

## Protection of animals at slaughter/killing "European Union perspective"

WOAH Regional Workshop on Animal Welfare during Slaughter 11 - 13 February 2025 Tirana, Albania

Ester Aláez Pons Animal Welfare, SANTE G3 European Commission

## More than 40 years of legislation on animal welfare

#### Article 12 ins Article 153(3) TBC

Consumer protection requirements shall be taken into account in defining and implementing other Union policies and activities.

#### Article 11

In formulating and implementing the Union's agriculture, follories, transport, internal market, necessful and technological development and space policies, the Union and the Member States shall, since animals are <u>services beings</u>, pay full regards to the welface requirements of animals, while respecting the legislative or administrative provisions and customs of the Member States relative in particular to relivious cries, cultural traditions and regional heritage.



Article 13 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the EU

Recognises animals as sentient beings



5 Directives on welfare of animals kept in farms

- General requirements for all animals
  - Laying hens
    - Calves
    - Pigs
  - Chickens for meat production

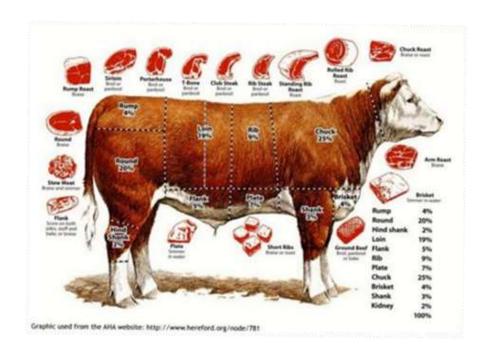


Regulations on welfare

- Animal transport (under revision)
  - Killing of animals
- Proposal of Regulation on welfare of dogs and cats



- Aims to minimise the pain and suffering of animals through the use of properly approved stunning methods.
- Applies to farmed animals, including fish, fur and day-old chicks
- Covers slaughter, emergency killing and depopulation
- Out of scope:
  - scientific experiments
  - hunting, recreational fishing
  - cultural or sporting events
  - poultry, rabbits and hares for private domestic consumption





- General requirements
- Stunning
- Authorised stunning methods and parameters
- Check on stunning
- Standard operating procedures
- Animal welfare officer
- Staff competence in slaughterhouses (certificate)
- Instructions for stunning/restraining equipment





#### Specific rules for slaughterhouses

- Rules for the construction and equipment (Lairage, restraining equipment, stunning equipment)
- Operational rules (Arrival, handling, lairage, restraining and bleeding of animals)
- Monitoring procedure to check stunning
- Animal welfare officer

### Specific rules outside slaughterhouses

- Depopulation
- Emergency killing



#### Imports of meat from third countries

- Requirement for at least equivalent requirements to those of the EU
- Reference to WOAH standards (when assessing equivalency)
- Part of the import health certificate accompanying imported meat (attestation in health certificate)



## Stunning requirements

- Animals shall only be killed after stunning (exceptions fish and religious rites)
- Monitoring procedures
- Authorised methods
  - Species, uses, key parameters
  - Specific requirements for certain methods
    - minimum current parameters for electric methods,
    - minimum concentration of gases,
    - level of reduction of atmospheric pressure,
    - time of exposure

#### SOP **Monitoring procedure**

- Name of the persons responsible for the
- · Indicators designed to detect signs of unconsciousness and consciousness or sensibility in the animals;
- Indicators designed to detect the absence of signs of life in animals slaughtered without
- Criteria for determining whether the results shown by the indicators are satisfactory;
- · Circumstances and/or the time when the monitoring must take place;
- Number of animals in each sample to be checked during the monitoring;
- · Appropriate procedures to ensure that in the event failure to meet the specified criteria, the stunning or killing operations are reviewed in order to identify the causes of any shortcomings and necessary changes to be made to those operations.



## Animal Welfare Officer (AWO)



Each slaughterhouse shall **appoint** an Animal Welfare Officer.

**Derogation** for **small slaughterhouses** (<1000 LU of mammals or <150000 birds or rabbits/year).

**Certificate of competence** for all the operations in the slaughterhouse.

**Contact point** for the competent authorities. Does not replace the official inspection.

Assists the slaughterhouse management in **translating AW obligations into practice** 

Coordinates and follows up on the **implementation of** the animal welfare **SOPs** 

Ensure **SOPs are known and understood** by the relevant personnel

Have **authority** to direct the operators to implement any actions

The responsibility for the implementation of relevant EU legislation lies with the business operator.



## Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs)



- Business operators shall draw up and implement standard operating procedures describing the killing and related operations.
- SOPs should be adapted to each individual slaughterhouse.
- Guides of good practices from business operators are encouraged (help drafting SOPs).

#### Examples of **elements** covered by SOPs:

- 1) Management of the slaughter operations (pre-stunning, restraining, stunning and bleeding)
- 2) Stunning procedures
- -Key stunning parameters (manufacturer instructions)
- -Back-up method
- 3) Monitoring procedures
- -monitoring the efficiency of the stunning equipment
- -checks on stunning (indicators, frequency, sampling)
- -checks on slaughter without prior stunning
- -measures in case of failure
- -check on equipment maintenance records
- 4) Maintenance and use of restraining and stunning equipment Depopulation procedures
- 5) Emergency killing



### EFSA scientfic opinions



- Welfare at killing for purposes other than slaughter poultry, rabbits, cattle, pigs (2019, 2020), small ruminants (2024) and horses (2025)
- Welfare al slaughter of poultry, pigs, cattle (2019, 2020) and stunning methods and slaughter of rabbits for human consumption (2020) and horses (2025)
- Past opinions on seabass, seabream, carp and rainbow trout (2009)

#### Two requests for EFSA opinion for new stunning methods

- Use of high-expansion foam for stunning and killing pigs and poultry (2024)
- Use of diathermic Syncope for stunning cattle (ongoing)

## Pigstun

- EFSA concluded CO2 at concentrations above 30% is:
  - aversive and causes irritation of the mucous membranes.
  - likely to be painful and elicits hyperventilation and gasping before loss of consciousness.
- Preparatory action on non-aversive stunning methods for pigs
  - Objective: to encourage EU pig slaughterhouses using high carbon dioxide concentration for stunning pigs, to convert to more animal welfare friendly systems
  - Explore promising alternatives.
    - Three alternatives involving gas stunning
    - One alternative improving electrical stunning process

Outcome: 2025



## Supporting material

- 11 factsheets on the protection of animals at slaughter and on farm killing (available in 22 EU languages)
  - How to handle and restrain, stun and stun/kill on-farm (cattle, sheep and goats, pigs, poultry and rabbits).
- Brochure on Animal welfare officer





### Other activities to promote animal welfare

#### **EU Reference Centres**





www.eurcaw-pigs.eu



www.eurcaw-ruminants-equines.eu

www.eurcaw-poultry-sfa.eu



https://www.eurcaw-aqua.eu



Designated under **Regulation** (EC) 2017/625 on **official controls**.



**Support** EU Member States and the EU Commission with **technical expertise** related to the welfare of animals at farm, during transport and at slaughter/killing.



**Focus on the enforcement** of EU rules to assist the competent authorities in performing better official controls.



Help in developing **tools** and **animal-based indicators** for a better monitoring of animal welfare.

### **EU Platform on Animal Welfare**



https://food.ec.europa.eu/animals/animal-welfare/euplatform-animal-welfare



Established in 2017



Promote an enhanced dialogue on animal welfare among competent authorities, businesses, civil society and scientists.



Thematic sub-groups



Voluntary initiatives

### Where to find the information?

European Commission website

https://food.ec.europa.eu/animals/animal-welfare/eu-animal-welfare-legislation/slaughter-stunning\_en

Brochure animal welfare officer

https://food.ec.europa.eu/document/download/387be886-942f-4ba8-884a-4f90fdc92893\_en?filename=aw\_prac\_slaughter\_awo-brochure\_24102012\_en.pdf

Factsheets on the protection of animals at slaughter and on farm killing

https://food.ec.europa.eu/animals/animal-welfare/eu-animal-welfare-legislation/slaughter-stunning/2018-factsheets\_en

BTSF – Better training for safer food

https://better-training-for-safer-food.ec.europa.eu/training/

EFSA website

https://www.efsa.europa.eu/en



## Thank you



© European Union 2020

Unless otherwise noted the reuse of this presentation is authorised under the <u>CC BY 4.0</u> license. For any use or reproduction of elements that are not owned by the EU, permission may need to be sought directly from the respective right holders.

Slide 12: picture of factsheets and brochure, source: EC website; Slide 13: EURCAWs logos, source: EURCAWs websites; Slide 14: EU AW Platform, have your say, source: EU AW Platform digital tool.

