

WOAH workshop on Response Plan Development for Disaster Management and Risk Reduction

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Bucharest - Romania

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Country : FRANCE



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Introduction

Project of French plan training, intervention emergency for the rescue of animals natural disasters victims



Ministry of Agriculture and Food Sovereignty (MASA)
General Direction for Food (DGAL) - Animal Welfare Office (BBEA)



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Introduction

Project of French plan training, intervention emergency for the rescue of animals natural disasters victims

The climate change is intensifying extreme weather events

The animals have a new place in the society and the family

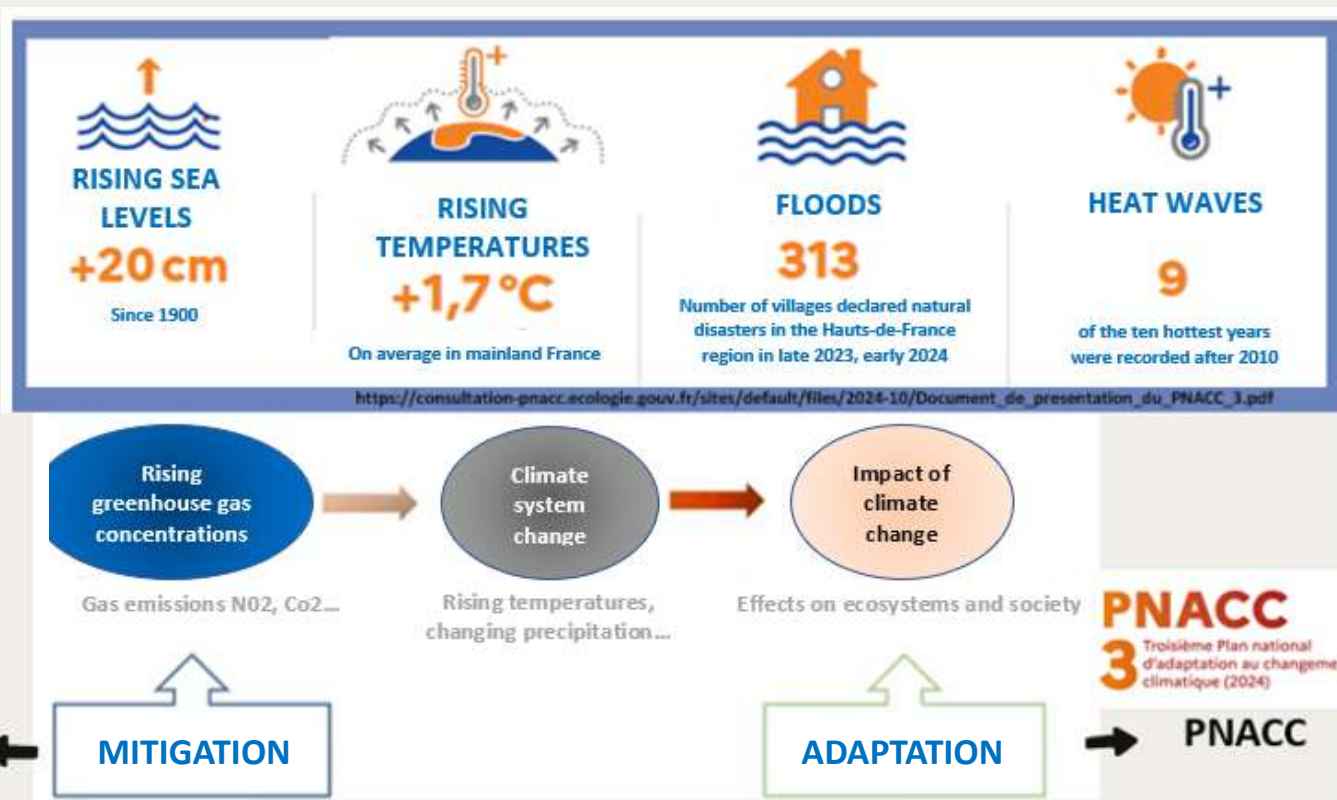
Need to adopt a climate change mitigation and adaptation policy

The national low carbon strategy



SNBC

MITIGATION



Climate change adaptation plan 3th version



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Introduction

- Implementation of the National Climate Change Adaptation Plan (PNACC) in 2011
- New PNACC-3 in 2024 **published in 10 March 2025**
- Reference warming trajectory $+4^{\circ}\text{C}$ by 2100
- **Consequences** : droughts, falling snow cover, increased number of forest fires, etc. Need to adapt in all sectors of activity

PNACC

3 Troisième Plan national

 d'adaptation au changement

 climatique (2024)



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PNACC

 Plan national d'adaptation

 au changement

 climatique (2024)

LA FRANCE

 S'ADAPTE

LA MÉTHODE

1 TRAJECTOIRE

 $+4^{\circ}\text{C}$ EN FRANCE EN 2100

(par rapport à l'ère préindustrielle)

4 GROUPES DE TRAVAIL

 territoires, biodiversité,

 économie, normes

 techniques

2 MOIS DE CONSULTATION PUBLIQUE

LES OBJECTIFS

Protéger la population

 Construire la résilience de la société

LES MOYENS

51 MESURES

 POUR TOUTS LES SECTEURS D'ACTIVITÉ

+200 ACTIONS

 CONCRÈTES À COURT, MOYEN ET LONG TERME

LES BÉNÉFICES ATTENDUS

- confort et bien-être des personnes
- préservation de la biodiversité
- résilience de l'économie
- protection du patrimoine culturel
- vulnérabilité face aux risques climatiques
- coût économique du changement climatique
- émissions de CO_2
- artificialisation des sols

5 MEAN AREAS

**Ensuring the
resilience of
territories,
infrastructure and
essential services**

**Protect the
population**

**Adapting human
activities**

**Protecting our
natural and
cultural heritage**

**Mobilizing the
Nation's forces
to successfully
adapt**



**51 measures for all sectors
of activity**



**+ 200 actions including 16
carried out by the DGAL**

**Develop a disaster animal rescue
training and response plan (PFISAS)**



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Action Plan : First steps

Develop a network of rescuers and a training and intervention plan to help land animals that would be endangered by the occurrence of a major climatic accident

Meeting with the Oise Departmental Fire and Rescue Service (SDIS60), presentation of the plan currently being developed and presentation of their Animal Risk Unit (URAN)



Research for information at European level to have their management plan : Spain, Greece, Norway, Italy, Ireland



Meeting with various partners within government departments to rally their support for the project



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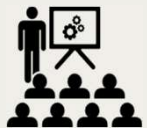
Action Plan : Content of the plan

Develop a network of rescuers and a training and intervention plan to help land animals that would be endangered by the occurrence of a major climatic accident



Bringing together all stakeholders

administration, education,
firefighters, emergency workers,
veterinarians, livestock farmers, etc.



Create a training program

For firefighters **designated as AW referents** in fire and rescue services,
then offering it to agricultural
education and veterinary schools...

Finding financial resources
to equip departmental response
services : to develop the
mapping tool, deploy training,
and purchase new URANs



Join the 'ORSEC' Plan

Link this emergency plan for animals to
the existing one for people and thus
benefit from the same chain of
command for activate the intervention

Implementing a communication plan



Creating awareness/prevention
sheets for pet owners so they can
prepare to evacuate with their pets
if necessary – Share the

Create a tool map of available resources



first aid partners - shelters - means of
transport adapted to the animal species
to be rescue



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Action Plan : Content of the plan

Ideas for the program of training on animal management during natural disasters

Objectives : Preventive training for first responders and animal welfare officers designated by the Departmental Fire and Rescue Services, animal knowledge, and proper procedures to follow in the event of a disaster.

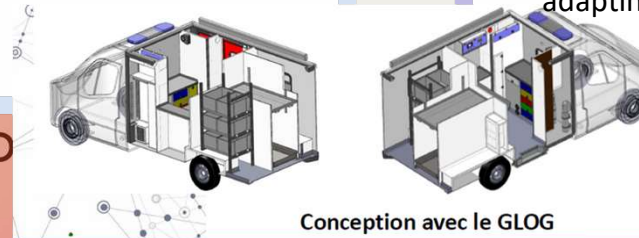
Duration : 7h / 1 day

Introduction 1h30

- Definition of the BEA
- Issues of the animal rescue component (evolution of the human-animal relationship)
- Existing regulations (Matras Law and 2015 Law)
- Figures for interventions involving animals (e.g., 1,445 interventions in 2021 in France))

Section on emergency services 2h

- Rescue Organizations
- Organization of the **Animal Risk Unit (URAN)**
- Limitations of the exercise (eg: of killing)
- Networks...



Section on Animals 3h

- Concept of stress, possible reactions of the animal, emergency handling, evacuation
- Ensuring care and vital needs
- Knowing how to recognize a dangerous animal and adapting accordingly

Conclusion of the day 30 min

- Discussion between participants on site



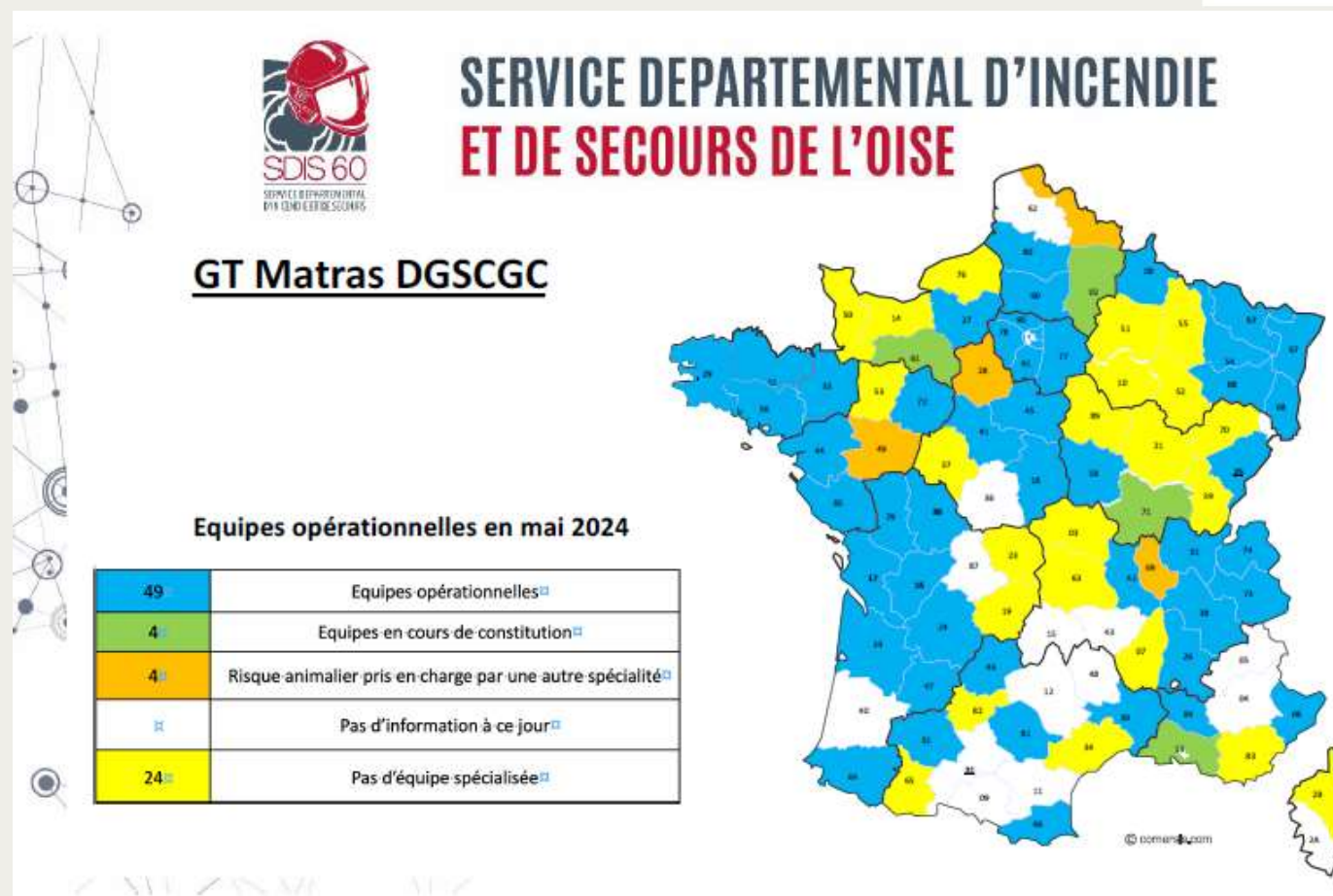
Picture of SDIS 60 during the training period on the URAN



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Action Plan : Content of the plan

We have **49 operational teams**
 for animals representing half
 of France's departments and
24 not specialized teams



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Action Plan : Content of the plan


Create a computer layer to locate farms in risk areas (to be added to the geo-risk software)




1 Se localiser 2 Afficher les risques 3 Compléter l'état des risques 4 Télécharger

[← Modifier](#)
[Nouvelle recherche](#)
[Partager le résultat](#)

Parcelle(s)
 Adresse : 251 Rue de Vaugirard,
 75015 PARIS 15E ARRONDISSEMENT
 Code parcelle : 000-AB-70



A l'adresse saisie, les risques existants et faisant l'objet d'une obligation d'information au titre de l'IAL sont :



Zone à risque entraînant une servitude d'utilité publique

Mouvement de terrain
 Le Plan de prévention des risques naturels (PPR) de type Plan de Prévention des Risques Naturels Mouvement de terrain nommé R111.3 - Anciennes carrières a été approuvé et affecte votre bien.
 Date de prescription : 19/09/1988
 Date d'actualisation : 18/03/2001

information on potential risks
in the selected area



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Action Plan : Content of the plan

Create a computer layer to locate farms in risk areas (to be added to the geo-risk software)



Livestock farms affected by disaster



Pig farms



Cows farms



Surface area : 50 km



Surface area : 100 km

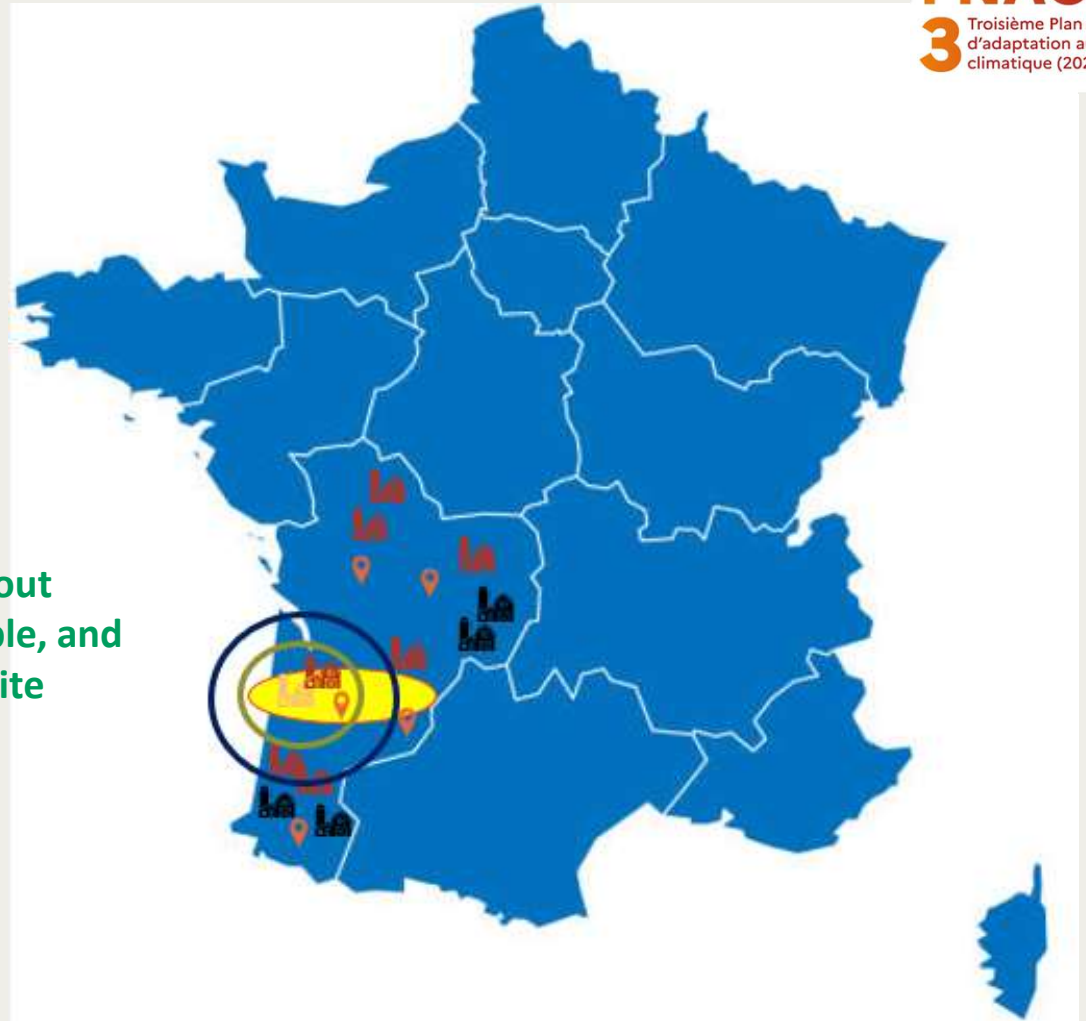


Surface affected



Partners : SDIS, transporters...

Share knowledge about
risks, locations, people, and
animals present on site



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What natural disasters occur in France ?

Risks : floods, storms, landslides, forest fires, avalanches, cyclones (in the French overseas islands), rockfall, Heatwaves and droughts

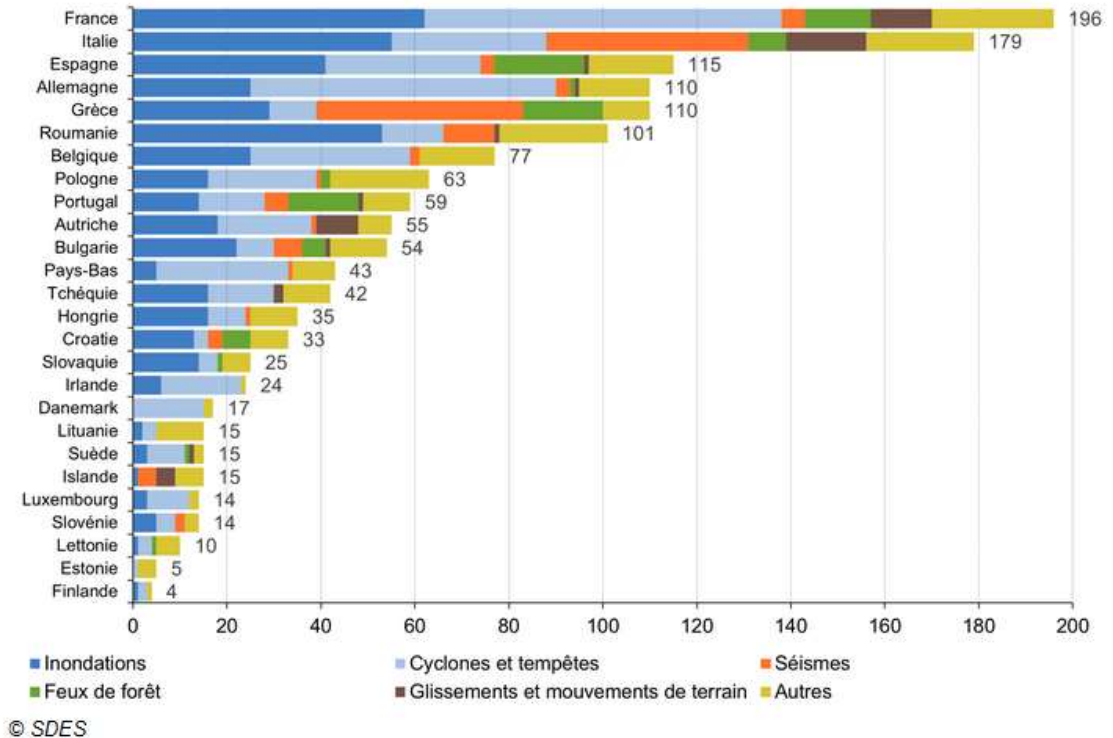
Meteorological phenomena: 49.7%

Climatic causes (fires, drought, heatwaves): 30.2%

Hydrological causes (floods): 13.7%

Geological causes (earthquakes, eruptions): 6.3%

Nombre de catastrophes naturelles survenues en Europe entre 1900 et 2023
 En nombre de catastrophes par type



Source : EM-DAT, UCLouvain, Brussels, Belgium – www.emdat.be (EM-DAT The International Disaster Database, Centre for research on the epidemiology of disasters), 2023. Traitements : SDES, 2024



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QUESTIONS ?

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Thank you

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1. Tell us about the current status of your contingency/response plan. *(Is there a national or regional plan? Who led its development? Has it been tested or activated recently?)*
2. What frameworks, law, or national/international policies are influencing how your plan is developed and activated? *(This might include disaster risk reduction strategies, veterinary legislation, biosecurity and incursion response frameworks, or international guidelines such as the Sendai Framework or WOAH standards)*
3. What are the main hazards or risks involving animals in your country, and how do these inform your planning? *(Are these natural hazards, disease incursions, or something else. Which species or animal-related industries are typically affected or involved?)*
4. Can you share any recent experiences your country has had with disasters involving animals, and what lessons those experience have revealed? *(Were these responses multi-agency. What role did technology play, if any?)*
5. How is your organisation preparing its workforce for animal-related emergency response? *(Think about training, exercise, resourcing, coordination readiness and use of tools or technology)*



6. How do you reflect and learn from emergencies? What processes are in place for reviewing and updating plans after events?
7. What expectations do people in your country, such as animal owners, farmers, NGO's, veterinary professionals, or community groups have of your organisation during emergencies? (*Are there tensions between legal roles and public expectations?*)
8. What role do public/private partnerships play in your disaster planning and response? (*Who do you currently work with, and who else would strengthen your capability?*)
9. In what ways is recovery planning considered or integrated into your response approach? (*Is recovery activated early, Are animal welfare and livelihoods considered long-term?*)
10. Looking ahead, what strengths can your country contribute to others, and what specific challenges are you hoping this workshop will help you address?