

Standing Group of Experts on Rabies in Europe

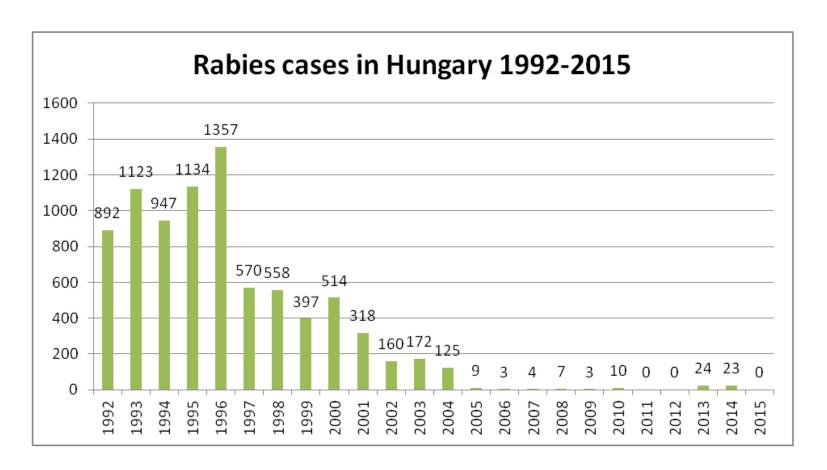
under the GF-TADs umbrella

1st meeting (SGE RAB1) Brussels, 13 February 2019

Report by Hungary

Dr. Melinda Kocsis

Rabies epidemiology – evolution until 2015





Rabies epidemiology – evolution since 2016

	2016*	2017	2018	2019
Total number of indigenous cases*	1	2	0	0
Species / number of cases	- Fox: 1	- Fox: 1 - Goat: 2	NA	NA
Number of cases < 50 km from a neighbouring country (please detail)	SK border within 40 km (no rabies cases reported in SK since September 2015), UA border within 70 km (rabies present in Zakarpattya region)	Only few kilometres away from the 2016 fox case	0	0

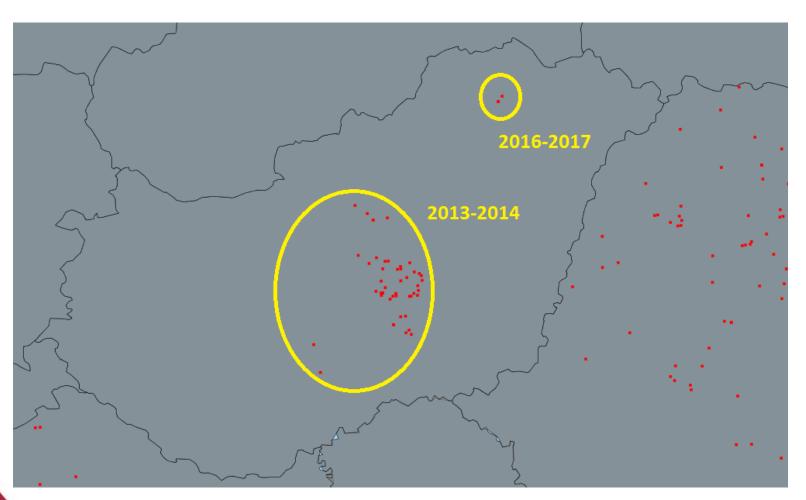
^{*} No rabies case in Hungary in 2015

Rabies monitoring / surveillance since 2016

	2016	2017	2018	2019 (31 Jan)
Total number of FATs ⁽¹⁾ performed on indicator animals ⁽²⁾	1087	1198	1029	84
Species	 Fox 404 Jackal 7 Other wild 36 Dog 176 Cat 381 Bov + ov + cap 53 Horse 12 Bat 18 	 Fox 485 Jackal 11 Other wild 66 Dog 196 Cat 346 Bov + ov + cap 63 Horse 9 Bat 22 	 Fox 360 Jackal 8 Other wild 45 Dog 171 Cat 369 Bov + ov + cap 49 Horse 9 Bat 18 	 Fox 29 Other wild 4 Dog 18 Cat 21 Bov + ov + cap 11 Horse 1
Total number of biomarker tests and ELISA tests performed in hunted animals* *FAT test too	2016/2017 hunting year 3120 TC (72% +) 2494 ELISA (51% +)	2017/2018 hunting year 2890 TC (78% +) 2218 ELISA (41% +)	2018/2019 hunting year (31 Jan 2019) Sampling period ongoing, data show that results are cca. like previous years	Sampling period to start in May 2019

- (1) FATs = fluorescent antibody test;
- (2) Indicator animals = animals that show clinical signs or abnormal behaviour suggestive of rabies, animals found dead, road kills and animals involved in human exposure

Map of Rabies cases (if applicable)

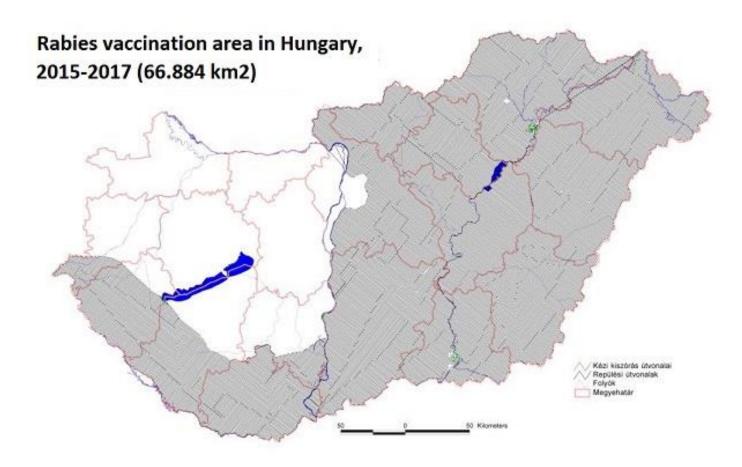


No rabies case in Hungary in 2015

Rabies oral vaccination campaigns since 2016

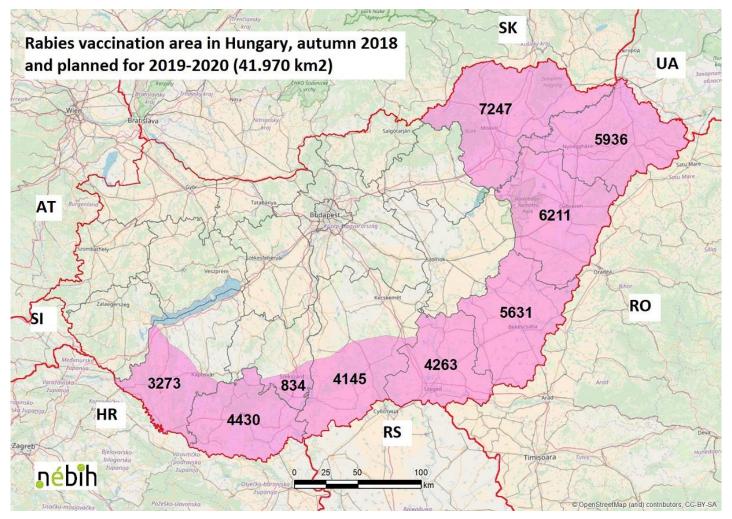
	2016	2017	2018
Spring campaign	02.0412.04.2016	01.0409.04.2017	16.04.2018.
	Parts of country	Parts of country	Parts of country
	area vaccinated (km²):	area vaccinated (km²):	area vaccinated (km²):
	66.884 km2	66.884 km2	2.240 km2 (ERV)
Fall campaign	01.1014.10.2016	30.0909.10.2017	29.0905.10.2018.
	Parts of country	Parts of country	Parts of country
	area vaccinated (km²):	area vaccinated (km²):	area vaccinated (km²):
	66.884 km2	66.884 km2	41.970 km2
Oral vaccine used	Vaccine: SAD Bern (Lysvulpen) Bait density (baits/km²): 20 (25-33)	Vaccine: SAD Bern (Lysvulpen) Bait density (baits/km²): 20 (25-33)	Vaccine: SAD Bern (Lysvulpen) Bait density (baits/km²): 20 (25-33)

Map of Vaccination areas





Map of Vaccination areas





Specific Plans for 2019

	Spring campaign	Fall campaign
Dates - At national level And specifically at - border with SK - border with UA - border with RO - border with RS - border with HR	 30.0314.04.2019 CVOs will be officially informed in due time! 	 05.1020.10.2019 CVOs will be officially informed in due time!
Covered territory	41.970 km2	41.970 km2
Oral vaccine used	SAD Bern (Lysvulpen)	SAD Bern (Lysvulpen)
Particular needs		



Specific Plans for 2020 and beyond (as appropriate)

	Spring campaign	Fall campaign
Dates - At national level And specifically at - border with SK - border with UA - border with RO - border with RS	 04.0419.04.2020 CVOs will be officially informed in due time! 	 03.1018.10.2020 CVOs will be officially informed in due time!
border with HR?Covered territory	41.970 km2	41.970 km2
Oral vaccine used	SAD Bern (Lysvulpen)	SAD Bern (Lysvulpen)
Particular needs	More information Neighbours' epidemiological situation, surveillance (reliability), planned vaccination area, CVO letter before campaign, information about implementation (EU MS: SCoPAFF, non-EU neighbour MS: CVO letters), regional and bilateral meetings	

THANK YOU

