

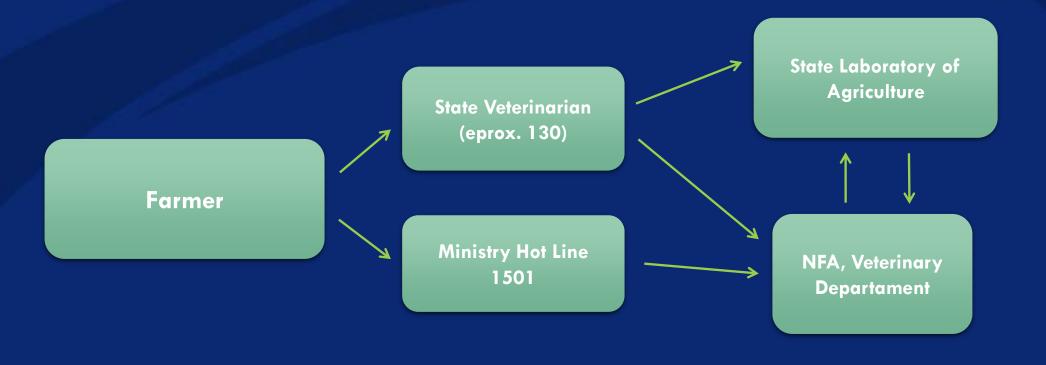


Georgia

- The territory of Georgia covers 69,700 km² (20% is occupied by Russia)
- 12 regions, 65 districts, 3211 villages
- Natural and artificial reservoirs 2.55 km³ volume
- Rivers pool area suitable for fish farming 84,519 km²
- Lakes eprox. 860 (16,900 ha)



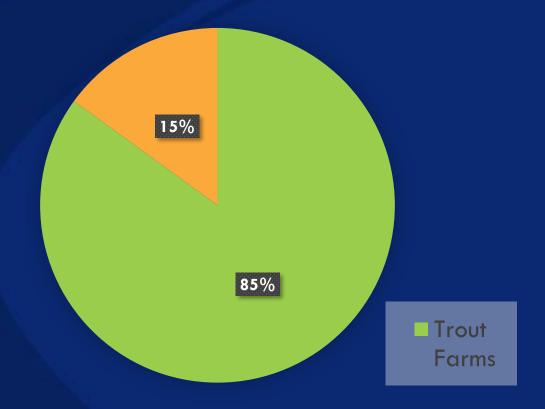
Response System

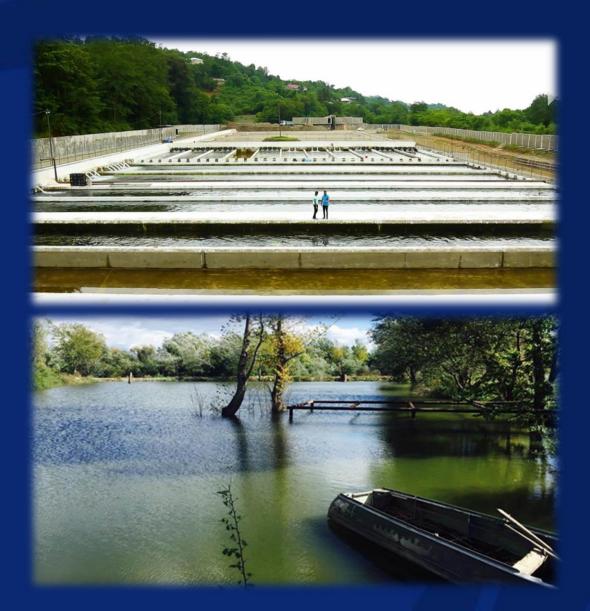


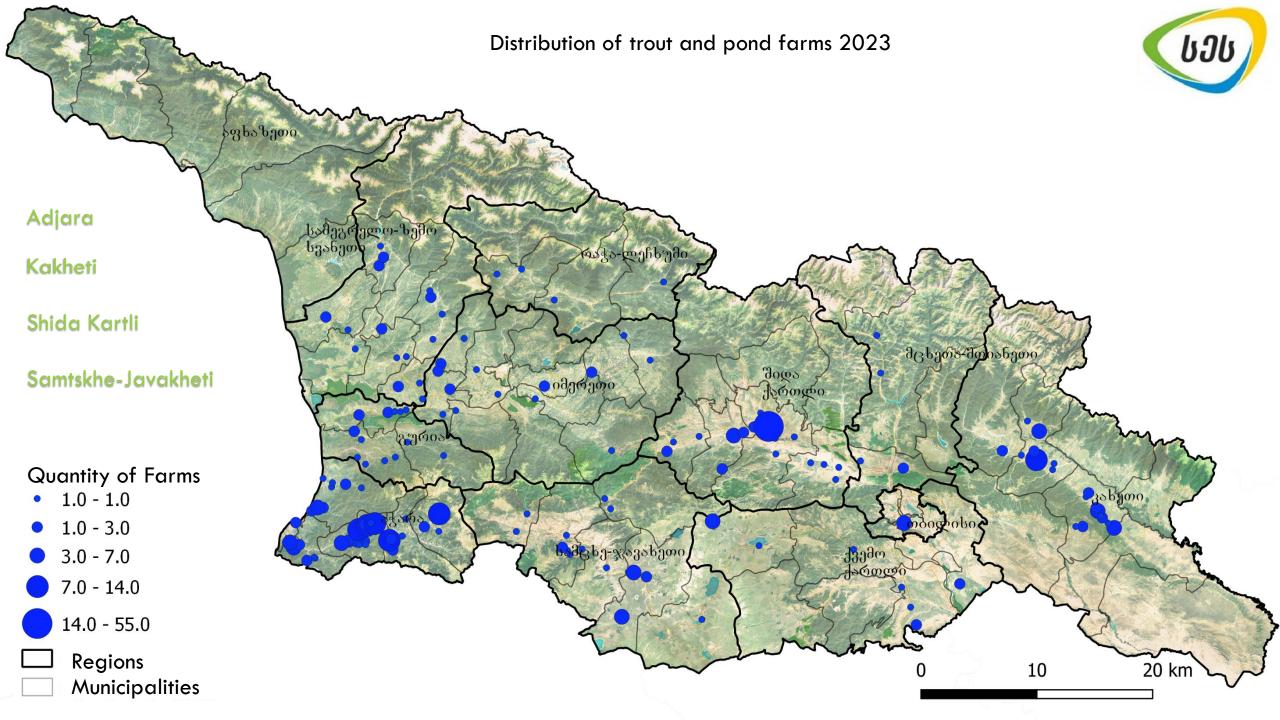


Trout and Pond Farms in Georgia

■ Trout and Pond Farms - 300 farms in total:

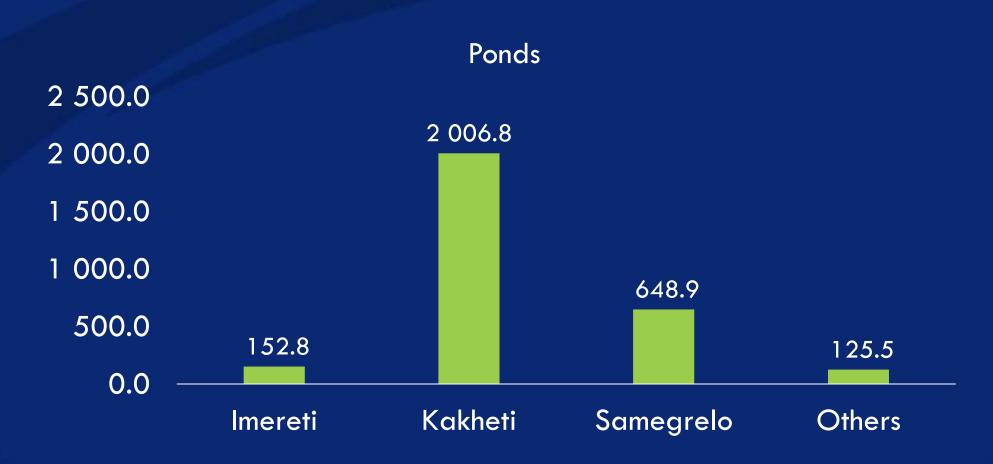






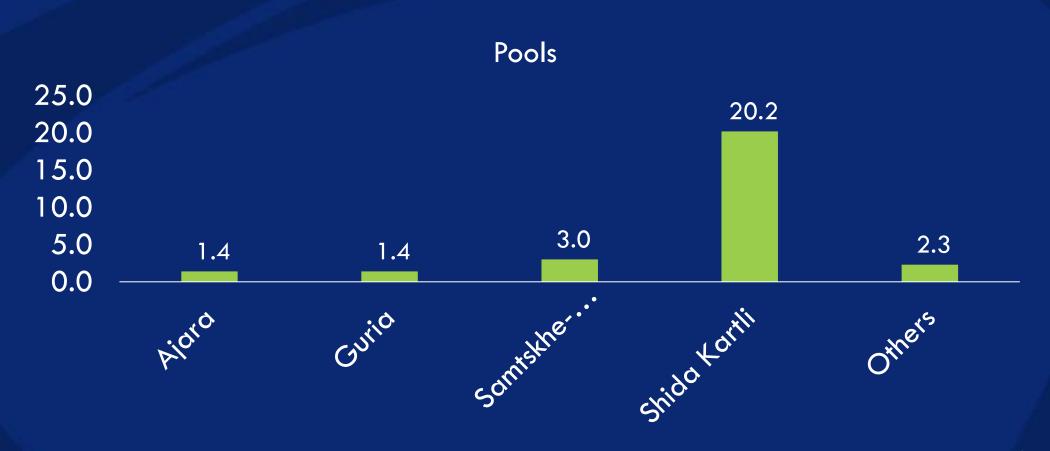


Area of ponds for aquaculture by regions (ha)



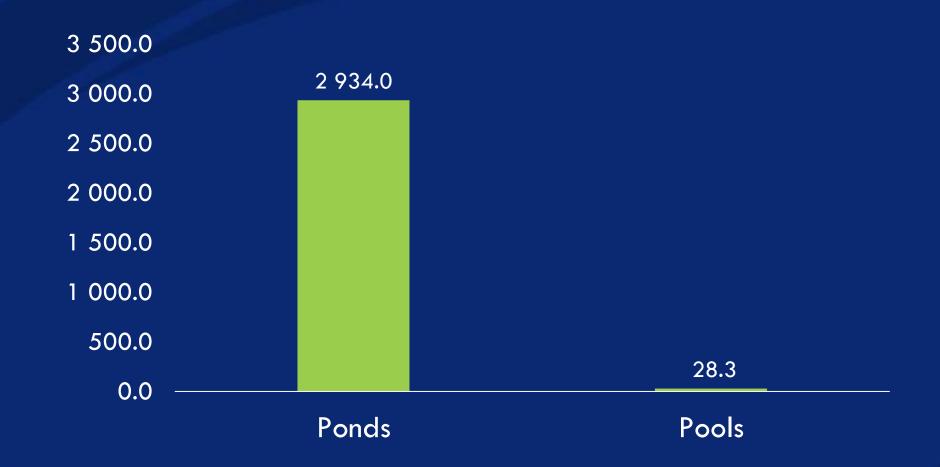


Area of pools for aquaculture by regions (ha)



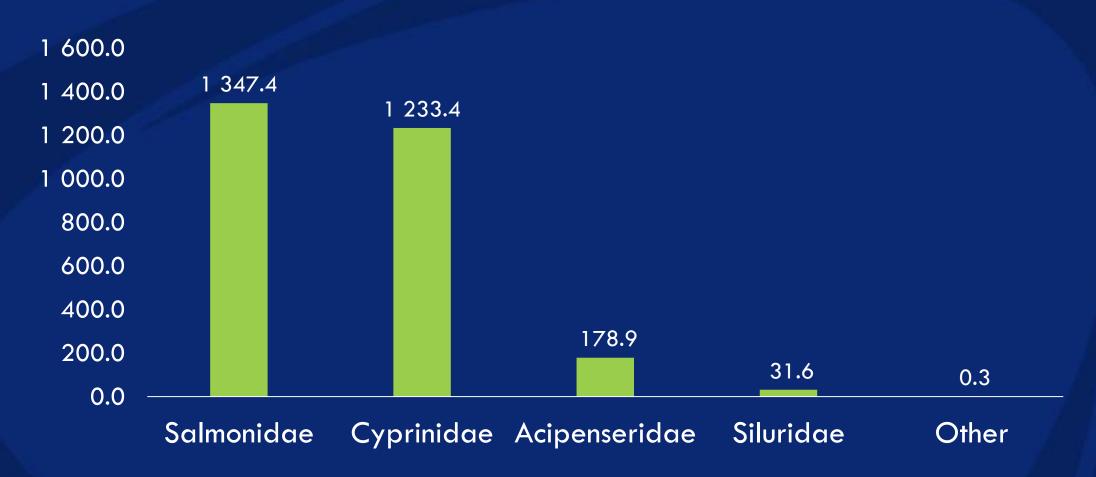


Area of ponds and pools intended for aquaculture in Georgia, 2022





Fish Production (in tones) by Fish Families in Georgia, 2022





State Control for Primary Production

- State Control for Aquaculture and its Products Enterprises 2023
 - 182 farms were inspected

Supervision in live fish for Malachite Green/Leuco Malachit (primary production)

2022		2023	
Samples	Positive	Samples	Positive
68	25 (37%)	239	31 (13%)



State Control for Food Safety

In 2023, 44 fish samples of 175 were positive for malachite green, taken from retail trade facilities.

2023 survey in BIOR laboratory				
	n=30	Positives		
Veterinary drug residues (chloramphenicol, enrofloxacin, ciprofloxacin)		3		
Organochlorine pesticides DDT and its metabolites		4		
Leucomalachite, Malachite, Diamond Green, Leucocrystal Violet, Crystal Violet		22		



THANK YOU



Requirements for Aquaculture Products Enterprises

- State Requirements for Business Operators (harmonized with EC 852/2004):
 - Must be registered in the Register of Economic Activities
 - Business operator activities must be admitted by National Food Agency
 - Good hygiene practices (GHP)
 - Good manufacturing practice (GMP)
 - Hazard analysis and critical control point (HASSP) will be activated in 2021



State Control for Food Safety

- The Food Safety State Control is conducted, using 5 mechanisms
 - Inspection Production process
 - Monitoring Check the conditions and labeling of aquaculture and their products in retail
 - Supervision
 - Documentary check
 - Sampling For laboratory control of various residues (contaminants) (EC 96/23)

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Main Challenges

- Lack of ichtiopathology knowledge in veterinary specialists
- Lack of laboratory capacity
- Lack of awareness of farmers
- Lack of aquaculture animal health higher education programs
- Unregistered aquatic farms
- Sanitary conditions in aquatic farms
- Malachite green prohibited uses



Actions for Improvement

- Collaborate with foreign donors to conduct trainings
- Implementation of some disease diagnosis as VHS and IHN
- Awareness raising activities are underway
- Lack of aquaculture animal health higher education programs
- Unregistered aquatic farms
- Sanitary situation in aquatic farms
- Malachite green prohibited uses



Acknowlidgements

- REVIEW OF FISHERIES AND AQUACULTURE DEVELOPMENT POTENTIALS IN GEORGIA (FAO Fisheries and Aquaculture Circular No. 1055/1 REU/C1055/1)
- National Food Agency