



Overview African swine fever situation in Europe and in the EU

SGE on ASF 15
Zoom meeting
6 May 2020

Simona Forcella

G3 - Eradication of animal diseases and official controls

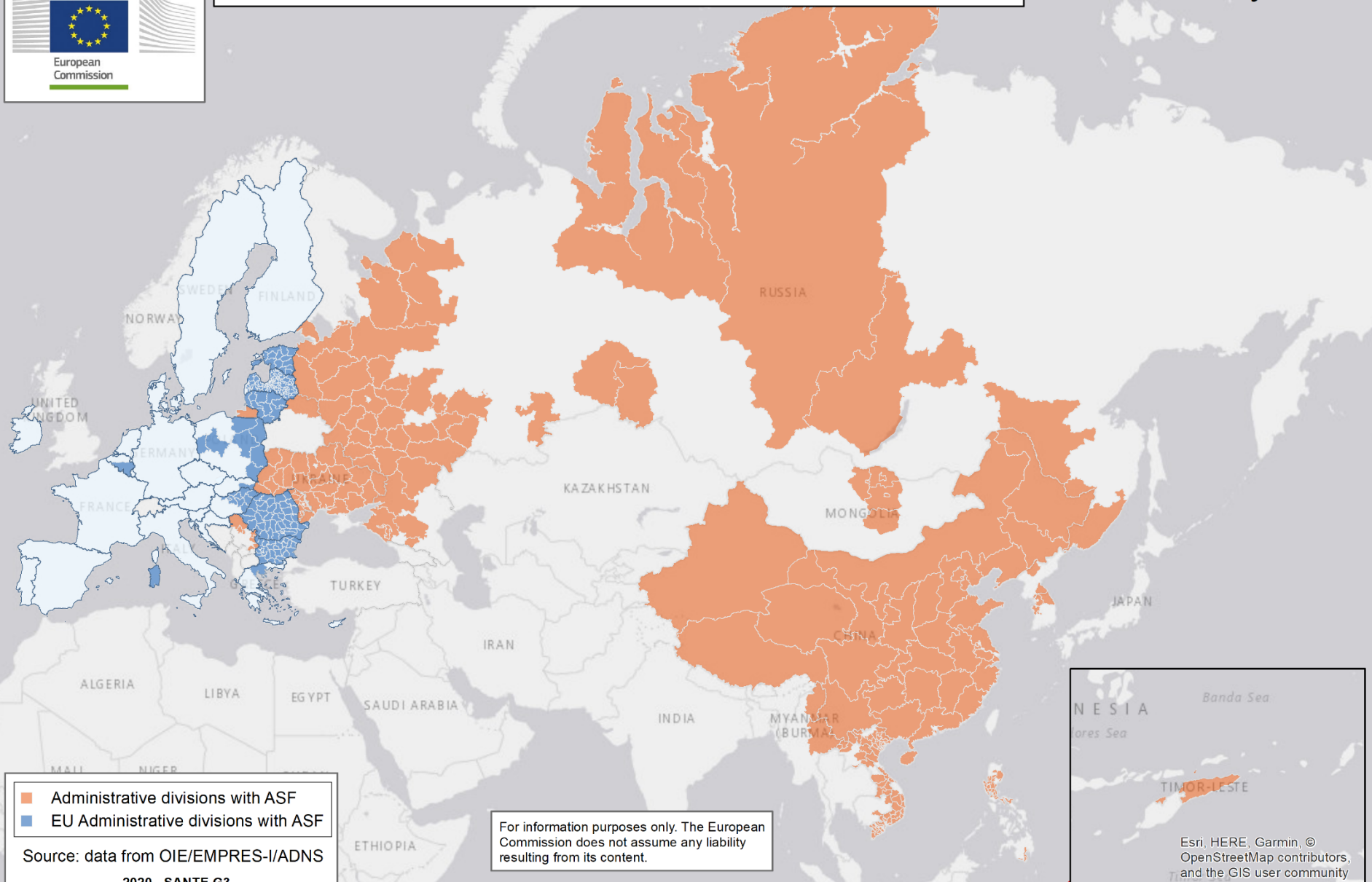
DG SANTE - European Commission

Brussels



African swine fever by administrative divisions affected in the period 2014-2020 in Europe and Asia

May 2020



■ Administrative divisions with ASF
■ EU Administrative divisions with ASF
 Source: data from OIE/EMPRES-I/ADNS
2020 - SANTE G3
 Last data update: 04/05/2020

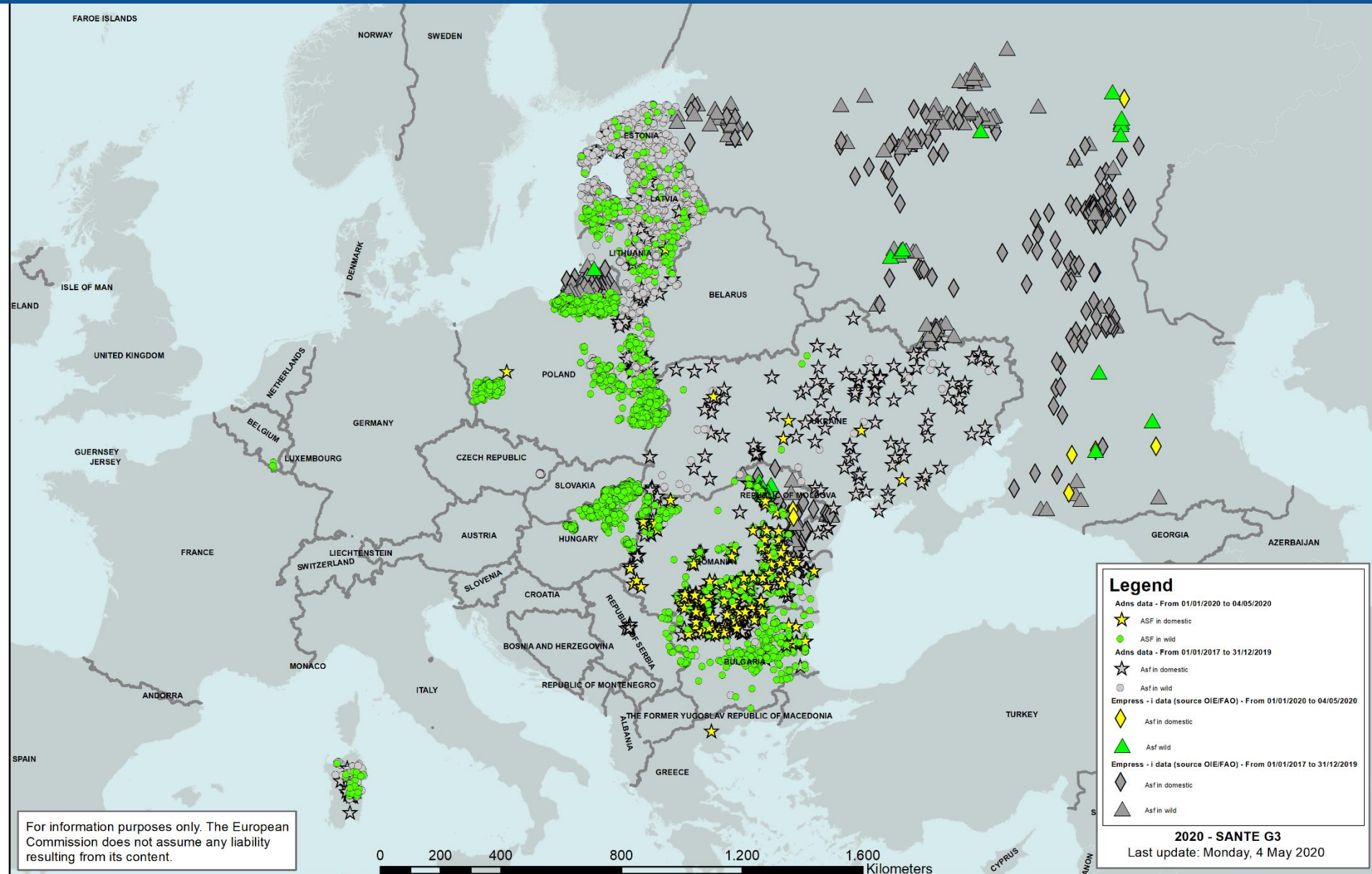
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NESIA
 Banda Sea
 Flores Sea
 TIMOR-LESTE
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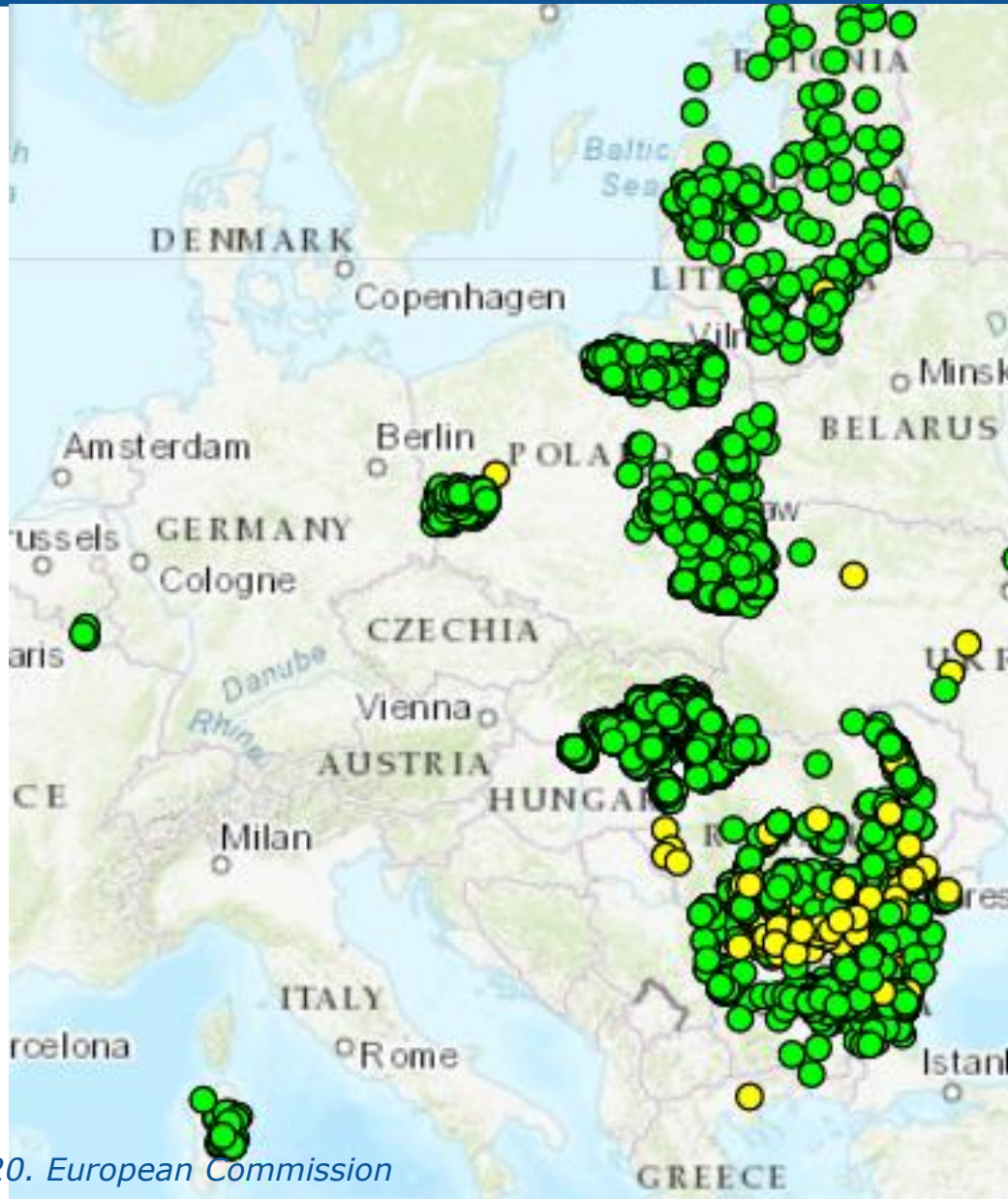
0 700 1,400 2,800 4,200 5,600 Kilometers

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ASF in Europe



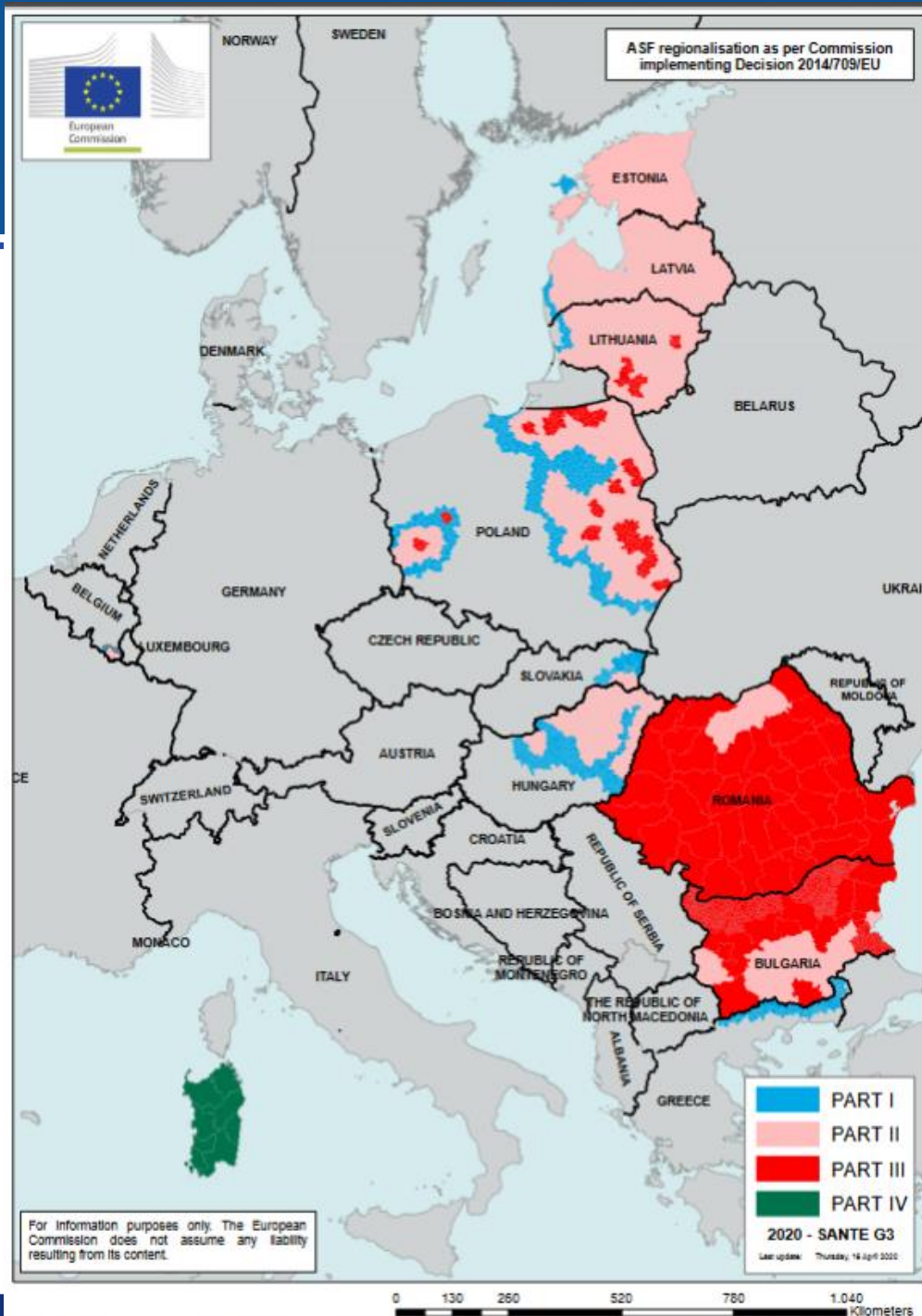
ASF in the EU in 2020



EU regionalisation

EU regionalisation based on risk assessment:

- Last amended 17 April 2020
- **Part I:** ASF not present. High risk, buffer zone.
- **Part II:** ASF only in wild boar.
- **Part III:** ASF in domestic pigs and wild boar.
- **Part IV:** specific endemic situation in Sardinia.



Main initiatives of the EU on ASF

- Preparedness
- Scientific advice
- Research
- Legislation
- Regionalization
- Border controls
- Audits
- Financial support
- Guidance to MSs
- Public awareness
- Urgent intervention
 - EUVET
- International cooperation
 - GFTADS

EASY STEPS FOR PREVENTING THE SPREAD OF AFRICAN SWINE FEVER



-  **X DO NOT** leave food in areas accessible to wild boar
-  **ENSURE** leftover food is put in a secure container
-  **X DO NOT** bring meat or meat products into the EU, even for personal use
-  **PAY ATTENTION** to information on what can and what cannot be introduced when travelling
-  **X DO NOT** touch a dead or sick wild boar
-  **NOTIFY** competent authorities with any concerns

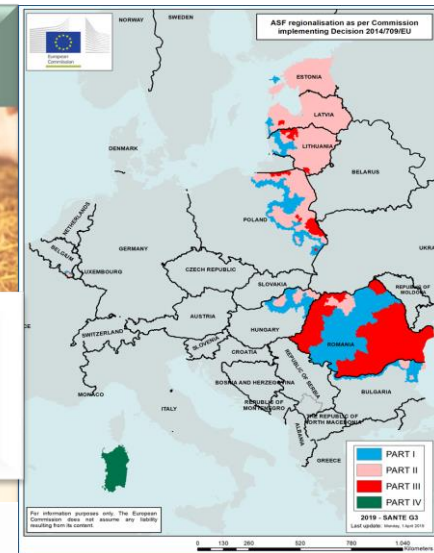
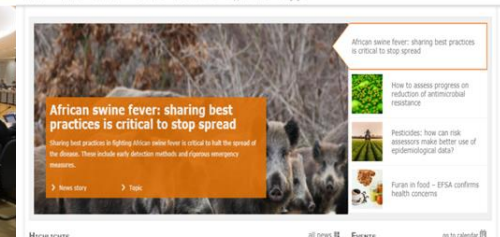


GF-TADS
GLOBAL FRAMEWORK FOR THE PROGRESSIVE CONTROL OF TRANSBOUNDARY ANIMAL DISEASES



For more information consult ASF topic page and story map on EFSA website <https://goo.gl/oU3EdD>

European Commission | <https://ec.europa.eu/food/animals/animal-diseases/> | [@Food_EU #Africa](https://ec.europa.eu/food/animals/animal-diseases/)

African swine fever: sharing best practices is critical to stop spread

Sharing best practices in fighting African swine fever is critical to halt the spread of the disease. These include early detection methods and rigorous emergency responses.

How to assess progress on reduction of antimicrobial resistance

Practices: how can risk assessors make better use of epidemiological data?

Fresh in food – EFSA confirms health concerns

KEEP ANIMAL DISEASES OUT OF THE EU



For more information on ASF, visit the European Commission website

Origin may carry pathogens that cause diseases in animals.

and veterinary controls on the introduction of origin into the EU.

Small questions for personal consumption from: Ireland, Lithuania, Norway, San Marino and Switzerland

17 January 2020, Berlin (Germany) International Green Week



HIGH-LEVEL
INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE

THE FUTURE OF GLOBAL PORK PRODUCTION UNDER THE THREAT OF AFRICAN SWINE FEVER



#ASFconfBerlin



#ASFconfBerlin



#ASFconfBerlin



A high-level international conference on ASF, 17 January 2020

49 country delegations from:

- **Asia:** China, Japan, Republic of Korea, the Philippines etc.
- **North America:** US, Canada etc.
- **South America:** Argentina, Brazil, Chile etc.
- **Europe:** EU28, West Balkan countries, Russia, Serbia, Ukraine etc.
- **Australia**

20 organisations:

- OIE
 - FAO
 - COPA-COGECA,
 - UECBV, CLITRAVI, EMN, IMS
 - FACE, FVE, GARA, GIRA
 - Etc.
-
- More than **220** registered participants
 - More than **20** Ministers, Vice-Ministers



EFSA ASSESSMENTS ON ASF

- Last “Epidemiological analyses of African swine fever in the European Union” was published in January 2020
- **Five** new mandates are on-going, expected deadlines end of 2020 beginning of 2021



National action plans on wild boar management in the context of ASF prevention, control and eradication

All Member States should have in place such plans **by the end of 2020**

Coordinated national efforts and closer partnerships between relevant governmental and non-governmental sectors

A coordinated approach to prevent, control and eradicate ASF **and long-term actions related to wild boar** in a view of the ASF risk

Economic support to third countries

For the period 2019-2020, the Commission has allocated over **6 MILEUR** to **emergency funds** for ASF Measures in neighboring third countries:

*Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Moldova, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Serbia, Ukraine and Kosovo**

These measures will focus on passive surveillance and awareness campaigns in order to enhance early detection of the disease and preparedness

*All references to Kosovo in this document should be understood to be in context of United National Security Council resolution 1244 (1999)