

Annual reconfirmation of BSE risk status

Совместный онлайн семинар для
уполномоченных органов в области
ветеринарии государств-членов ЕАЭС на
тему “Стандарты и рекомендации ВОЗЖ по
губчатой энцефалопатии крупного рогатого
скота: обновление Кодекса здоровья
наземных животных”

A joint online seminar for veterinary
authorities of the EAEU member-states on the
topic " WOAH standards and
recommendations on Bovine Spongiform
Encephalopathy: Terrestrial Animal Health
Code update."

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Disease Status Officer
WOAH Status Department

26 июня 2026 года, 10:00
по московскому времени
26 June 2026, 10:00
Moscow time



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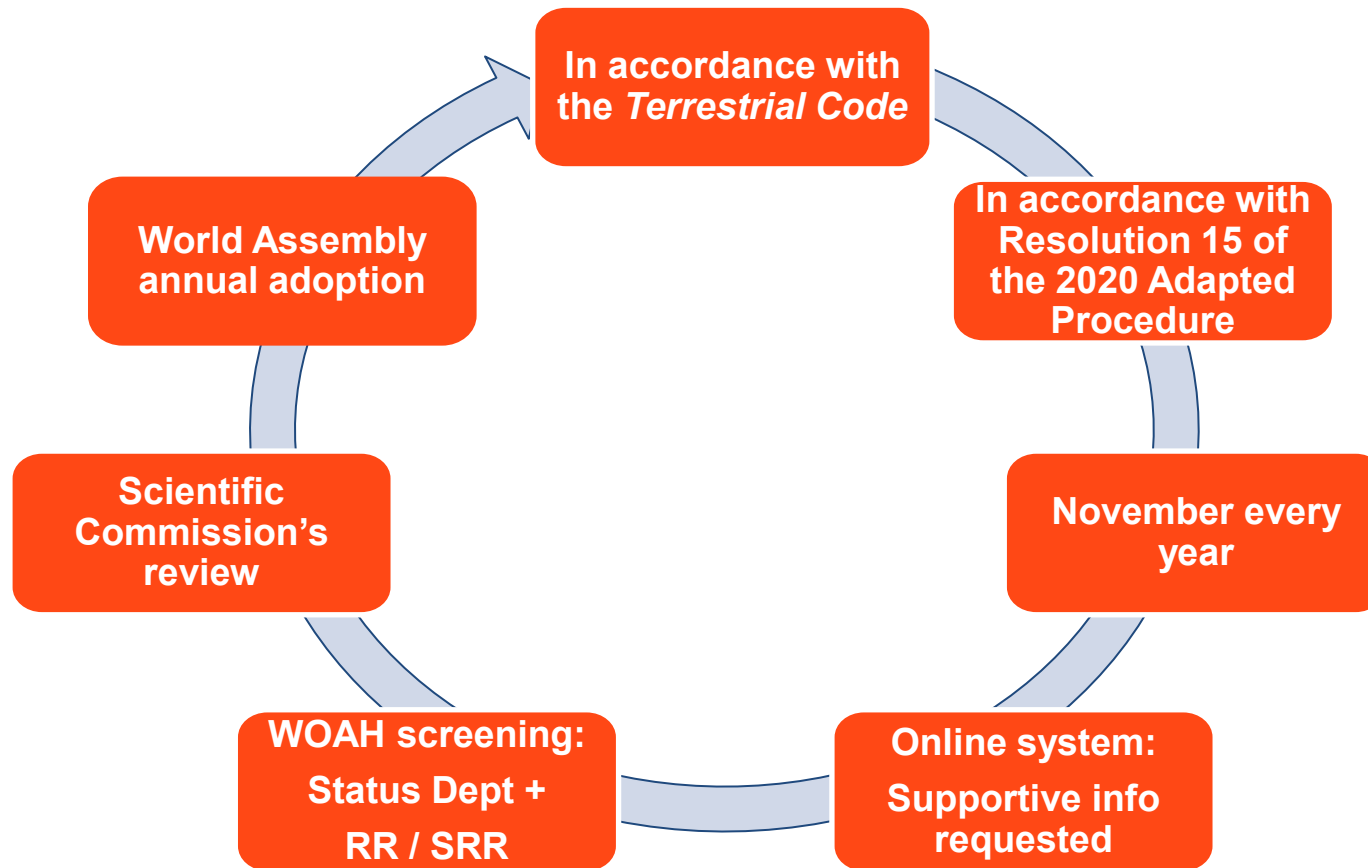


Annual reconfirmation of BSE risk status: purpose

Purpose and context:

- Ensures ongoing compliance with WOAHA BSE standards beyond the initial evaluation;
- Builds international confidence facilitating safe trade of animals and animal products;
- Highlights transparency in reporting of any changes to the disease situation and measures applied;
- Etc

Annual Reconfirmation: procedure



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Annual reconfirmation of
bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) risk status of WOAAH Members

PLEASE NOTE THAT ALL QUESTIONS REFER TO THE PAST 12 MONTHS

- Annual reconfirmation form (last update 2024);
- Reporting period: 12 months;
- Guidance on supporting information requested according to response provided

QUESTION		YES	NO	Not applicable
1. Entry	a) Have the following commodities been imported?	Fill in Table 1.	No additional information required	
1. Entry	b) Have there been any changes to the import requirements for the following commodities?	Summarise the changes and explain how the import requirements effectively reduce the risk of entry of the classical BSE agent, demonstrating equivalence to the current standards (Articles 11.4.3. and 11.4.4.)	No additional information required	
2. Exposure	a) Have there been any changes in livestock industry practices, including any changes in auditing practices or any increase in non-compliances?	Describe the changes in the industry practices preventing bovines from being fed ruminant-derived protein meal, as per Article 11.4.3 , Point 1.b.i. ² If auditing practices changed, please describe the changes, their rationale and their impact on BSE control and surveillance.	If your country's BSE annual reconfirmation has been selected for comprehensive review by the Scientific Commission for Animal Diseases, provide a current description of the industry practices preventing bovines	

Annual reconfirmation form

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Questions focused on:

- Changes in risk mitigation practices throughout the industry (industry practices, audits, legislation, surveillance, etc.);
- Imports of commodities and changes in import requirements;
- Tables 1: Record of imports in the **past 12 months for each commodity**

Country of origin of import	1 a) Bovines	
	Intended use	Provide (1) the import certificate ONLY IF import requirements ARE DIFFERENT FROM Articles 11.4.9 or 11.4.10 and (2) a demonstration of equivalency to these articles.

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Questions focused on:

- Data on the number of animals reported to the Veterinary Authority for displaying signs on the BSE spectrum;
- follow up with appropriate laboratory testing ([Terrestrial Manual](#)) to accurately confirm or rule out the presence of BSE agents + discrimination between atypical and classical BSE strains;
- Table 2: Record of surveillance conducted in the past 12 months

Clinical presentation (See Point 2 of Article 11.4.20)	Number reported	Number tested for BSE
Bovines displaying progressive clinical signs suggestive of BSE that are refractory to treatment and where the presentation cannot be attributed to other common causes of behavioural or neurological signs		
Bovines showing behavioural or neurological signs at antemortem inspection at slaughterhouses/abattoirs		
Bovines presented as downers (non-ambulatory) with an appropriate supporting clinical history (i.e., the presentation cannot be attributed to other common causes of recumbency)		
Bovines found dead (fallen stock) with an appropriate supporting clinical history (i.e., the presentation cannot be attributed to other common causes of death)		

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Questions focused on:

- Awareness and training programmes implemented for different stakeholder groups;
- Classical BSE cases: reported through IN + epi report within 90 days;
- Reports of atypical BSE cases;
- Changes in epidemiological situation?

СПАСИБО ЗА ВНИМАНИЕ!

Thank You!



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