

IOM's work on One Health in South-Eastern Europe, Eastern **Europe and Central Asia**

IOM RO Vienna





IOM Migration Health Strategy and One Health

IOM migration health 3 core programmes

- Connecting health security and human mobility
- Increasing community's health resilience
- Strengthing migration health \bullet governance

MHD programme areas

- Migration health assessment & travel health assistance
- Health promotion & assistance for migrants
- Migration health assistance for crisis affected population



re our annual report for 2023 spotlighting efforts in Health aspects of border management in Central Asia Health assessments in the context of resettlement and re Emergency health response in Ukraine, Republic of Moldova, Türkiye, Armenia, and Centra

sing key health issues such as HIV in Uzbekistan, communicable diseases in Belarus

Vaccination confidence, demand, and coverage among Ukrainian refugees Health assistance for irregular migrants in the Western Balkans





Migration Health Annual Report 2023 Migration Health Annual Report 2022



Migration Health Annual Report 2021



REPORT | 24 Aug 2021 Migration Health Annual Report 2020

IOM Migration, Environment and Climate Change

IOM's objectives concerning migration, environment and climate change

- extent possible;
- situation;
- communities.



disasters due to natural hazards.



To prevent forced migration that results from environmental factors to the

To provide assistance and protection to affected populations when forced migration does occur in situations of environmental and climate change, and to seek durable solutions to their

To facilitate migration in the context of climate change adaptation and enhance the resilience of affected

Institutional Strategy on MECC 2021-2030 STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE

"We develop solutions for people on the move."

Assisting and protecting migrants and displaced persons in the context of climate change, environmental degradation, and disasters due to natural hazards.

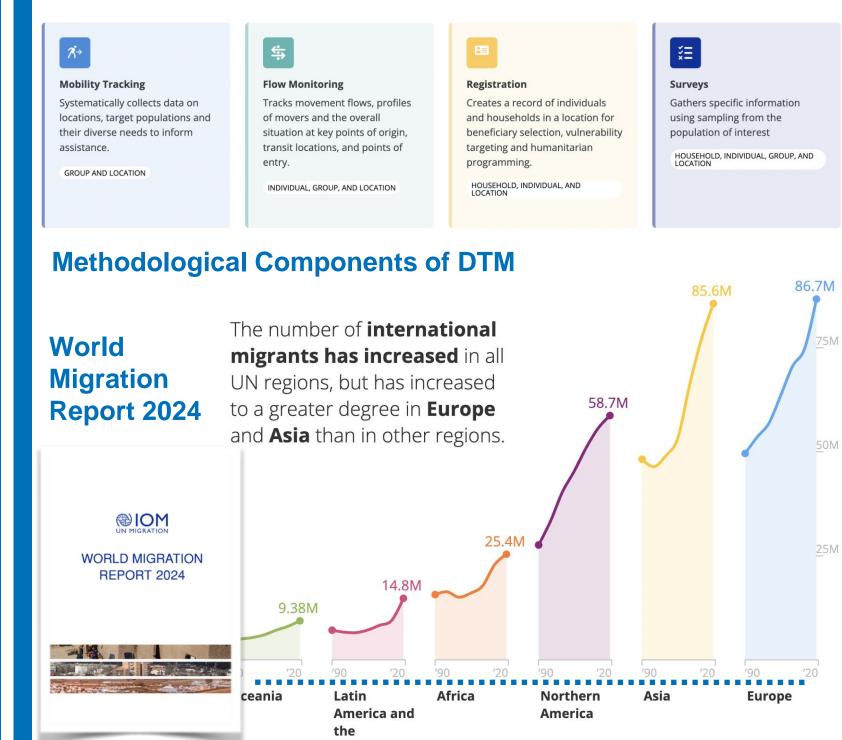
"We develop solutions for people to stay."

Making migration a choice by building resilience and addressing the adverse climatic and environmental drivers that compel people to move.

Displacement Tracking Matrix & World Migration Report

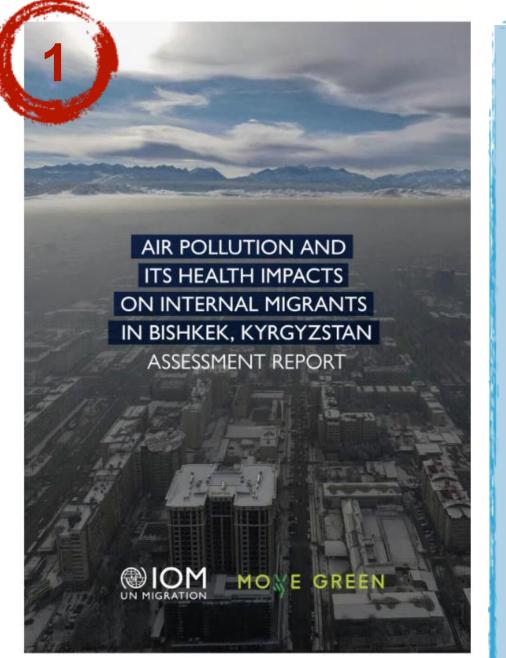


DTM South Eastern Europe, Eastern Europe and Central Asia

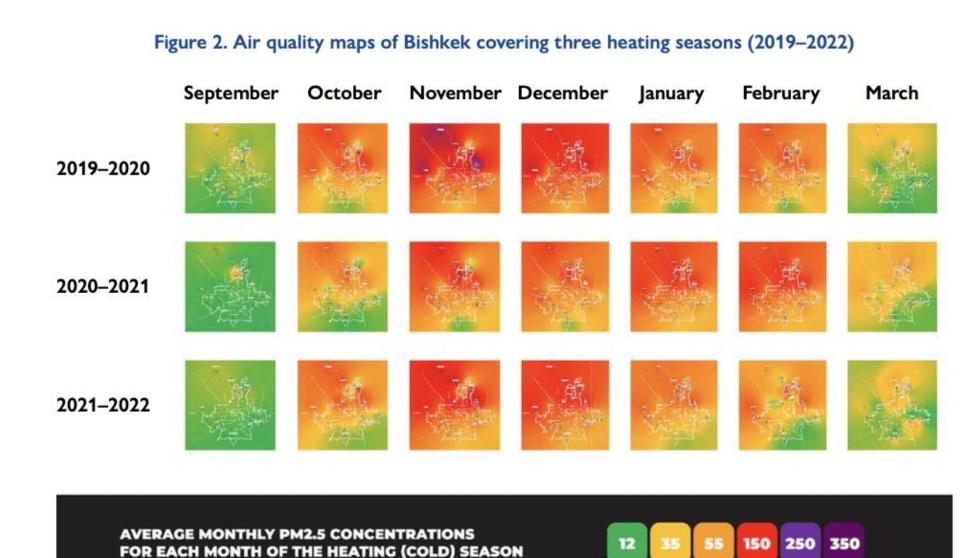


Caribbean

Climate Change & Health



Air pollution in residential neighbourhoods on the outskirts of Bishkek, the capital city of Kyrgyzstan, is a public health emergency. This scoping study assesses the factors influencing air quality in the view of residents, including internal migrants living in residential neighbourhoods, during the heating season and throughout the year, and the impacts of these factors on their health.



Outcome 2: The Government of Uzbekistan uses the generated evidence on the impacts of rising temperature/ heatwaves on migrants and their families for tackling the intersection of climate change, health and migration.

Planning a scoping study

Border Health

Uzbekistan: Addressing the impacts of climate changeindiced heatwaves on migrants in the context of the National **Adaptation Plan**

Project information

Enhancing Health and Border Management in Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and **Uzbekistan to respond to COVID-19** and other communicable diseases -Phase II

Start of project: 1-Oct-2022 End of project: 30-Sep-2024



Regional Workshop "Regional Dialogue on Health Security Through Improving **Cross-Border Cooperation and** Communication", Dushanbe, Tajikistan, 18-19 May 2023



