

Terrestrial Animal Health Code
Chapter 11.4.
Bovine spongiform encephalopathy
Recommendations of Trade

**Совместный онлайн семинар для
уполномоченных органов в области
ветеринарии государств-членов ЕАЭС на
тему “Стандарты и рекомендации ВОЗЖ по
губчатой энцефалопатии крупного рогатого
скота: обновление Кодекса здоровья
наземных животных”**

**A joint online seminar for veterinary
authorities of the EAEU member-states on the
topic " WOAH standards and
recommendations on Bovine Spongiform
Encephalopathy: Terrestrial Animal Health
Code update."**

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по московскому времени
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Moscow time



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Contents of disease-specific chapters in the Code



Access WOAH
Standards here:

- General provisions:
 - Definition of disease occurrence.
- Safe commodities:
 - Commodities which can be traded without any risk mitigation measures regardless the animal health status of country/zone of origin.
- Animal health status provisions:
 - Criteria of free and infected country/zone.
 - For BSE, 'negligible BSE risk', 'controlled BSE risk', 'compartment with negligible or controlled BSE risk', and 'undetermined BSE risk'.
- Recommendations for importation of commodities:
 - Additional risk mitigation measures for the importation of commodities other than safe commodities.
- Surveillance provisions:
 - Provisions of surveillance including for the purposes of early warning, demonstration of freedom, wildlife etc.

Glossary of the *Terrestrial Code* defines:

- ‘Safe commodity’ means a commodity that can be traded without the need for risk mitigation measures specifically directed against a particular listed disease, infection or infestation and regardless of the status of the country or zone of origin for that disease, infection or infestation.



Chapter 11.4. BSE

- Milk and milk products
- Semen and *in vivo* derived bovine embryos
- Hides and skins
- Gelatine and collagen
- Tallow with maximum level of insoluble impurities of 0.15% in weight and derivatives made from this tallow
- Dicalcium phosphate
- Fetal blood

Recommendations for importation of live bovines

The *Terrestrial Code* provides Members with the guidance on appropriate risk mitigation measures for the importation of commodities other than 'safe commodity', depending on the animal health status in the country or zone of origin.

From a country/zone/compartiment posing a negligible or controlled BSE risk

- Full traceability: animal should be traced throughout their lifetime via an identification system.
- Risk mitigation measure (select one):
 - a. born and kept in a negligible or controlled risk area after the BSE recycling risk became negligible; or
 - b. Never fed ruminant-derived protein meal

From a country/zone posing an undetermined BSE risk

- Full traceability: animal should be traced throughout their lifetime via an identification system.
- Feed ban verification: it should be demonstrated that the animals have never been fed protein meal derived from ruminants.



Recommendations for importation of fresh meat and meat products

From a country/zone/compartiment posing a negligible or controlled BSE risk

- Identification: bovines are identified via an animal identification system.
- Inspection: Passed ante-mortem inspection with a favourable results.
- Origin/processing (select one):
 - a. Born and kept in a negligible risk country, zone or compartment; or
 - b. Born and kept after the date BSE recycling risk became negligible; or
 - c. Born and kept before that date, provided that products are free from brain/nervous contamination and SRM/MSM.

From a country/zone posing an undetermined BSE risk

- Identification: bovines are identified via an animal identification system.
- Feed ban: demonstrated that animals were never fed ruminant-derived protein meal.
- Inspection: subjected to ante-mortem inspection with favourable results.
- Strict slaughter method: no compressed air/gas stunning, pithing, or procedures contaminating blood with nervous tissue prior to slaughter.
- Contamination-free processing: handled to ensure no contamination with SRM.

Recommendations for importation of other commodities

For bovine-derived protein meal from a country/zone/compartiment posing a negligible BSE risk

- Traceability: derived from bovines identified via an animal identification system.
- Origin: animals were born and kept in a negligible BSE risk country/zone/compartiment.
- Specific risk mitigation (meet one):
 - a. Safe timing: born after the date BSE recycling risk was demonstrated to be negligible; or
 - b. Safe processing: processed in accordance with procedures for reduction of BSE infectivity in bovine protein meal.

Regardless the animal health status of country/zone of origin

- For blood and blood products derived from bovines (except fetal blood)
- For commodities with the greatest BSE infectivity
- For tallow (other than as defined in safe commodities)
- For tallow derivatives (other than defined in safe commodities)
- For dicalcium phosphate (other than defined in safe commodities)

СПАСИБО ЗА ВНИМАНИЕ!

Thank You!



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