

GF-TADs

GLOBAL FRAMEWORK FOR THE
PROGRESSIVE CONTROL OF
TRANSBOUNDARY ANIMAL DISEASES



Food and Agriculture
Organization of the
United Nations



Session on rabies surveillance

GF TADs SGE RAB4

Report by SLOVAK REPUBLIC

Rabies epidemiological situation

- **Last year of occurrence of Rabies in domestic animals :**
(Year, animal(s) , location (s))
2005 (january cat, august dog)

- **Last year of occurrence of Rabies in wildlife :**
(Year, animal(s) , location (s))
2015 red fox (Stará Ľubovňa, Poprad)

- **Last year of occurrence of Rabies in humans :**
(Year, persons(s) , location (s))
1990 Rožňava

- **Last year of occurrence of imported Rabies cases:**
 - **In animals** : *(Year, animal(s) , location (s))* date not available
 - **In humans** : *(Year, person(s) , location (s))* date not available



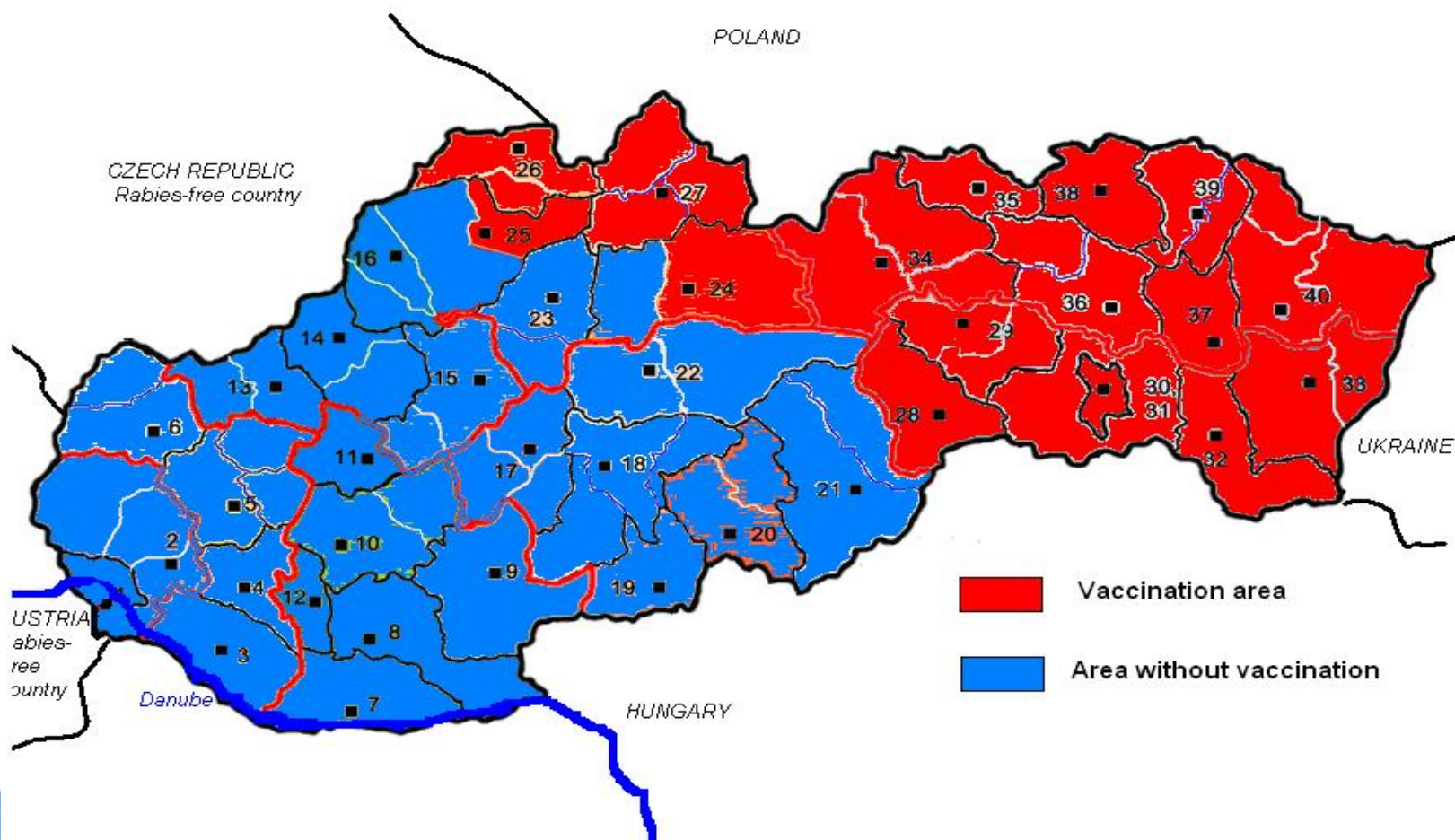
Oral rabies vaccination

Year*	Campaign carried out		Spring campaign		Autumn campaign		Area covered (please mark with X as appropriate)	
	YES	NO	Start Date	End Date	Start Date	End Date	Whole country	Other (please describe)
2012	y		16/04	27/4	8/10	22/10	n	Determined vaccination area
2013	y		8/04	22/04	14/10	25/10	n	Determined vaccination area
2014	y		7/04	18/04	6/10	17/10	n	Determined vaccination area
2015	y		13/04	20/04	22/10	28/10	n	Determined vaccination area
2016	y		4/04	9/04	10/10	27/10	n	Determined vaccination area
2017	y		29/04	6/05	2/10	14/10	n	Determined vaccination area
2018	y		9/04	14/04	8/10	15/10	n	Determined vaccination area
2019	y		1/04	12/04	7/10	14/10	n	Determined vaccination area
2020	y		20/04	25/04	6/10	30/10	n	Determined vaccination area
2021	y		9/4	23/4	15/10	22/10	n	Determined vaccination area
2022	y		04/04	13/04	-	-	n	Determined vaccination area



Map of the last vaccination area

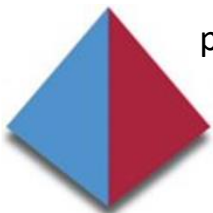
Only needed if it is not the whole country



Surveillance

year	Number of tested animals-passive surveillance		Number of tested animals-active surveillance	
	negative	positive	negative	positive
2018	619	0	460	0
2019	574	0	465	0
2020	374	0	509	0
2021	348	0	571	0
2022	In progress	0	In progress	0

- Passive surveillance: tests performed in suspect and dead animals
- Active surveillance: tests performed in healthy hunted animals in the frame of the monitoring programme to verify effectiveness of vaccination



Plans for 2022

	YES	NO	NOT SURE	YES UNDER CONDITIONS <i>(please describe)</i>	Area	Period /dates	Comments
VACCINATION							
Autumn campaign	y				14 188	October	
SURVEILLANCE							
Passive surveillance	y					Whole year	
Active surveillance <i>(like the one accompanying all ORV)</i>	y					01/01- 31/03 01/06-31/08	
Other type of active surveillance <i>(please describe)</i>	n						



Plans for 2023

VACCINATION	YES	NO	NOT SURE	YES UNDER CONDITIONS <i>(please describe)</i>	Area	Period /dates	Comments
ORV Campaign	y				28 376		
Spring campaign	y				14 188	April	
Autumn campaign	y				14 188	October	
SURVEILLANCE							
Passive surveillance	y					Whole year	
Active surveillance <i>(like the one accompanying all ORV)</i>	y					01/01- 31/03 01/06-31/08	
Other type of active surveillance (please describe)	n						



Additional activities

Specific activities linked to additional movements of pets / wildlife as a consequence of the conflict in Ukraine:

- State Veterinary and Food Administration of the Slovak Republic, taking into account the decision of other Member States and to reduce the risk of introduction of rabies into the territory of Slovakia, **does not allow entry of companion animals (dogs/cats/ferrets) with unknown health status (stray animals and animals from shelters / quarantine stations) from Ukraine to the territory of the Slovak Republic, which do not meet the conditions for commercial entry of companion animals from third countries into the EU under applicable legislation.**
- Currently, no Member State that does not have a direct border with Ukraine allows such consignments of animals to enter their territory, and therefore the SVFA SR does not allow the transit movement of such animals across the Slovak-Ukrainian borders.
- The Slovak Republic is a rabies-free country, which is a zoonosis with fatal consequences for humans and animals, and therefore it is necessary to protect human health and prevent the possible introduction of human-borne diseases into the Slovak Republic even in this extremely tense time.
- The conditions for the entry of companion animals of commercial movements from a third country into the EU can be found on the European Commission's website
- https://ec.europa.eu/food/animals/movement-pets/eu-legislation/entry-union_en
- <https://www.svps.sk/english/pets-ukraine.asp>