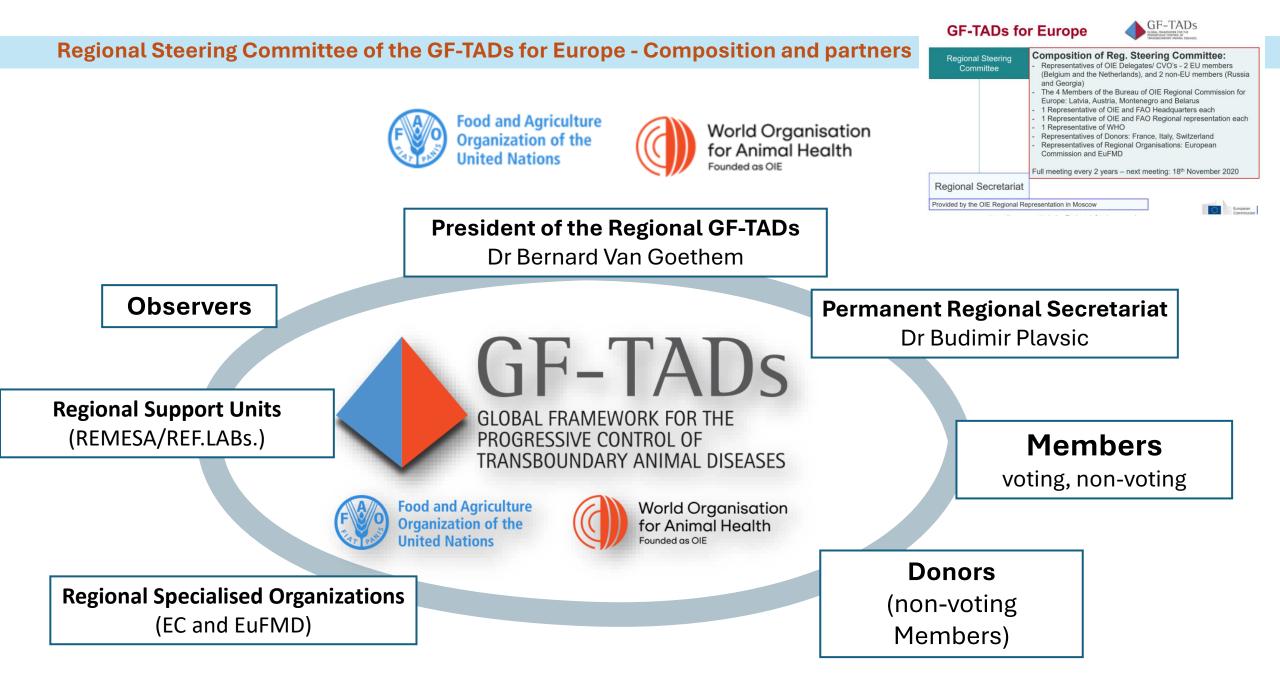


11th Regional Steering Committee of GF-TADs for Europe (RSCE-11)

1st of October 2024 (Samarkand, Uzbekistan)

Activities of GF-TADs from 2022-2024: Implementation of Action plan (2023-2027)

Dr Bernard Van Goethem, President of the Regional Steering Committee for Europe



https://rr-europe.woah.org/en/Projects/gf-tads-europe/regional-steering-committee-of-the-gf-tads-for-europe/

Implementation of the regional action plan since 10th Regional Steering Committee for Europe – (Catane, October 2022)

During RSC 10th the following points were put forward in the action plan (key objectives related to animal health and disease management, with a focus on international cooperation):

- **TADs prioritization** facilitated / coordinated
 - PPR was added among the diseases important for the regions; focus on rabies in wildlife was kept to maintaining/improving coordination among countries.
- Planning for prevention and control of TADs
 - **LSD** strategy revisited at regional level (geographical shift of focus while maintaining surveillance in South East Europe)
 - **Rabies** scope adapted to the evolving situation in and around Ukraine
- Activities in Europe should be in line with existing Global and regional strategies:
 - Global Strategy on HPAI
 - Global Coordination Committee for ASF
 - PPR Global Eradication Programme
- Coordinated planning
 - It was decided to keep regular regional coordination meetings within the secretariat and with all regional partners
- Capacity gaps were identified, and priorities defined
 - LSD shift of priorities to central Asia, but interest there is limited
 - ASF SGE focus on practical recommendation and sharing of technical knowledge (awareness)

Implementation of the regional action plan since 10th Regional Steering Committee for Europe - (Catane)

During RSC 10th the following points were put forward in the action plan (ctd):

- Harmonized mechanisms for monitoring control
 - FMD & PPR road map / blueprint strategy, LSD sucess story communication, all SGEs providing regular updates on epidemiological situations
- Strengthen engagement and coordination with stakeholders:
 - Enhancing collaboration with key partners, likely to improve the management of animal diseases like ASF and Rabies
 - Working with the European Commission (DG SANTE) to implement activities related to EU grant to WOAH, with coordination efforts with the WOAH Sub-Regional-Representation based in Brussels
- **Improve advocacy by members**: Encouraging members to enhance their efforts in advocating for the necessary measures or policies related to disease control.
- Promote sustainable funding :
 - for initiatives like oral rabies vaccination in the Balkans;
 - participating in the advocacy study managed by WOAH headquarters
 - ensuring that EU grants for GF-TADs projects are integrated and planned over a three-year period for sustainability.

Overview of meetings and activities under GF-TADs for the reference period 2022-2024

Meeting and activities on the six priority diseases in the European Region:

• African swine fever (ASF) - Standing Group of experts (SGE) meetings: 1 online, 3 face-to-face, 4 country expert missions (MK, BiH, ME, AL)

On ASF enhanced Communication projects/activities on

- **eLearning programme** for wild boar biosecurity
- **eDepository:** renewed
- FAO activities in training
- Foot and Mouth Disease (FMD): 2 Regional Advisory Groups (RAG) meetings and 1 Epi & Lab meeting
- HPAI: 1 SGE online (1 face-to-face took place yesterday here in Samarkand)
- **LSD**: 2 SGE meting online, one lab meeting with central Asia
- **PPR**: 2 RAG meetings, one webinar
- Rabies: 2 SGE online, 1 face-to-face

Achievements

• PPR

- Progressing slowly in Central Asia.
- Azerbaijan got the WOAH official free status in 2024.
- ALERT!!!!! Georgia/Romania/Greece/Türkiye recent outbreaks (indications of effective control in Romania and Greece through drastic measures, situation in progress)
- HPAI
 - Good surveillance has been implemented.
 - Vaccination efforts have started in at least one country.
- FMD (Foot-and-Mouth Disease):
 - Limited circulation of FMD strains in the European Region.
 - In the neighborhood, serotypes SAT2, A and O continue to represent a risk for the European region.
- ASF (African Swine Fever):
 - Continue evolution in Germany, Italy and Poland and in certain **Balkan Countries**
 - All restrictions were lifted in Sweden in September 2024, after one year from first notification
- Rabies
 - The situation in the **Balkans** is being carefully assessed with good trends, so far.
 - Joint actions under the ICG framework with stakeholders have been initiated as the disease is progressing from Ukraine.
- LSD (Lumpy Skin Disease):
 - Monitoring the situation in Southeastern Europe (SEE), including Türkiye.
 - Close observation of recombinant strains in **Russia** and **Central Asia**.

NOT A PRIORITY DISEASE, but Sheep and Goat Pox under control in Spain, Greece, Bulgaria, Türkiye

Regional coordination for PPR

Webinar of PPR situation in Europe region under GF-TADs regional approach 4th September 2024 – 9h30 am – 12h30 pm CEST, Virtual meeting

Organised by: GF-TADs Regional Secretariat for Europe, with the support of **EU DG SANTE** and in collaboration with **FAO** and **EuFMD**.

It brought together more than 100 participants, including **WOAH Delegates**, representatives from **reference laboratories**, and from **WOAH**, **FAO**, **EuFMD**, and the **European Commission**.



The webinar underscored the importance of **cooperation**, **information sharing**, and **coordinated actions** across Europe to prevent the further spread of PPR and ensure preparedness. Participants emphasized that a unified approach is crucial in combating the disease and protecting the region's livestock and economy.

https://rr-europe.woah.org/en/news/uniting-against-ppr-collaborative-solutions-discussed-in-gf-tads-webinar/

Sustaining Coordination and Stakeholder Engagement

 Ensuring continuous communication and collaboration with all relevant stakeholders to maintain momentum

Measuring Outcomes and Impact

 Tracking progress through measurable outputs to assess and demonstrate the effectiveness of initiatives.

Enhancing Efficiency and Maximizing Impact

- Streamlining disease coordination meetings.
- Strengthening enforcement and follow-up on recommendations to ensure tangible results.

Strategic Implementation of Regional Action Plans

- Tailoring Regional plans to meet Member States' evolving needs.
- Focusing on future challenges and innovations for long-term resilience.

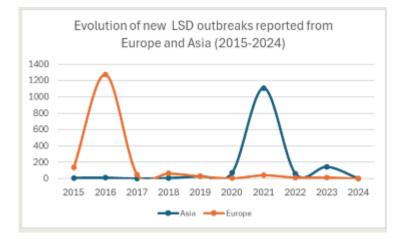


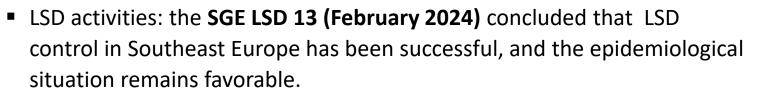




Integrating Key Pillars of the GF-TADs Global Strategy – achievments

(1) Keeping coordination alive means maintaining engagement of all stakeholders





In Central Asia the situation seems to be evolving. More efforts are needed on the coordination of LSD activities at regional level (vaccination, surveillance, sharing of information etc.)



- Rabies activities: the SGE Rabies 5 (July 2024 in person) noted an apparent stabilization of the situation in the Western Balkans and considerations to phase out ORV. Continued communication remains essential to safeguard and consolidate achievements on rabies control.
 - deteriorated situation in Ukraine linked to armed conflict and its impact around Ukraine to be closely monitored; while keeping the results of the Western Balkans in mind, rabies control efforts in and around Ukraine may need further support.
 - could be included in a renewed focus for SGE Rabies 6

Integrating Key Pillars of the GF-TADs Global Strategy – achievments

(2) Increasing efficiency and impact – organization of disease coordination meetings and enforcement of recommendations

Regular meetings between members to **build trust** and enable **smoother** processes and informal coordination between Members and experts.

Technical recommendations on practical topics (e.g. ASF/carcass detection and disposal during SGE ASF 21 in September 23, ASF/fencing SGE ASF 22 in April 24) to make recommendations are practical and useful.





essaging. Whether it is due to distrust of authorities, careleseness, has its share of misinformation circulating. While there are very ade solutions against disinformation, it is important for veterinary heir focus on proper communication. tries in the region have responded in different ways to the needs wreness material for the different publics mentioned above. Since the

material ereated is very varied, WOAH believes it can be helpful for members to share the restrict to year anothe total description of the starting starting the restrict of the sharing can help create additional material for different countries and help in reducing the burden of ASF.

At global level, through the GF-TADs, FAO and WOAH have created a series of poster and information material (including videos) on African Swine



- For farmers
- For hunter

- Fever. These are designed to be understandable in a variety of cultures and settings, and offer options for the general public, travelets, farmers, hunters. L'African suine fever (WOAH & FAO | Trato], insert e picture of a peneral public poster and the social media card.

Integrating Key Pillars of the GF-TADs Global Strategy – achievments

(3) Implementing the Regional action plan to best reply to Members needs





- We continued engaging with Members through dedicated Standing Group of Experts / regional advisory groups and during other events (missions, feedback from trainings)
- Continued to focus on technical approaches corresponding to our regional paradigms – example of the SGE ASF 22 on fencing and wild boar population control
- Continued to provide trainings including in languages used in the region (FAO, WOAH, and EU)
- Projects to improve the capacities of the national veterinary systems (e.g. ADEWBII *inter alia* on ASF and rabies).

- Updating the list of Members (new Delegates/Bureau members)
- Revise the TORs: the current TORs will be circulated to include input from the Members, where needed
- Election of the president: one of the Members will propose a candidate