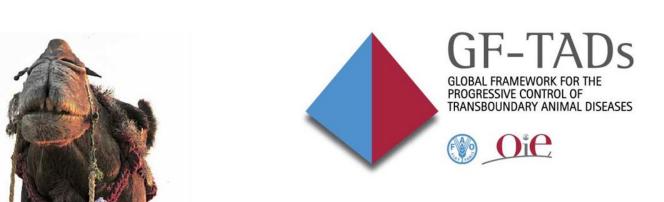
5th meeting of the GF-TADs Regional Steering Committee for Europe (RSC5)

8-9 October 2013 Bruxelles, Belgium

















The FAO-OIE PPR Global Strategy

Outline

- 1. Establishment of the PPR WG and actions undertaken
- 2. Components of the strategy







- **PPR** has been included in the Regional 5 years Action Plans of Africa, the Middle East and South Asia.
- PPR as a candidate for regional and international control post rinderpest
- Pleased to see the concern in Europe ... to have it included in the agenda
- Recommendation (N^o 15) of the 5th Global GF TADs Steering Committee requested to establish the PPR Working Group,
 - The preparation of a Global PPR Control Strategy was one of the first priority of the PPR Working Group,
 - take into account existing regional strategies and ongoing programmes in the preparation of a Global PPR Control Strategy;
- First meeting of the GF TADs WG in 21-22 January 2013 (OIE HQ)
- 7 meetings have been held



Consultation process for the elaboration of the PPR Global Strategy

- SME, national and regional authorities, policy-makers, development partners and private industry: workshops organized or forthcoming
- Lessons learned from regions
- The GF-TADs provides the governance structure to prepare the Strategy
- Peer review of the strategy
- Inputs from the OIE Scientific Commission and its Ad Hoc Group





Pakistan

Morocco



FAO

FAO

Consultation process for the elaboration of the PPR Global Strategy					
Venues	Date	Participating countries/Regions	Organisers		
PPR WG	Every months		FAO/OIE/IAEA		
Ethiopia	Sep 2012	Horn of Africa countries	FAO/IGAD/IBAR		
Ethiopia	Feb 2013	BMGF (Burkina, Ghana and African PPR vaccines producers)	OIE/PANVAC		
Angola	Dec 2012	Angola, DRC, Zambia	FAO		
Senegal		Lab PPR vaccine producers	OIE/PANVAC		
Tanzania	June 2013	SADC	FAO/OIE/IAEA		
Kenya	June 2013	Somalia, Kenya, Tanzania, S. Sudan	FAO		
Malawi	July 2013	Angola, DRC, Malawi, Mozambique FAO			

and Zambia

Algeria, Tunisia, Mauritania and

Pakistan

Morocco

Aug 2013

Mar 2013





A low hanging apple

- Technical issues that support a progressive PPR control and eradication strategy
 - One serotype
 - No carrier state after infection
 - No known reservoir outside domestic small ruminants
 - Many of the tools required for progressive control are already available:
 - Vaccine with life long immunity after a single dose,
 - Inexpensive to produce
 - Diagnostic tests available
 - thermostable vaccine under study



Overall objective of the Global PPR Control Strategy will be in line with the FAO position paper

- To contribute to poverty alleviation and improve the livelihoods in developing countries.
- To protect and further develop the global and regional trade in animals and animal products.
- Specific objective
 - To improve PPR and other important small ruminant diseases control in regions where those diseases are endemic
 - Protect the advanced animal health status in other regions of the world.





The PPR Strategy

Components

- Effective surveillance system, laboratories, appropriate legislation,
- Improving the prevention and control of other important small ruminant diseases based on small ruminant production system,
- Interdisciplinary approaches,
- Socio economic analysis and cost-recovery issues,
- Cost effective control through risk based approaches,
- Progressive phased approaches: successive steps/phases to be defined, from endemic situation with no control activities to eradication of the virus (PCP)
- The strategy will combine vertical (disease specific) and transversal (horizontal) approaches
- Communications





GF-TAD'S

GLOBAL FRAMEWORK FOR THE

PRODRESSIVE CONTROL OF

TRANSBURDERY ANIMAL DISEASES

OIC

OIC

- National laboratories and regional networks
- National epidemiology teams and regional networks
- OIE Terrestrial Code/Manual articles related to PPR
- Monitoring and assessment tools
- Post vaccination monitoring and progress evaluation tool
- Global PPR Alliance network
- Studies (epidemiology, socio-econ impact, vaccines..)
- Diagnostic kit availability and gaps
- Sustainable animal health delivery systems including vaccine delivery
- Communication for engagement of all veterinary actors in the field



Meetings /workshops	Venues	Date	Comments
PPR WG	Rome/Paris	ca. every month	
PPR workshop for West Africa	Nigeria	Oct 2013	FAO/ECOWAS
Assessment of vaccines production trough questionnaires		Oct-Dec 2013	Questionnaires based on Africa experiences
E-conference		Jan 2014	PPR experts
PPR Technical Experts meetings	Rome	April 2014	Funds to be identified
PPR workshop for Asia	Bangladesh	tbd	FAO
Global conference	tbd	Dec 2014	Funds to be identified

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thank you

