Promote** adequate governance of Veterinary Services in accordance with OIE standards through capacity building programmes at national and regional levels (that provide for appropriate legislation, resources and alliances between the public and private sectors);
- Objective 4: Ensure adequate funding to support implementation of disease prevention, detection and control activities, both in peace time and in crisis periods (including the establishment of funds for compensation of animals culled during eradication campaigns

### The Focus

- Facilitate regional and cross-border collaboration in the field of animal health, including twinning and networking activities;
- 2. Improve national and regional knowledge and information/data on priority animal diseases;
- 3. Provide technical guidance to improve disease prevention, surveillance, early detection, notification and rapid response systems (i.e., including Good Emergency Management Practices [GEMP]) in order to address all factors that affect or threaten animal health including zoonoses;
- 4. Improve diagnostic laboratory capacity and performance at national level and support the establishment / reinforcement of national and regional reference laboratories, including laboratory networks;
- 5. Support the reinforcement of Veterinary Services;
- 6. Ensure the appropriate advocacy for animal disease prevention and control activities.



# GF-TAD Labelling activities: Scope and Criteria

- 1. This is a branding activity aiming at branding physical or virtual meetings involving one or more external partner (in addition to FAO and OIE) with an objective to provide governance, share and discuss technical issues, raise awareness, build capacity) and/or material or immaterial products (material or immaterial) related to GF-TADs global and/or regional priority diseases and crosscutting topics.
- 2. It addresses one or more of the priority diseases or topics of the GF-TADs Global and Regional Action Plans;
- 3. It is coordinated with any other regional or global activity of FAO, OIE and regional GF-TADs partners portfolios;
- 4. Has its effects maximized when implemented at global and/or regional level. National activities cannot be labelled as GF-TADs unless it is part of a (sub)regional strategy;
- 5. FAO and OIE are involved in the development and are involved in the implementation;
- 6. FAO and OIE have equal opportunity to part in the organization
- 7. Be accessible on the GF-TADs global and / or regional website
- This is in line with the draft new labelling/branding SOP prepared by the Global GF-TAD



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