



The Central Asia Animal Health Network (CAAHN)

Formation of an AI and ND diagnosis and surveillance subnetwork, 29 Jan 2021

Daniel Beltran-Alcrudo, FAO Regional Office for Europe and Central Asia (REU)



Why animal health networks are needed?

- The control of TADs requires a regional approach
- Common challenges → Sharing of best practices and lessons learned between countries
- Successful experience setting up animal health networks in other regions



Regional AH networks offer a framework for building strong technical capacity, competency, leadership and a critical mass of regionally networked specialists.



What is an animal health network?

- 1) exchange of information and experiences
- 2) standardize laboratory, field prevention/control, operating, communication and other procedures;
- 3) harmonize policies and approaches in accordance with international standards
- 4) identify gaps, weaknesses and priorities
- 5) fulfil these gaps, e.g. by providing training
- 6) efficient coordination of disease/theme specific subnetworks
- 7) promote trade in livestock and livestock products





The Central Asia Animal Health Network (CAAHN)

Countries

- The Committee of Veterinary Control and Supervision of the Republic of Kazakhstan
- The State Inspection for Veterinary and Phytosanitary Safety of the Government of the Kyrgyz Republic
- The Committee of Food Security of the Government of the Republic of Tajikistan
- The Ministry of Agriculture and Environment Protection of Turkmenistan
- The State Veterinary Committee of the Republic of **Uzbekistan**

International organizations

- FAO Office for Europe and Central Asia (FAO REU)
- OIE Sub-Regional Representation for Central Asia

Other associate partners (ad hoc)

- WHO Regional Office for Europe
- World and regional FAO/OIE reference centres/laboratories, e.g. APHA, CDC
- Private sector (e.g. producer and veterinary associations, etc.)



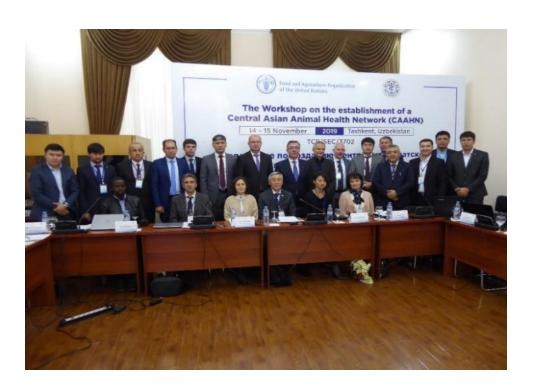
CAAHN's structure and functioning

- Launched on 14-15 Nov 2019 (First CAAHN Meeting, Tashkent, Uzbekistan)
- FAO & OIE (initial drivers) through projects and regular program funds
- Country ownership
- Sustainability: To be gradually taken over by regional economic/political institutions and national governments

Coordination

- Memorandum of Understanding (MoU)
- Meetings on an annual basis (plus ad-hoc meetings)
- Regular communications: email, teleconferences, webinars
- Steering Committee: CVOs, FAO & OIE
- Lab and epi focal points from each country
- Disease-specific or topic-specific subnetworks
- Website (upcoming)

Recommendations of the CAAHN first meeting,
Tashkent, November 2019





- Timely share outbreak and surveillance information (<u>Central Asia animal health</u> data sharing platform)
- 2. Harmonize surveillance and platforms
- 3. Discuss prevention and control strategies
- 4. Coordinate, harmonize and plan interventions in the region, particularly in border areas
- 5. Assess the improvement of regional technical skills and continuous training of technical staff and perform risk analysis for the region and beyond

CAAHN Epidemiology Action Plan



Laboratory networks

- 1. Share and update info on lab diagnostic techniques and algorithms
- 2. Management of Laboratory Information generated in the laboratories
- 3. Biosafety and Biosecurity issues
- 4. Quality Assurance implementation (harmonized quality assurance programs)
- 5. Develop regional technical collaborations and catalyze experience sharing
- 6. Ensure a minimum and harmonized supply of reagents
- 7. Develop opportunities to participate in diagnostic proficiency tests
- 8. Collectively benefit from international expertise (from OIE/FAO Reference Centres)
- 9. Assess the improvement of regional technical skills and continuous training of technical staff

CAAHN Laboratory Action Plan

Who is who in CAAHN?

FAO:

- Eran Raizman Eran.Raizman@fao.org
- Daniel Beltran-Alcrudo <u>Daniel.BeltranAlcrudo@fao.org</u>
- Dinara Imanbayeva <u>Dinara.imanbayeva@fao.org</u>

CAAHN Epidemiology Network focal points:

- Rahym Ashyrov (Turkmenistan) ahmet-ashyrov@mail.ru
- Murat Abdyrayev (Kyrgyzstan) <u>abdyraev71@mail.ru</u>
- Yerbol Kamsayev (Kazakhstan) <u>kamsaev@mail.ru</u>
- Khurshed Boboshoev (Tajikistan) <u>kboboshoev@gmail.com</u>
- Khabibulo Khamdamov (Uzbekistan)
 khabibulo.khamdamov@gmail.com

OIE:

- Mereke Taitubayev m.taitubayev@oie.int
- Aigerim Zhorgabayeva

 a.zhorgabayeva@oie.int

CAAHN Laboratory Network focal points:

- Larissa Yermakova (Kyrgyzstan) <u>larisa1993-</u> 1971@mail.ru
- Sabira Alpysbayeva (Kazakhstan)sabira 31@mail.ru
- Faizali Karimov (Tajikistan) <u>faiz65@mail.ru</u>
- Batyr Amanov (Turkmenistan)
 <u>batyr201@mail.ru</u>



First activities/outcomes (disease-specific)

Initial focus on neglected zoonoses, e.g. brucellosis, echinococcosis, rabies, tuberculosis, anthrax...

Regional coordination of diseases

- <u>Brucellosis Progressive Control Workshop for Central Asia</u> (11-13 Nov 2019, Tashkent) (every 1.5 years)
 - The periodic STEB assessments
 - Focal points
 - Assessment missions
 - Lab trainings
 - Periodic data sharing
- OIE/WHO Sub-Regional Workshop on echinococcosis (10-11 December 2019, Bishkek, Kyrgyzstan)
- Formation of an **Avian influenza** and **Newcastle disease** diagnosis and surveillance subnetwork (29 Jan 2020)
- Lumpy skin disease preparedness for Central Asia (2021-2022)

Ad-hoc trainings in Russian:

- Online training on laboratory diagnosis
 for poultry diseases (7-24 Sept 2020)
- Online lumpy skin disease
 preparedness course
 (20 Oct 17 Nov
 2020)

Awareness events:

- World Rabies Day webinar for Central Asia Countries, 9 Oct 2020
- World Antibiotic Awareness Week (Nov 2021)



OIE and FAO Corporate Tools to assist countries

PVS Sustainable Laboratory Support

Assessments of laboratories using FAO's Laboratory Mapping Tool (LMT)

Veterinary Statutory Bodies

FAO Assessment Tool for Laboratories and AMR Surveillance (ATLASS)

KAZAKHSTAN URKMENISTAN

OIE Tool for the Evaluation of Performance of Veterinary Services (PVS)

Assessment of surveillance capacities of vet services using FAO's Surveillance Evaluation Tool (SET)

<u>Public-Private Partnerships</u> (PPPs) in the veterinary domain

FAO Progressive Management Pathway for Antimicrobial Resistance (PMP-AMR)

Veterinary and Veterinary
Paraprofessionals Education

PVS Pathway Veterinary Legislation Support Programme (VLSP)

