

Monitoring the genetic evolution of HPAI in Europe: insights from the WOAHA/FAO/EU Reference Laboratory at the IZSve

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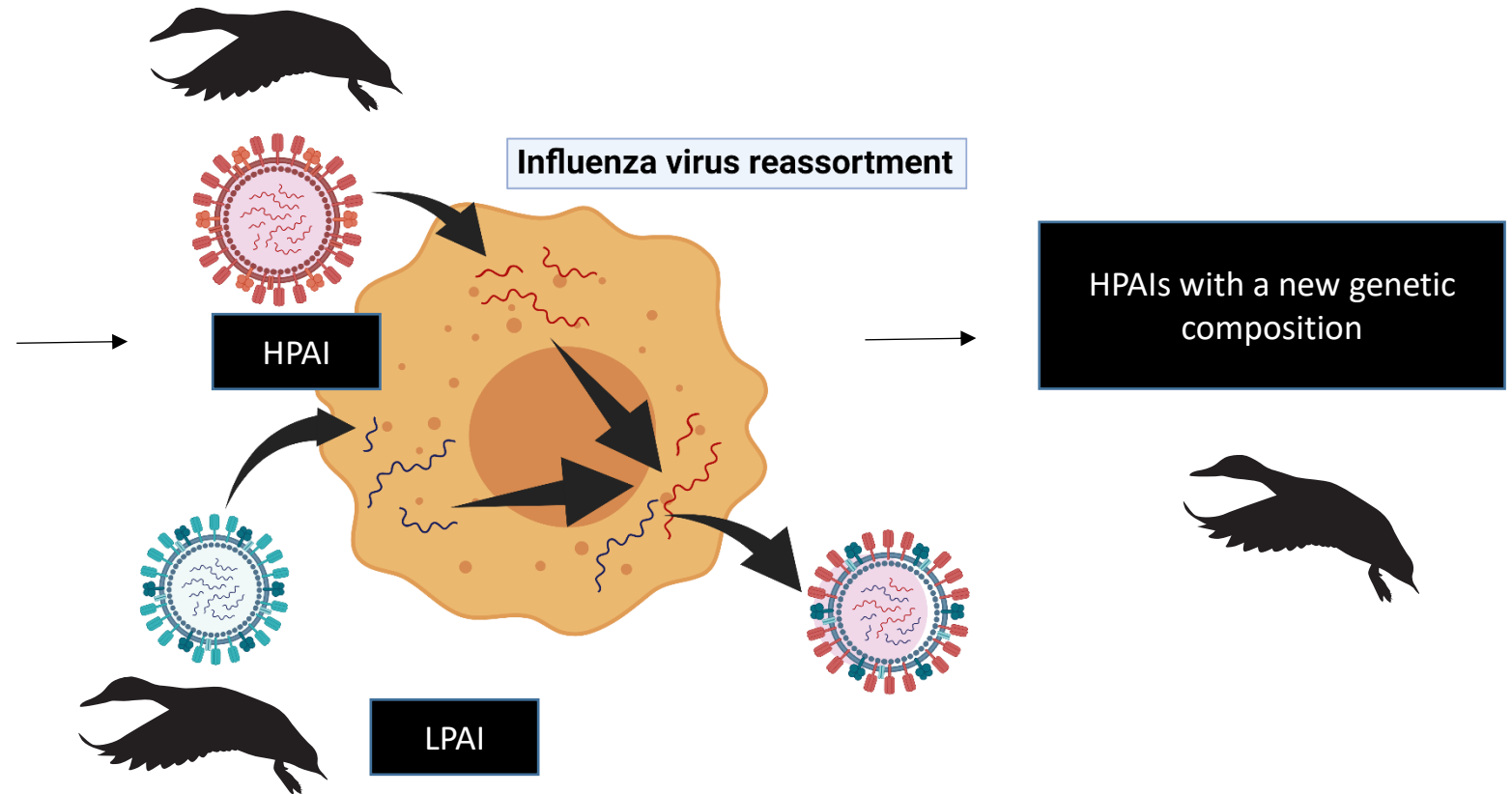
-Standing Group of Experts on High Pathogenicity Avian Influenza in Europe-



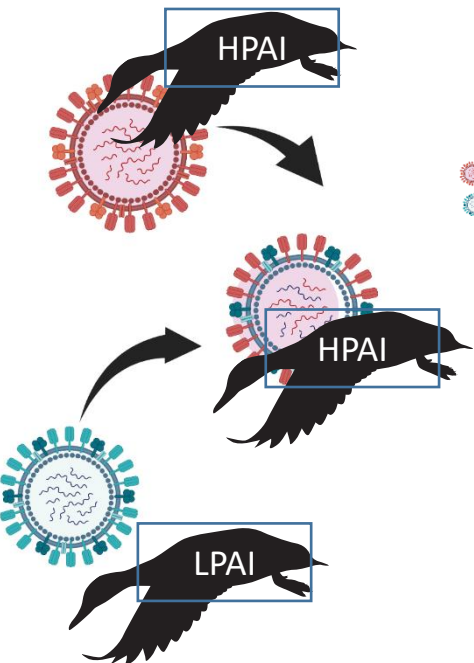
The **evolution** of HPAI viruses of clade 2.3.4.4b in Europe has **continued** throughout the 2023-2024 epidemiological year (October 2023-August 2024).

High pathogenic avian influenza A(H5) viruses of clade 2.3.4.4b in Europe

-Persistence of HPAI in wild birds and expansion of the avian host range
+
-Unprecedented ability to generate diversity through reassortment



Europe: Evolution of H5 clade 2.3.4.4b reassortants



Epidemic wave: 2020-2021

	PB2	PB1	PA	HA	NP	NA	MP	NS
A	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
B	35	28	1	20	1	30	20	20
C	1	1	1	20	1	1	20	1
D	20	20	20	20	20	27	20	20
E	20	20	29	20	20	27	20	20
F	27	20	29	20	37	27	20	20
G	31	31	32	20	12	17	20	1
H	20	31	29	20	27	63	20	20
I	25	14	25	20	26	13	20	28
J	31	23	5	20	26	2	20	28
L	25	1	1	20	1	13	20	1
M	20	20	14	20	20	20	20	20
N	12	33	20	20	36	64	20	20
O	20	29	14	20	20	20	20	20
P	31	23	3	20	26	2	20	28
Q	20	20	20	20	26	20	20	20
R	20	20	29	20	15	27	20	20
S	20	20	29	20	20	20	20	20
U	20	20	29	20	15	20	20	20
V	34	1	1	20	1	1	20	1
X	20	9	14	20	16	61	20	20

Epidemic wave: 2021-2022

	PB2	PB1	PA	HA	NP	NA	MP	NS
A	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
C	1	1	1	20	1	1	20	1
I	25	14	25	20	26	13	20	28
AA	1	1	1	20	26	1	20	1
AB	31	1	3	20	38	1	20	1
AC	4	1	1	20	1	1	20	1
AD	4	27	1	20	31	1	20	1
AE	4	1	1	20	15	1	20	1
AF	12	6	1	20	50	1	20	29
AG	12	1	1	20	50	1	20	1
AH	12	1	1	20	1	1	20	1
AI	7	1	8	20	37	1	20	29
AJ	10	1	1	20	1	1	20	1
AK	10	1	3	20	38	1	20	1
AL	1	1	1	20	11	1	20	1
AM	1	1	1	20	12	1	20	1
AN	31	1	1	20	1	1	20	1
AO	13	1	1	20	38	1	20	1
AP	45	31	32	20	32	1	20	28
AQ	31	1	8	20	37	1	20	27
AR	1	18	14	20	16	62	16	27
AS	1	1	3	20	38	1	20	1
AT	12	1	1	20	37	1	20	1
AU	19	1	14	20	21	22	20	1
AV	1	1	3	20	1	1	20	1
AW	4	23	1	20	11	1	20	27
AX	31	1	1	20	38	1	20	1
AY	31	1	24	20	38	1	20	1
AZ	1	31	1	20	12	1	20	1
BA	13	1	1	20	1	1	20	1
BB	31	1	43	20	43	1	20	43
BC	45	1	43	20	37	1	20	27
BD	31	31	8	20	26	1	20	1
BE	4	1	14	20	26	1	20	1
BF	13	1	1	20	11	1	20	1

Epidemic wave: 2022-2023

	PB2	PB1	PA	HA	NP	NA	MP	NS
C	1	1	1	20	1	1	20	1
I	25	14	25	20	26	13	20	28
AB	31	1	3	20	38	1	20	1
AF	12	6	1	20	50	1	20	29
BB	31	1	43	20	43	1	20	43
CA	31	1	3	20	16	1	16	1
CB	32	1	3	20	38	1	20	1
CC	12	1	8	20	38	1	20	1
CD	31	1	3	20	37	1	20	29
CE	44	1	3	20	38	1	20	1
CF	31	1	3	20	15	1	20	1
CG	4	1	3	20	26	1	20	1
CH	31	1	3	20	26	1	20	1
CJ	10	1	12	20	38	1	20	1
CJ	46	6	32	20	26	22	47	1
CK	4	1	3	20	38	1	20	1
CL	31	1	48	20	38	1	20	1
CM	31	49	3	20	38	1	20	1
CN	31	31	3	20	26	1	20	1
CP	31	31	3	20	38	1	20	1
CQ	31	1	3	20	37	1	20	1
CR	31	1	3	20	38	1	20	28
CS	34	1	3	20	38	1	20	51
CU	xxxx	29	xxxx	20	37	1	20	27

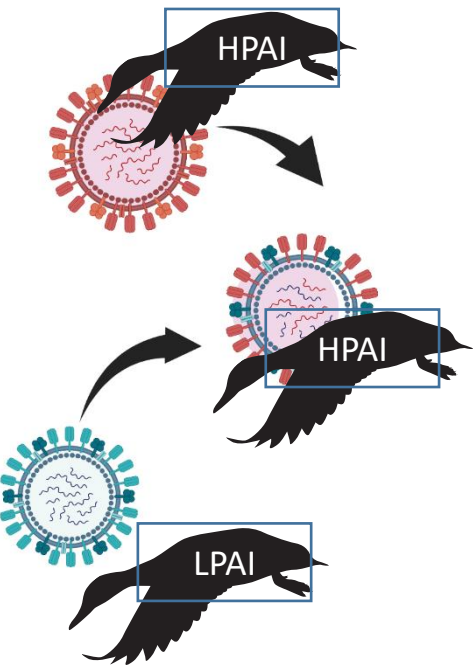
Epidemic wave: 2023-2024

	PB2	PB1	PA	HA	NP	NA	MP	NS
AB	31	1	3	20	38	1	20	1
AF	12	6	1	20	50	1	20	29
BB	31	1	43	20	43	1	20	43
CH	31	1	3	20	26	1	20	1
CK	4	1	3	20	38	1	20	1
I	25	14	25	20	26	13	20	28
DA	4	52	3	20	38	1	20	27
DB	31	53	3	20	38	1	20	1
DC	41	53	32	20	36	1	20	1
DD	41	1	3	20	26	1	20	56
DE	41	53	3	20	26	1	20	56
DF	4	52	3	20	50	1	20	27
DG	57	1	14	20	38	1	20	1
DH	4	52	3	20	11	1	20	27
DI	14	14	3	20	38	1	20	27
DJ	31	52	3	20	26	1	20	58
DK	4	1	12	20	26	1	20	1
DL	31	1	1	20	38	1	20	1
DM	31	52	3	20	11	1	20	27
DN	4	60	3	20	26	1	20	27
DO	57	1	14	20	26	1	20	1
DP	31	1	65	20	26	1	20	1
DQ	31	1	14	20	38	1	20	1
DR	57	53	3	20	16	1	20	27
DS	57	53	3	20	16	66	20	27
DT	31	43	43	20	43	1	20	43

AB (H5N1-A/duck/Saratov/29-02V/2021-like)	EPI_ISL_5463797
AF (H5N1-A/chicken/Italy/IZSLT-122448_21VIR9218-1/2021-like)	EPI_ISL_7733644
BB (H5N1-A/Herring_gull/France/22P015977/2022-like)	EPI_ISL_13519451
CH (H5N1-A/Eurasian_Wigeon/Netherlands/3/2022-like)	EPI_ISL_15925882
CK (H5N1 A/Cormorants/Sweden/SVA2401025Z0114/FB00004/M-2023-like)	EPI_ISL_18815224
I (H5N5-A/whooper_swan/Romania/10123_21VIR849-1/2021-like)	EPI_ISL_1665268
DA (H5N1-A/mute_swan/Slovenia/PER1486-23TA_23VIR10323-22/2023-like)	EPI_ISL_18612233
DB (H5N1- A/herring_gull/Germany-NI/2023AI08764/2023-like)	EPI_ISL_18526630
DC (H5N1-A/Common_Buzzard/Netherlands/23023642-002/2023-like)	EPI_ISL_18506031
DD (H5N1-A/Pheasant/England/113705/2023-like)	EPI_ISL_18538399
DE (H5N1-A/Chicken/Scotland/114176/2023-like)	EPI_ISL_18538402
DF (H5N1_A/hens/Bulgaria/309_24VIR2991-20/2024-like)	\
DG (H5N1-A/Gallus_gallus/Belgium/11307_0002/2023-like)	EPI_ISL_18607170
DH (H5N1-A/teal/Italy/23VIR11492-4/2023-like)	EPI_ISL_18812084
DI (H5N1-A/mute_swan/Poland/MB008-1/2024-like)	EPI_ISL_18787976
DJ (H5N1 A/Barnacle_Goose/Netherlands/24000825-002/2024-like)	EPI_ISL_18918831
DK (H5N1-A/barnacle_goose/Denmark/09539-1.02/2023-like)	\
DL (H5N1-A/Chicken/England/005435/2024-like)	EPI_ISL_18927384
DM (H5N1-A/cygnus-olor/Romania/16868_24VIR1002-1/2023-like)	EPI_ISL_18956171
DN (H5N1-A/peregrine-falcon/Cyprus/24VIR1053/2024-like)	EPI_ISL_18956184
DO (H5N1 A/fox/Germany-BW/2024AI00417/2024-like)	EPI_ISL_18937337
DP (H5N1 A/turkey/Poland/H40-T2/2024-like)	EPI_ISL_19033547
DQ (H5N1_A/chicken/Germany-MV/2024AI00860/2024-like)	EPI_ISL_19014079
DR (H5N1_A/Red_Knot/Germany-SH/2024AI01285/2024-like)	EPI_ISL_19014084
DS (H5N8_A/Red_Knot/Germany-SH/2024AI01485/2024-like)	EPI_ISL_19030161
DT (H5N1-A/gul/Spain/5061-23_24VIR4860-8/2023-like)	EPI_ISL_19207490

Europe: Evolution of H5 clade 2.3.4.4b reassortants

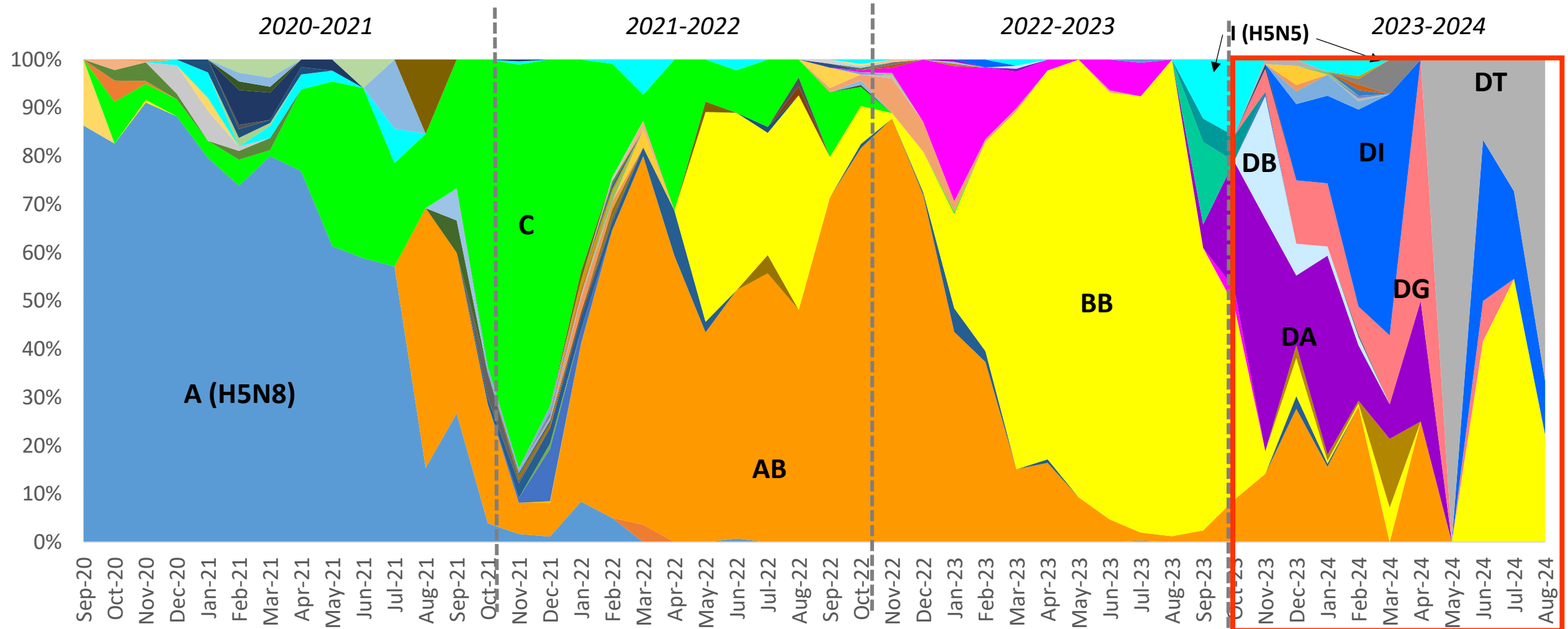
Epidemic wave: 2023-2024



	PB2	PB1	PA	HA	NP	NA	MP	NS
AB	31	1	3	20	38	1	20	1
AF	12	6	1	20	50	1	20	29
BB	31	1	43	20	43	1	20	43
CH	31	1	3	20	26	1	20	1
CK	4	1	3	20	38	1	20	1
I	25	14	25	20	26	13	20	28
DA	4	52	3	20	38	1	20	27
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DL	31	1	1	20	38	1	20	1
DM	31	52	3	20	11	1	20	27
DN	4	60	3	20	26	1	20	27
DO	57	1	14	20	26	1	20	1
DP	31	1	65	20	26	1	20	1
DQ	31	1	14	20	38	1	20	1
DR	57	53	3	20	16	1	20	27
DS	57	53	3	20	16	66	20	27
DT	31	43	43	20	43	1	20	43




~ 650 complete genomes
 from 25 distinct countries in the European region
26 distinct genotypes



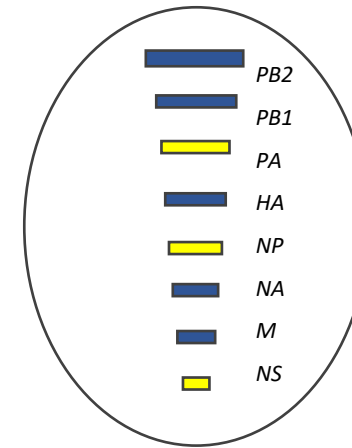
>93% of the characterized viruses during the 2023-2024 epidemiological year belong to **eight** major genotypes:

- 3 genotypes persistently circulating in Europe from previous epidemiological years (**AB, BB, I**)
- 5 new genotypes, which emerged in 2023-2024 from reassortment events (**DA, DI, DG, DB, DT**)

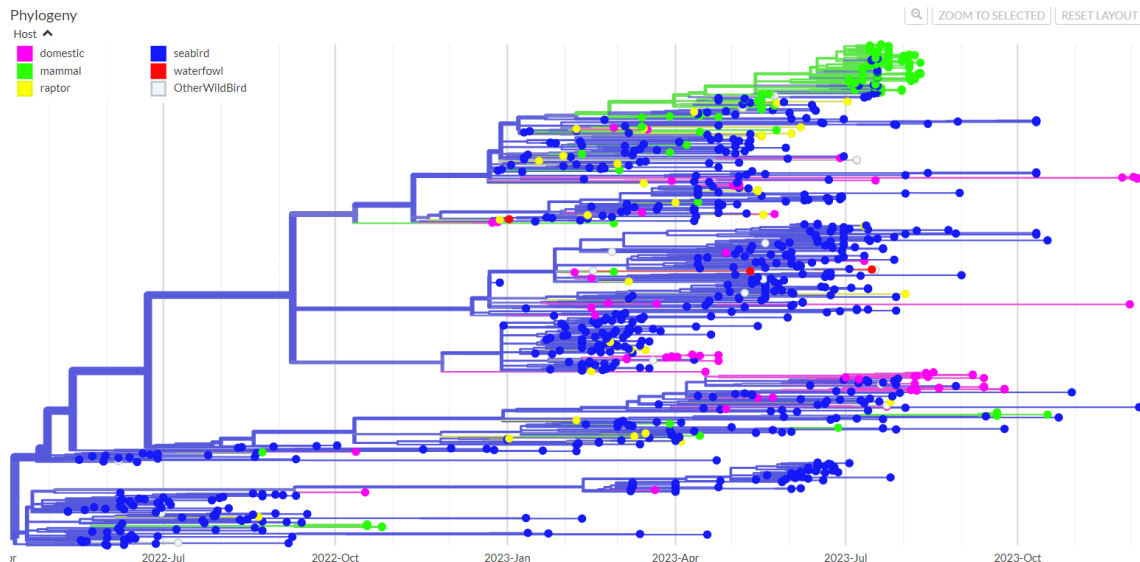


Why is it so crucial to understand the
genotype of circulating viruses?

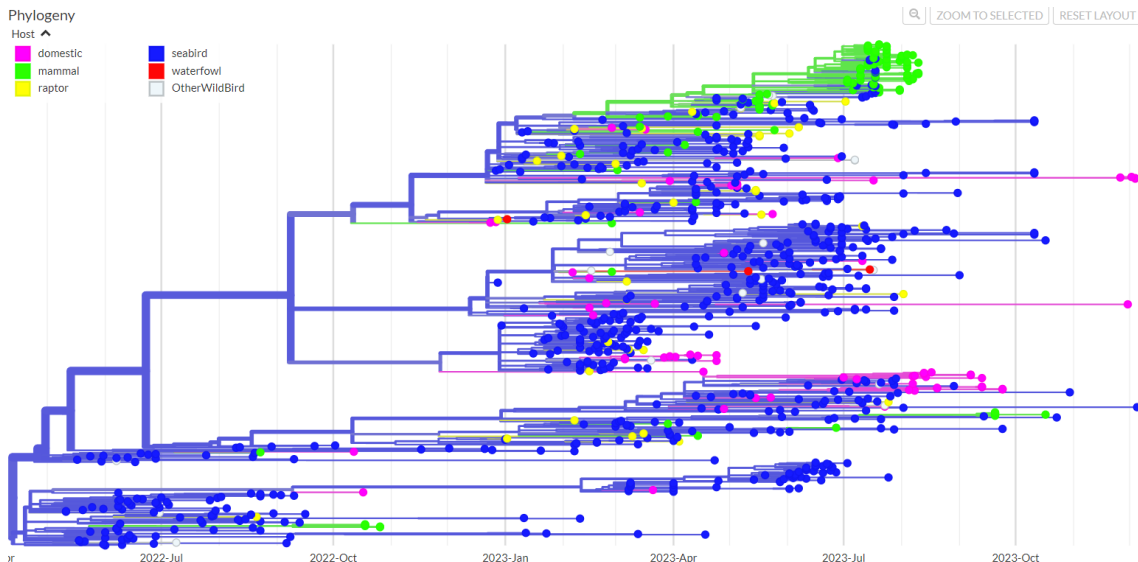
- Emerged from reassortment with A(H13) LPAI viruses, a subtype primarily found in gulls, in spring 2022.
- Circulated extensively among **Laridae** in Europe from February to September 2023.
- Genotype EA-2022-BB was responsible of all the outbreaks reported in fur farms in Europe in 2022–2023 (Spain and Finland).



EA-2022-BB



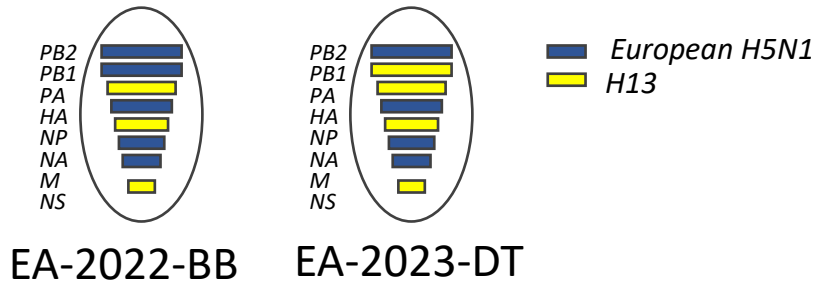
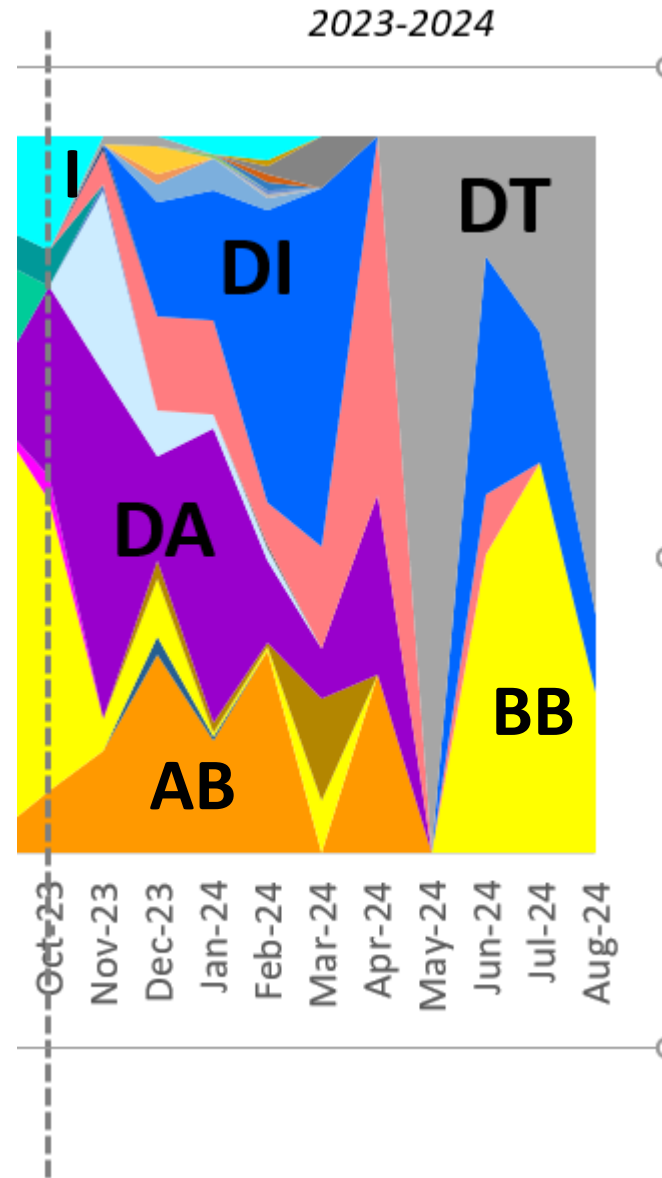
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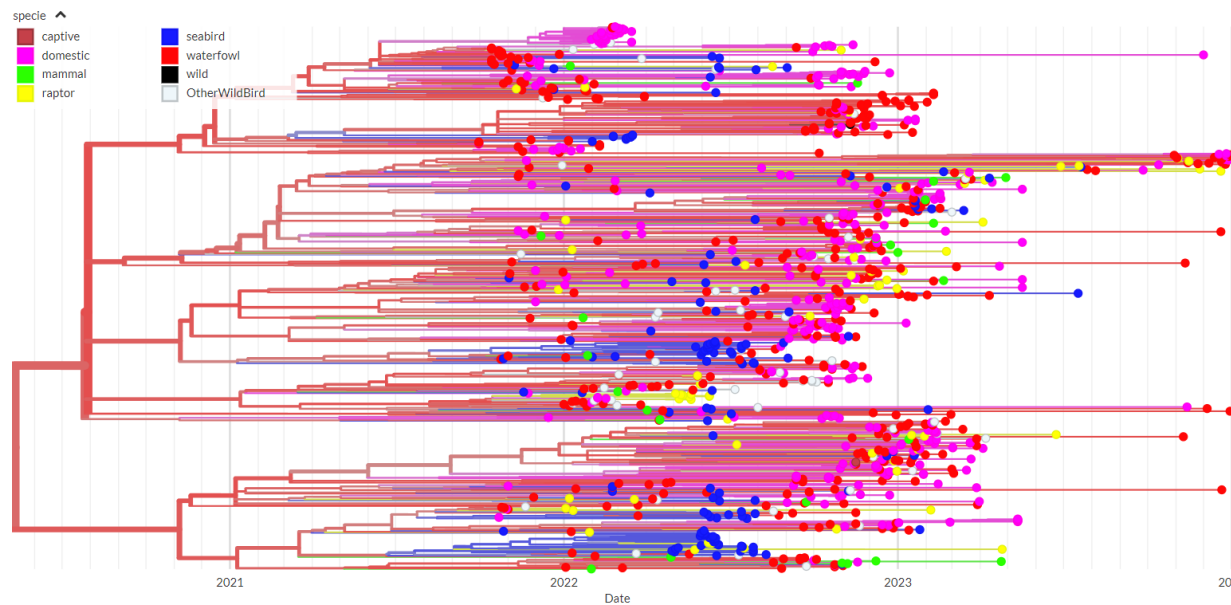
From Nextstrain <https://nextstrain.org/avian-flu/h5n1/ha/2y>



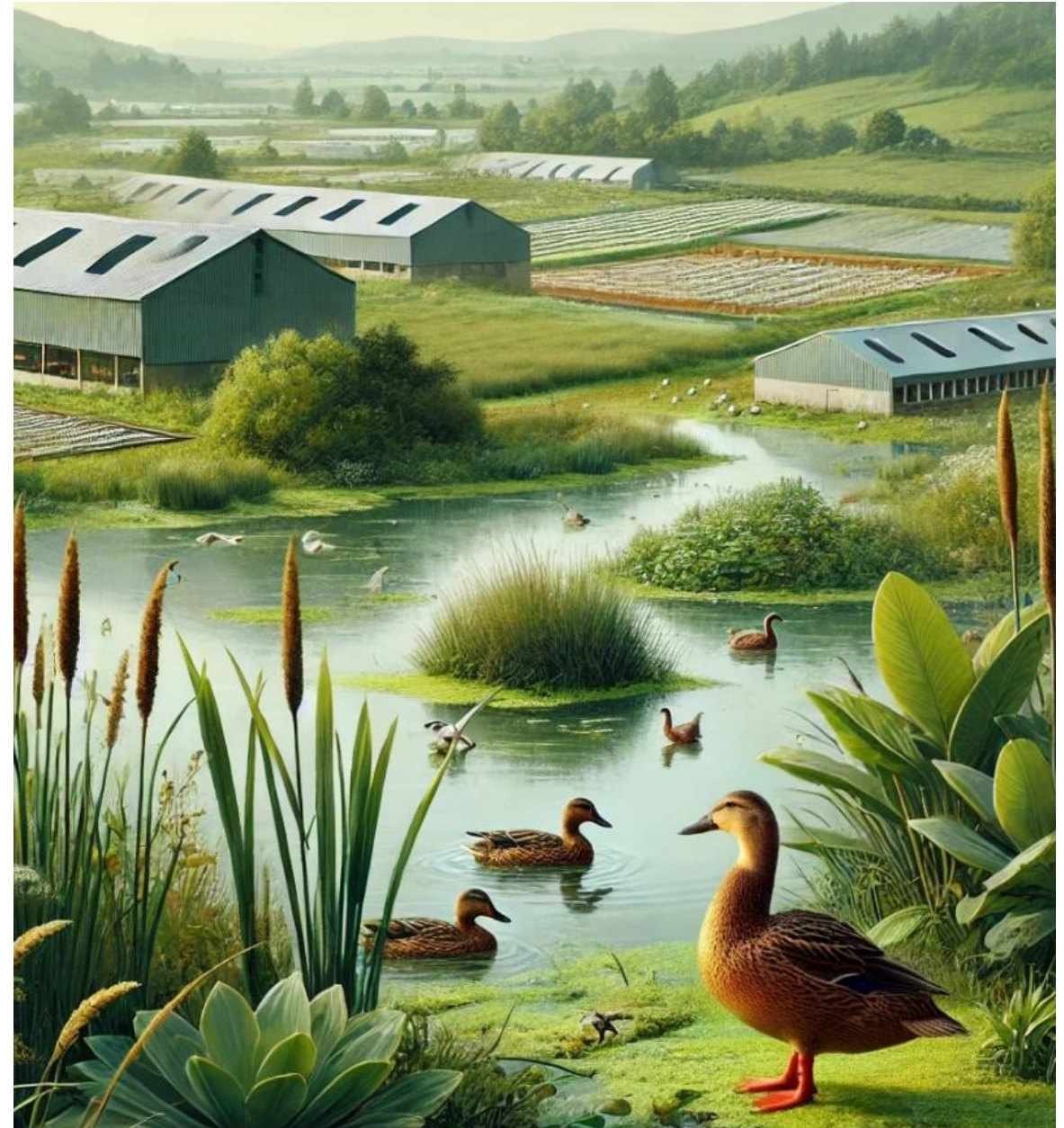
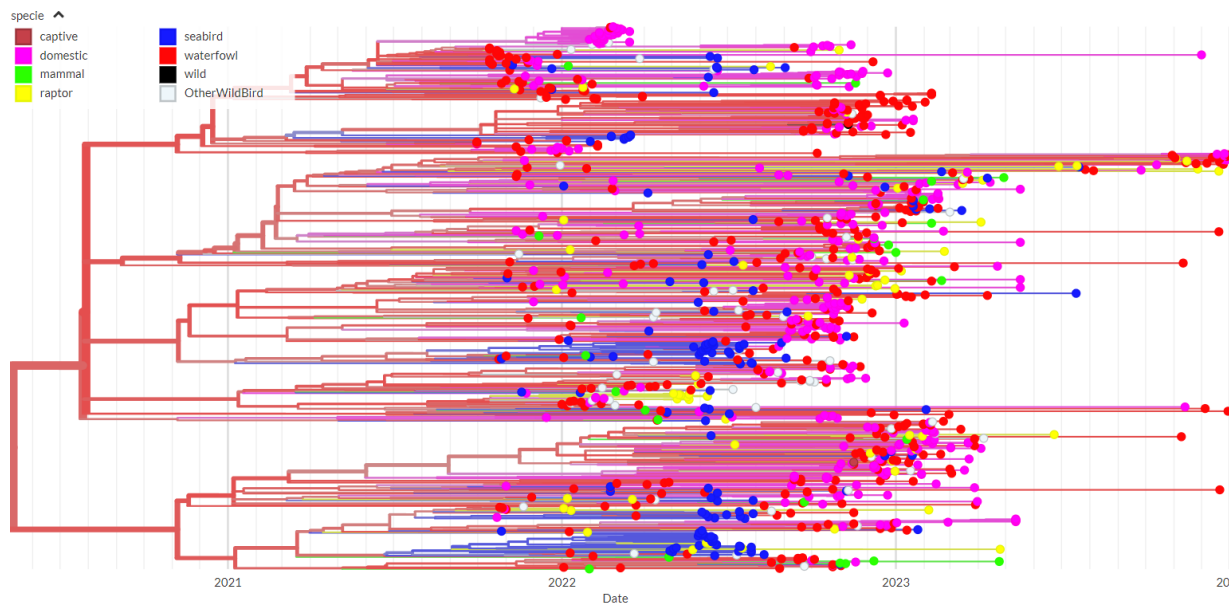
- It has only been detected at low level in the first months of the current epidemiological year. However, **since June 2024, a rapid increase of the frequency** of the EA-2022-BB genotype has been observed along the **northwestern continental coast** of Europe, with most cases detected among Laridae.
- A novel genotype (**EA-2023-DT**) originating from a reassortment event of the PB1 gene between the EA-2022-BB and a gull-adapted H13 subtype has been circulating among *Laridae* and *Sulidae* in Spain since November 2023 and has been identified during the summer season also in Portugal.



- It was identified for the first time in September 2021 in the Russian Federation.
- In 2022 became the most frequent and widespread genotype in the European region.
- Primarily found in waterfowl (Anseriformes), was responsible of multiple outbreaks in domestic birds

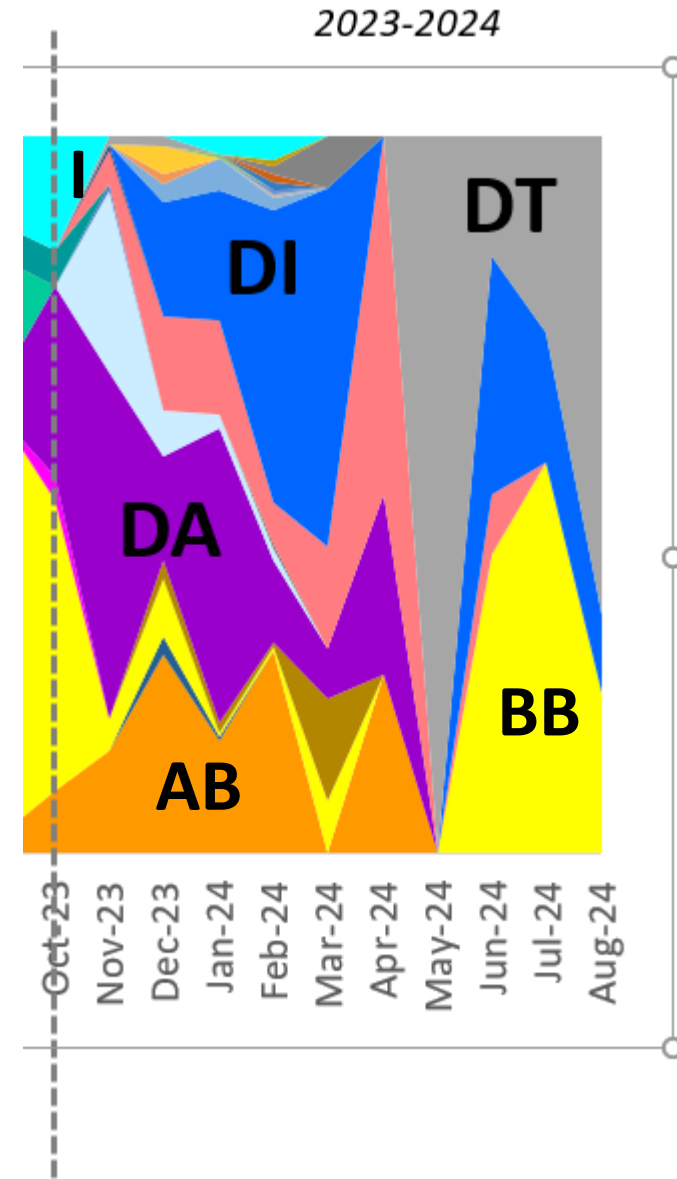


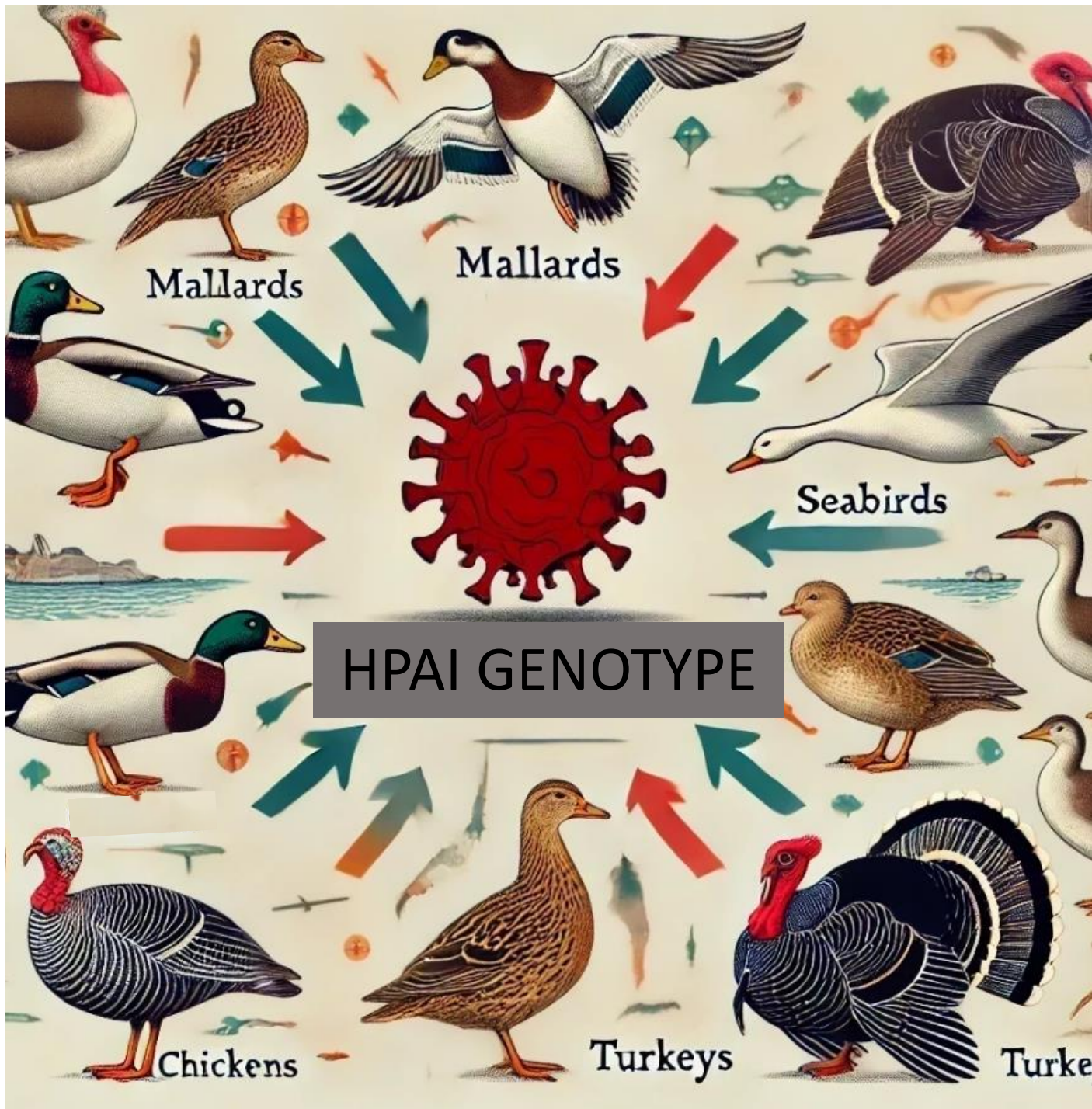
- It was identified for the first time in September 2021 in the Russian Federation.
- In 2022 became the most frequent and widespread genotype in the European region.
- Primarily found in waterfowl (Anseriformes), was responsible of multiple outbreaks in domestic birds



Temporal trend: EA-2022-AB (2023-2024)

Genotype AB was identified in Europe during the autumn and winter months, and its frequency progressively decreased until it disappeared by summer. This temporal trend was also observed in previous epidemic waves.

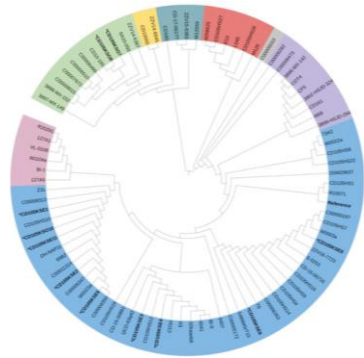




Genotype
adaptation to a
specific host affects
viral spread in both
time and space

Genotype prediction tool

Definition of genotypes by experts through manual data curation

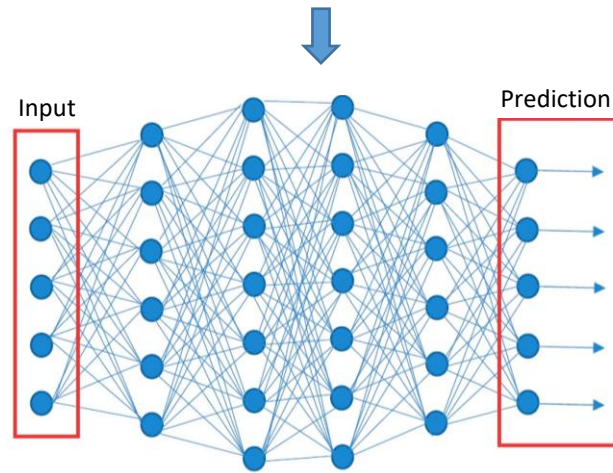


dataset

Machine learning



DATASET

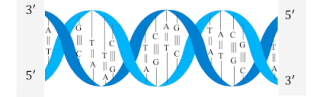


model

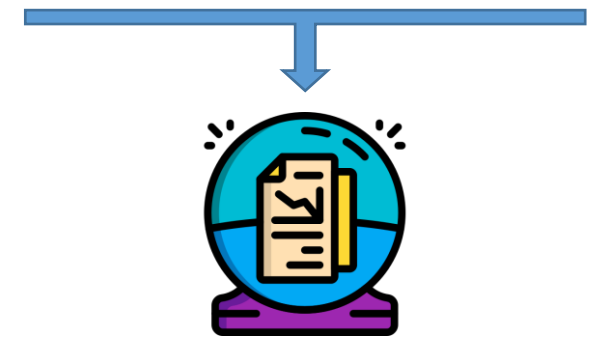
Prediction tool



MODEL



NEW DATA

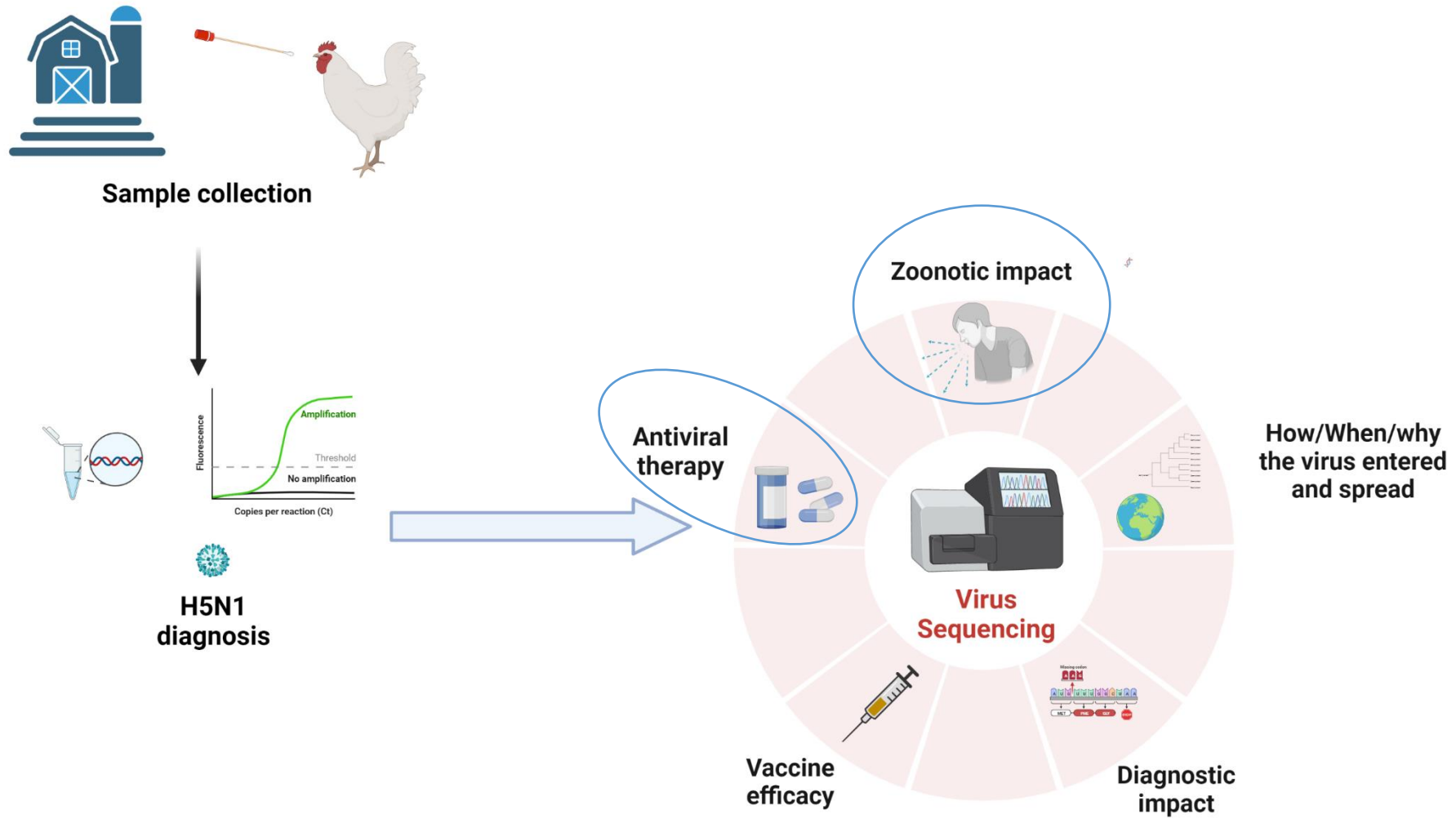


PREDICTION

Genotype definition on novel data in an automatic fashion

Performances: **97%** of new data correctly assigned, novel genotypes (i.e. not present in the dataset) recognized
Soon available for downloading on **github**

The benefits of genomic surveillance

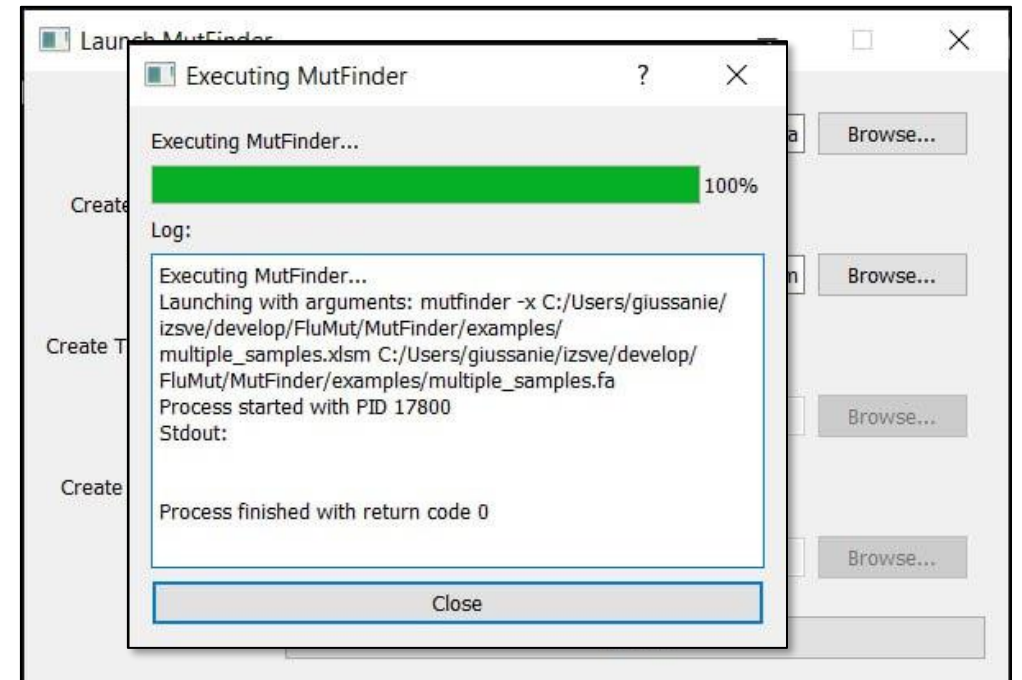
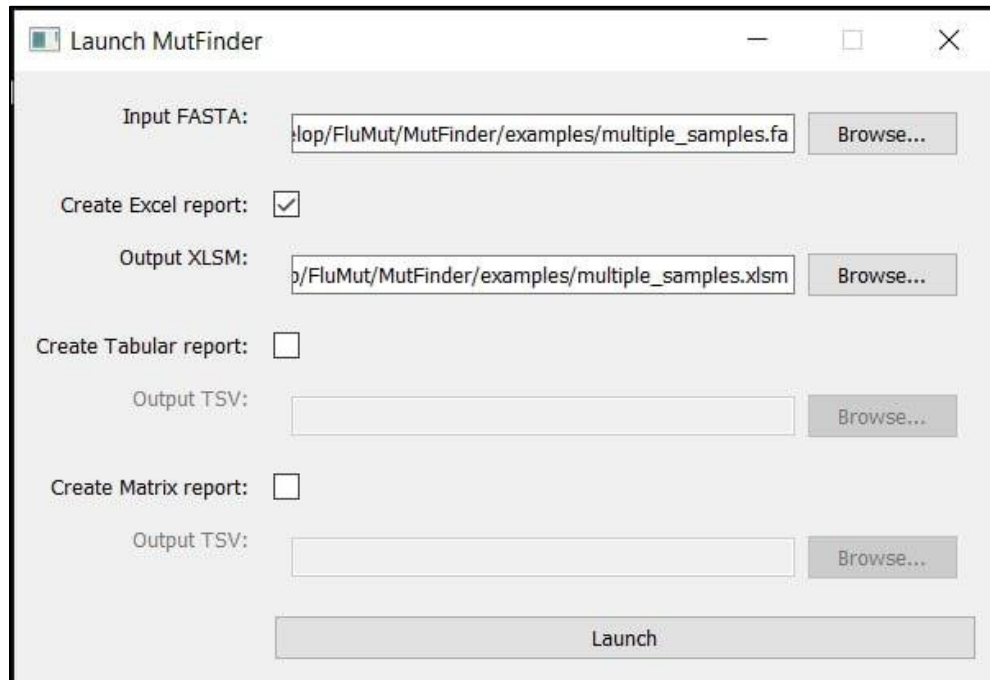


**NUCLEOTIDE
SEQUENCES**

**Development of a new molecular tool
to automatically identify in the AIV
genomes determinants involved in
the crossing of the host species
barrier (avian-mammals) (available in
Github)**



MARKERS OF INTEREST



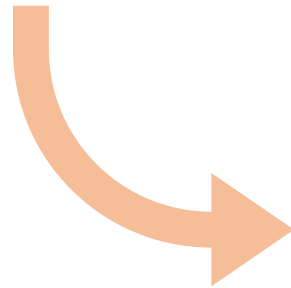
More information:

<https://github.com/izsvenezie-virology/FluMut>



Curated and customizable database

- Molecular marker definitions
- Phenotypic effects
- Bibliography & literature references



MARKERS OF INTEREST

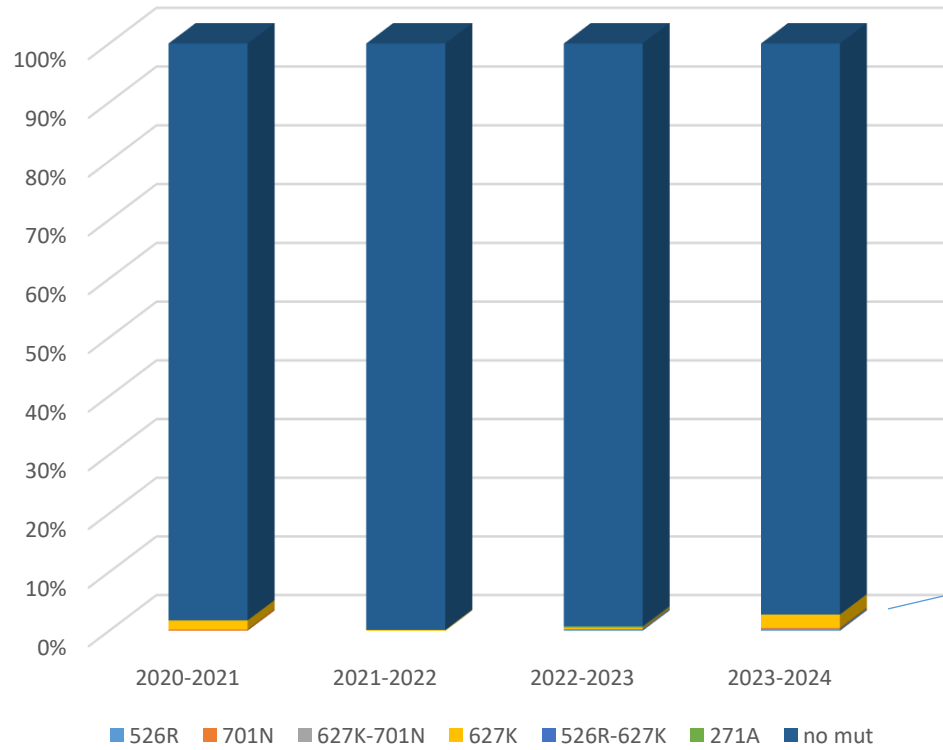
- Zoonotic potential
- Virulence alterations in host categories
- Resistance alterations to antiviral drugs

More information:

<https://github.com/izsvenezie-virology/FluMut>

Sample	Marker	Mutations in your sample	Effect	Subtype	Literature
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	M1:N30D	M1:N30D	Increased virulence in mice	H5N1	Fan S. et al., 2009; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	M1:T215A	M1:T215A	Increased virulence in mice	H5N1	Fan S. et al., 2009; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	M1:I43M	M1:I43M	Increased virulence in chickens	H5N1	Nao N. et al., 2015; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	M1:I43M	M1:I43M	Increased virulence in ducks	H5N1	Nao N. et al., 2015; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	M1:I43M	M1:I43M	Increased virulence in mice	H5N1	Nao N. et al., 2015; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	NS-1:P42S	NS-1:P42S	Decreased antiviral response in mice	H5N1	Jiao P. et al., 2008; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	NS-1:P42S	NS-1:P42S	Increased virulence in mice	H5N1	Jiao P. et al., 2008; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	NS-1:I106M	NS-1:I106M	Increased viral replication in mammalian cells	H1N1 with all internal genes from H7N9	Ayllon J. et al., 2014; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	NS-1:I106M	NS-1:I106M	Increased virulence in mice	H1N1 with all internal genes from H7N9	Ayllon J. et al., 2014; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	NS-1:C138F	NS-1:C138F	Decreased interferon response	H5N1	Li J. et al., 2018; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	NS-1:C138F	NS-1:C138F	Increased viral replication in mammalian cells	H5N1	Li J. et al., 2018; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	NS-1:V149A	NS-1:V149A	Decreased interferon response in chickens	H5N1	Li Z. et al., 2006; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	NS-1:V149A	NS-1:V149A	Increased virulence in chickens	H5N1	Li Z. et al., 2006; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	NS-1:L103F,NS-1:I106M	NS-1:L103F,NS-1:I106M	Increased virulence in mice	H5N1	Kuo R. et al., 2009; Spesock A. et al., 2011; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	NS-1:N205S,NS-2:T48A	NS-1:N205S,NS-2:T48A	Decreased antiviral response in ferrets	H5N1	Imai H. et al., 2010; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	NS-1:C138F,NS-1:K55E,NS-1:K66E	NS-1:C138F,NS-1:K55E,NS-1:K66E	Decreased interferon response	H5N1	Li J. et al., 2018; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	NS-1:C138F,NS-1:K55E,NS-1:K66E	NS-1:C138F,NS-1:K55E,NS-1:K66E	Enhanced replication in mammalian cells	H5N1	Li J. et al., 2018; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	NP:M105V	NP:M105V	Increased virulence in chickens	H5N1	Suttie A. et al., 2019; Tada T. et al., 2011; Tada T. et al., 2011b
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	NP:A184K	NP:A184K	Enhanced interferon response	H5N1	Suttie A. et al., 2019; Wasilenko J. et al., 2009
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	NP:A184K	NP:A184K	Increased replication in avian cells	H5N1	Suttie A. et al., 2019; Wasilenko J. et al., 2009
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	NP:A184K	NP:A184K	Increased virulence in chickens	H5N1	Suttie A. et al., 2019; Wasilenko J. et al., 2009
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	PB2:V598T	PB2:V598T	Increased polymerase activity in mammalian cells	H7N9	Hu M. et al., 2017b; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	PB2:V598T	PB2:V598T	Increased replication in mammalian cells	H7N9	Hu M. et al., 2017b; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	PB2:V598T	PB2:V598T	Increased virulence in mice	H7N9	Hu M. et al., 2017b; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	PB2:K627E	PB2:K627E	Increased virulence in chickens	H5N1	Schat K. et al., 2012; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	PB2:S715N	PB2:S715N	Decreased virulence in mice	H5N1	Sun H. et al., 2015; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	PB2:L89V,PB2:G309D	PB2:L89V,PB2:G309D	Increased polymerase activity in mammalian cells	H5N1	Li J. et al., 2009; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	PB2:L89V,PB2:G309D	PB2:L89V,PB2:G309D	Increased virulence in mice	H5N1	Li J. et al., 2009; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	PB2:L89V,PB2:G309D,PB2:T339K,PB2:V598T	PB2:L89V,PB2:G309D,PB2:T339K,PB2:V598T	Increased polymerase activity in mammalian cells	H5N1	Li J. et al., 2009; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	PB2:L89V,PB2:G309D,PB2:T339K,PB2:V598T	PB2:L89V,PB2:G309D,PB2:T339K,PB2:V598T	Increased virulence in mice	H5N1	Li J. et al., 2009; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	PB1:D3V	PB1:D3V	Increased polymerase activity in avian cells	H5N1	Elgendy E. et al., 2017; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	PB1:D3V	PB1:D3V	Increased polymerase activity in mammalian cells	H5N1	Elgendy E. et al., 2017; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	PB1:D3V	PB1:D3V	Increased replication in avian cells	H5N1	Elgendy E. et al., 2017; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	PB1:D3V	PB1:D3V	Increased replication in mammalian cells	H5N1	Elgendy E. et al., 2017; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	PB1:D622G	PB1:D622G	Increased polymerase activity in mice	H5N1	Feng X. et al., 2016; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	PB1:D622G	PB1:D622G	Increased virulence in mice	H5N1	Feng X. et al., 2016; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	PB1-F2:N66S	PB1-F2:N66S	Enhanced antiviral response in mice	H5N1	Conenello G. et al., 2007; Schmolke M. et al., 2011; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	PB1-F2:N66S	PB1-F2:N66S	Enhanced replication in mice	H5N1	Conenello G. et al., 2007; Schmolke M. et al., 2011; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	PB1-F2:N66S	PB1-F2:N66S	Enhanced virulence in mice	H5N1	Conenello G. et al., 2007; Schmolke M. et al., 2011; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	PA:S37A	PA:S37A	Increased polymerase activity in mammalian cells	H7N9	Suttie A. et al., 2019; Yamayoshi S. et al., 2014
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	PA:P190S	PA:P190S	Decreased virulence in mice	H7N3	DesRochers B. et al., 2016; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	PA:N383D	PA:N383D	Increased polymerase activity in avian cells	H5N1	Song J. et al., 2011; Song J. et al., 2015; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	PA:N383D	PA:N383D	Increased polymerase activity in mammalian cells	H5N1	Song J. et al., 2011; Song J. et al., 2015; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	PA:Q400P	PA:Q400P	Decreased virulence in mice	H7N3	DesRochers B. et al., 2016; Suttie A. et al., 2019
A/chicken/Italy/21VIR10264/2021_H5N1_2021-11-28	PA:N409S	PA:N409S	Increased polymerase activity in mammalian cells	H7N9	Suttie A. et al., 2019; Yamayoshi S. et al., 2014

Temporal trends: Markers of adaptation in PB2 gene in avian species



☆ = Wild birds, PB2-E627K

■ = I genotype (H5N5)

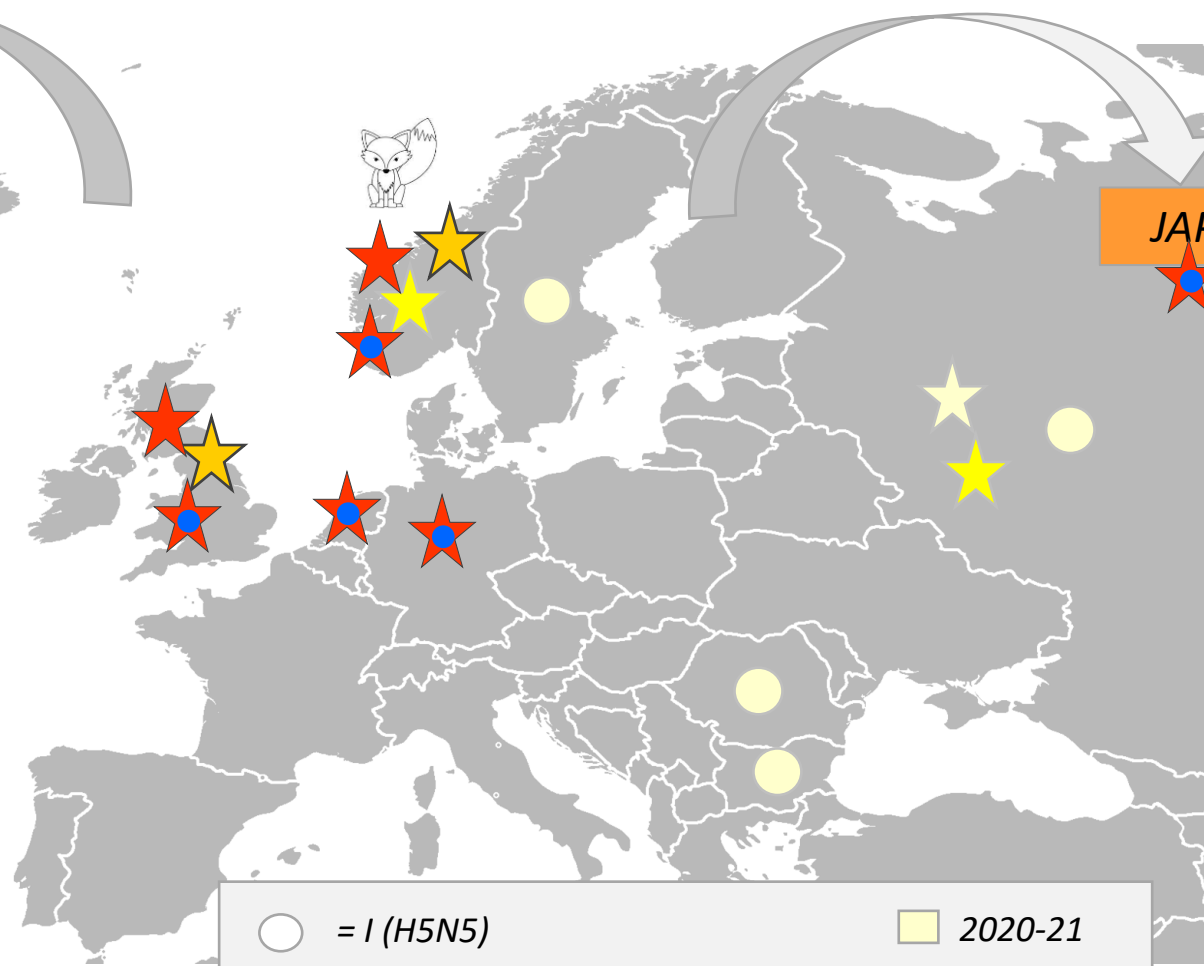
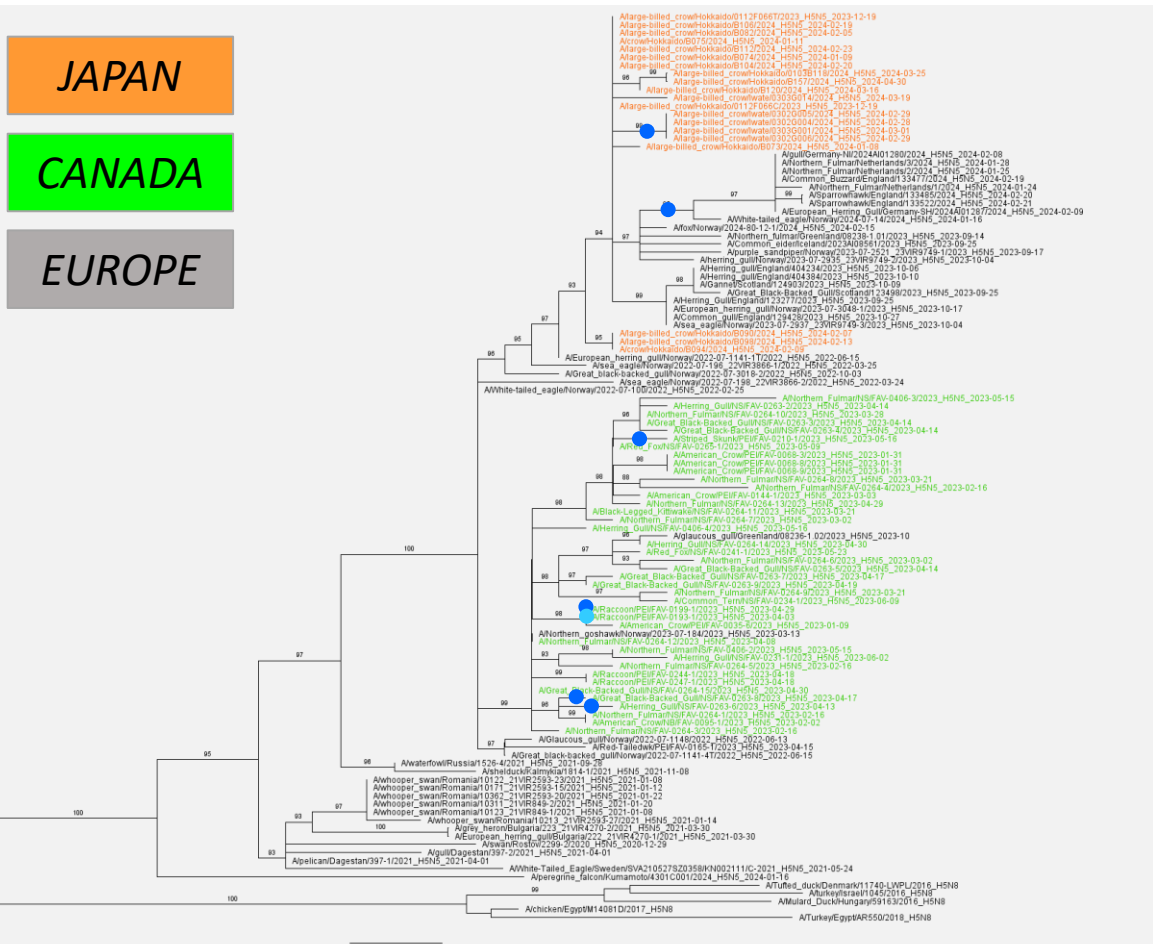
Evolution and spread of genotype EA-2021-I A(H5N5)

HA phylogeny

JAPAN

CANADA

EUROPE

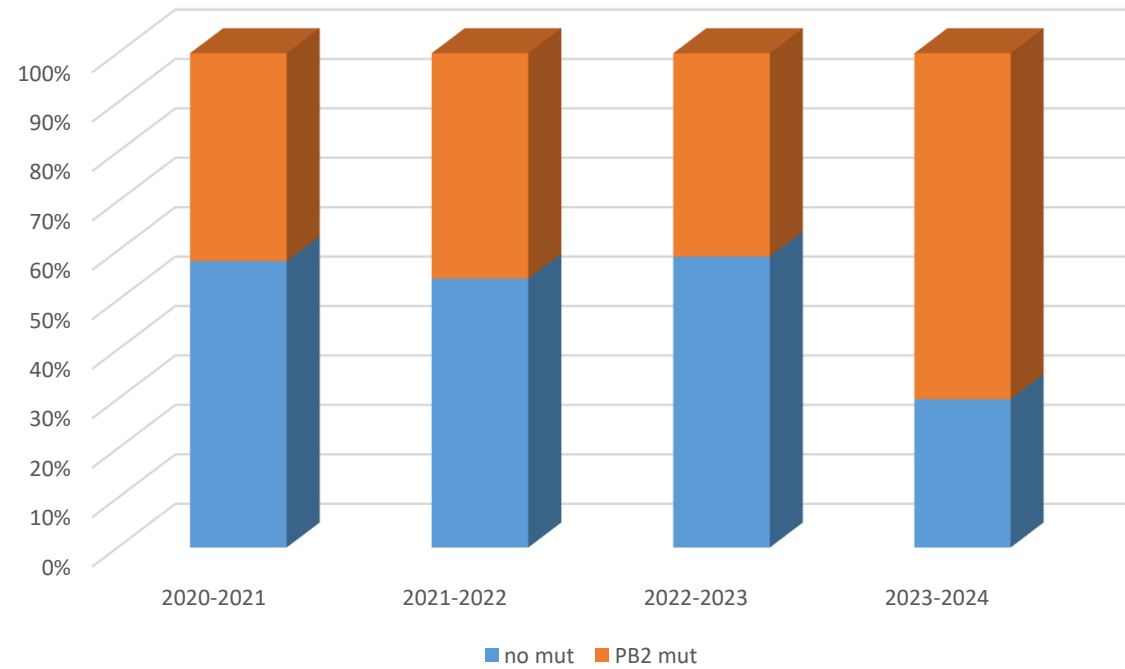


- = I (H5N5)
- ☆ = I (H5N5) – NA stalk deletion
- = PB2-E627K
- = PB2-T271A
- (light yellow) = 2020-21
- (yellow) = 2021-22
- (orange) = 2022-23
- (red) = 2023-24

JAPAN

CANADA

Temporal trends: Markers of adaptation in PB2 gene in mammals



Take home messages

- Genetic data are instrumental **to track the virus spread and identify novel incursions** of viruses which may represent a threat for human or animal health.
- Real time genome surveillance is essential also to promptly **identify viruses with mutations that can increase their zoonotic potential.**
- Laboratories must be equipped with or have **access to genetic sequencing platforms.**
- The **timely sharing** of genetic sequences and epidemiological data is essential for coordinating response measures and improving predictive capacity at the regional and global levels.

Guidance for genomic monitoring of AIV can be found here: <https://www.izsvenezie.com/documents/reference-laboratories/avian-influenza/useful-resources/guidance-representative-genomic-avian-influenza-virus.pdf>



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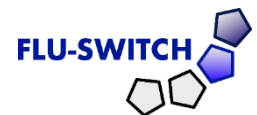
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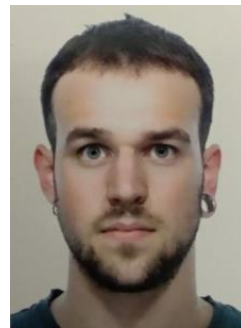
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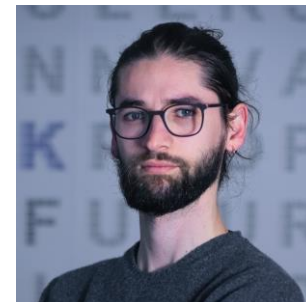
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*Thank you
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