

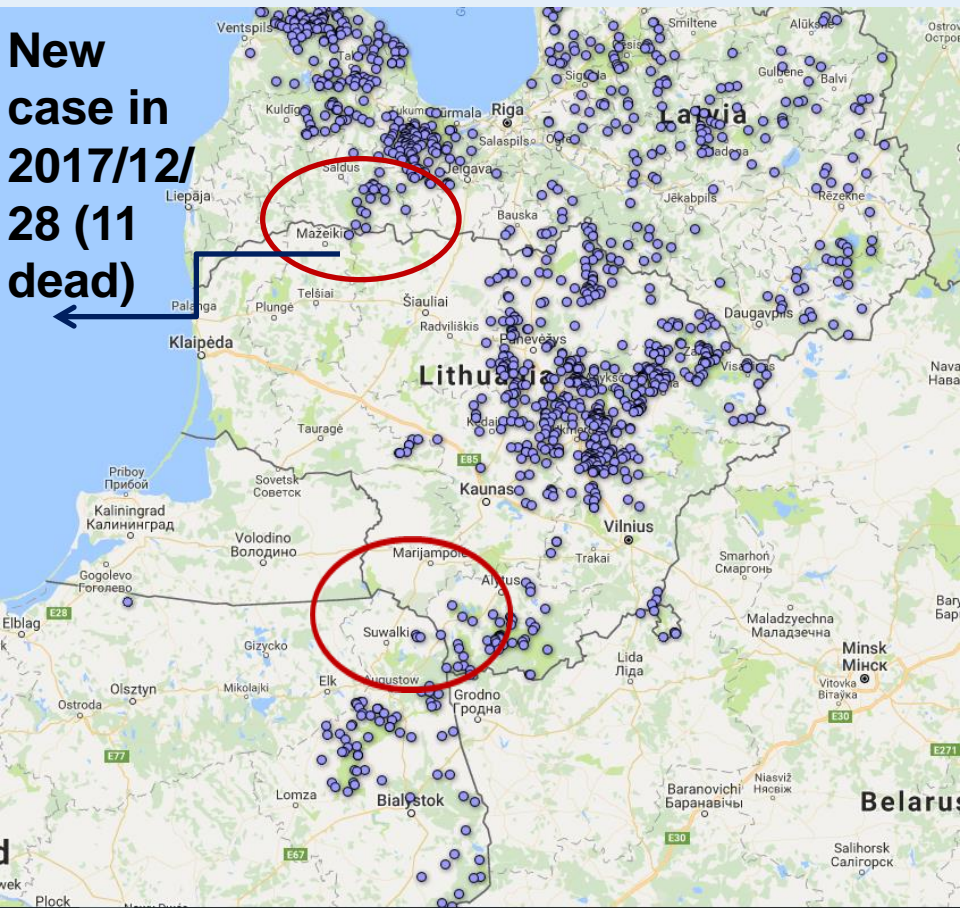


Information from Lithuania on the epidemiological situation, border control and surveillance measures applied as regards African swine fever

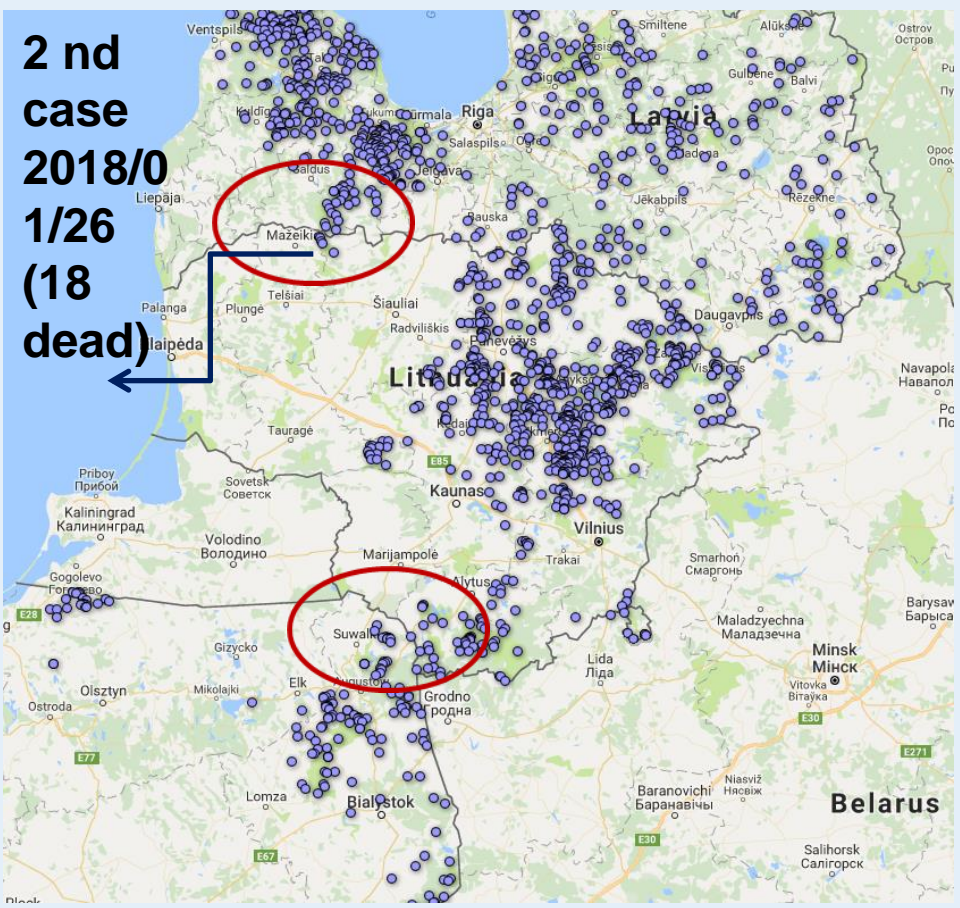
Mantas Staškevičius
Acting Deputy Director
State Food and Veterinary Service
GF-TADs, 22/03/2018

ASF evolution in wild boar

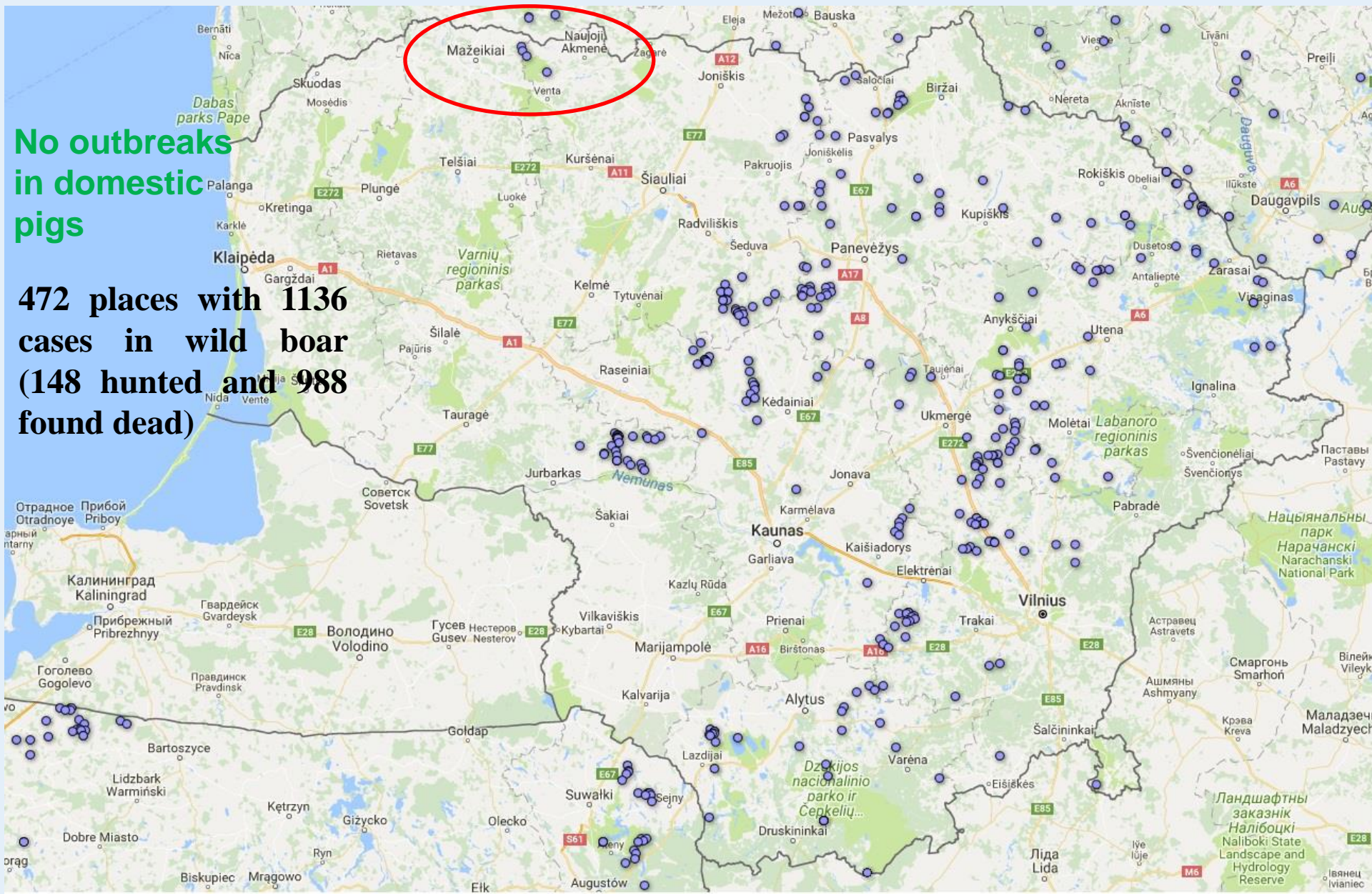
ASF 2017



ASF 2017-2018



ASF in wild boar in 2018



No outbreaks in domestic pigs

472 places with 1136 cases in wild boar (148 hunted and 988 found dead)

ASF CONTROL MEASURES IN WILD BOAR IN LITHUANIA

- Wild boar feeding is forbidden – only baiting is allowed.
- **Targeted hunt of females** (adult and sub-adult).
- Collection, testing and disposal of wild boar carcasses.
- All hunted wild boars within infected area are subject to **laboratory tests** for ASF.
- It is forbidden to use the meat of hunted wild boars and to move the meat from the hunting place within the infected area **before the results of ASF testing** have been obtained from the laboratory.
- Hunters should **process hunted wild boars** in special designated places and all ABPs should not be moved outside but kept in special tightly closed animal waste pits.
- Biosafety requirements for hunters clubs are in place.
- **Regular inspections are performed by official vets (not less than 2/times per 1 year).**



ASF outbreaks in domestic pigs 2017

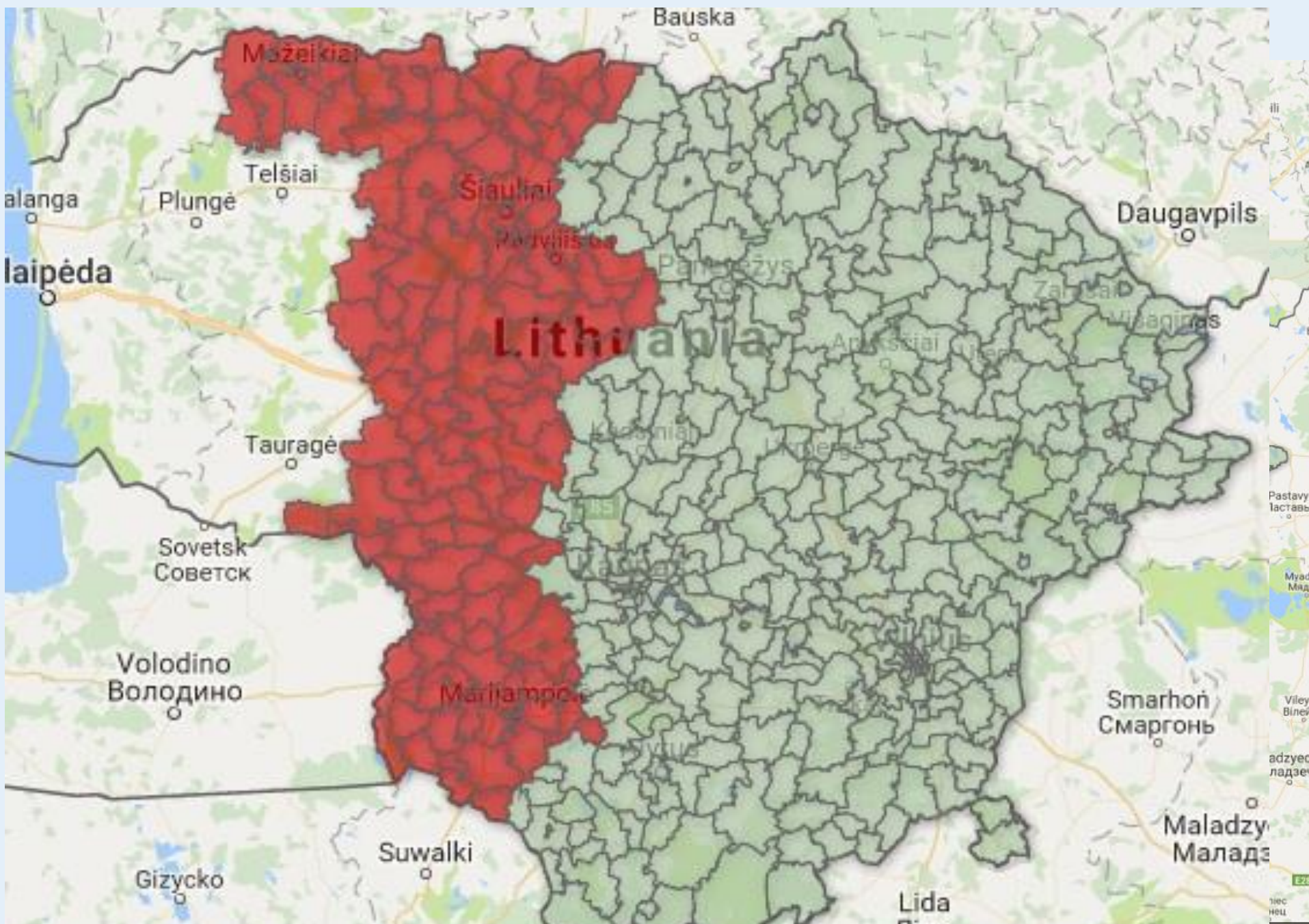
2017 – **28 outbreaks** in non-commercial farms, **2** - in commercial farms



Control measures in pig holdings

- Eradication of the outbreaks - in accordance with the Directive 2002/60/EC;
- Trade restrictions in accordance with Commission Implementing Decision 2014/709/EC and national legal acts;
- Surveillance programme for ASF;
 - **Passive surveillance:** all sick pigs, every single dead sow and boar in case of increased mortality and morbidity are tested in all country;
 - Each week, virological testing of at least the first two death (post weaning pigs or pigs older than 2 months) in each production unit
 - active surveillance;
- **Preventive slaughter of pigs in back yard farms non complying with biosafety control in new area;**
- **Biosafety control in pig farms**
 - Special well trained official vets will perform inspections in commercial farms;
 - Priority to make inspection till the “hottest period”;
 - During 2017 -18 578 inspections were performed in pig farms.
- Ban of all live pig markets in the entire country.

New buffer zone was established from the 14 of March 2018

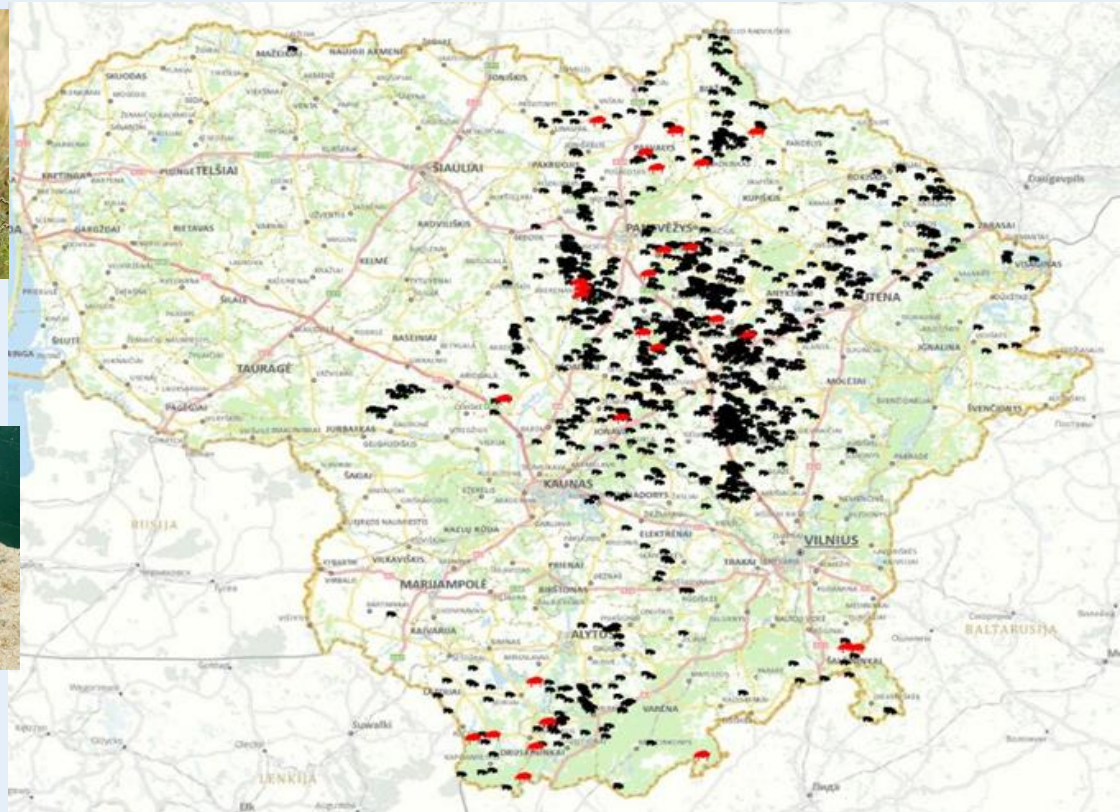


Surveillance data 2017

No. of wild boar tested in 2017 –
13 917



No. of pigs tested in 2017 –
12 060



Total No. of test performed
(ELISA, RT-PCR, IPT) -
70 052

(2932 – positive)

Targeted information campaign

- To farmers in each municipality;
- **To hunters, forest workers;**
- To private veterinarians;
- To insemination specialists;
- And others...



DĖMESIO!

NEPLATINKITE AFRIKINIO KIAULIŲ MARO VIRUSO!

- Nepalikite maisto atliekų poilsio aikštelėse.
 - Maisto likučius būtinai išmeskite į uždaramus šiukšlių konteinerius.
- Maisto produktuose gali būti afrikinio kiaulių maro virusas. Tai žmonėms nepavojinga, tačiau kiaulėms ir šernams mirtina infekcinė liga.
Daugiau informacijos www.vmv.lt, nemokamu tel. 8 800 40 403



ATTENTION!

BE CAREFUL NOT TO SPREAD THE VIRUS OF AFRICAN SWINE FEVER!

- Do not leave any food waste in the rest area.
- Food waste must be discarded into closed waste containers.

The virus of African swine fever may be present in food. This is not hazardous for humans but for pigs and wild boars this is a deadly infectious disease.
For more details please see www.vmv.lt or call the phone +370 800 40 403

Gimtoji žemė. - 2017.11.26

KAIP TEISINGAI PAIMTI KRAUJO MĖGINĮ SUMEDŽIOTAM ŠERNUI



1. Mėginys turi būti paimamas kao griežtai sterilizuojamas šerns.
2. Mėginio ūmeno vieta turi būti ne šlėso vieta.
3. Geriantis šernis nušalus kailį, pūsuant jį su vėduokle prieš nupjauiant galvą.
4. Galima naudoti šernio kraują ir iš arterijų ir venų.
5. Kraujas turi survėti tiesiai į paruoštą mėgintuvėlį neleidamas skendėti.
6. Kraujo pripildoma maždaug du trečdaliai mėgintuvėlio.
7. Paimtas kraujas įs neapvalkamas ir pakeliamas rankinėmis (apie 3-4 val.) karbamto temperatūroje.



- Higijai (šviesi sūnėnis)** **Geras (šviesnėnis)**
8. Vėlika rečiau liksyti šalytyse.
 9. Transportavimo metu stengtis vėli arčiau ir nosaplakiti.
 10. Kao griežtai paisyti mėginių į VMVT turtarį VMVT.
 11. Šernams neruosiokis – mėginis nuolėvis – tai vertinga medžiaga Afrikinio kiaulių maro viruso mastėnams!

KAIP TEISINGAI MĖGINĮ SUMI

1. Mėginys turi būti paimamas išvengiant...
2. Atidžiai ir kruopščiai kintų suri...



- kraujo mėginiai turi būti paimami į...
- organų mėginiai turi būti surišti į šviesnė ar kveplį, kad nebūtų išplatinti



Close cooperation with social partners



- Regularly meetings with:
 - pigs producer association;
 - local municipalities;
 - farmers;
 - hunters association, hunters
 - joint trainings with local vet. Authorities

More than 550 meetings during 2017 years

- Regularly meetings with border inspection
 - Forbidden to carry meat and meat products in personal luggage from third countries;
 - Transport control which transported animals and feed in border control posts;

Personal luggage control

- (EC) No 206/2009 was drafted, coordinated with the Customs Department and State Border Guard Service.
- Resolution No 1236 of the Government of the Republic of Lithuania of 24 November 2008.

Private luggage checks are performed by the Customs Department under the Ministry of Finance jointly with SFVS.



The quantities of collected products is decreasing as:

- The availability of visual aids at entry and exit points is under continuous supervision; information is provided to:
- Ministry of Foreign Affairs,
- Embassies in neighbouring countries;
- Travel agencies,
- Lithuanian Carriers' Association.



Were collected at the border inspection posts, which were destroyed at the ABP destruction plant UAB “Rietavo veterinarinė sanitarija”.

- 2016 - 4819 kg
- 2017 - 4093 kg



Control of livestock vehicles at border posts

Commission implementing decision on measures to prevent the introduction into the union of the African swine fever virus from certain third countries or parts of the territory of third countries in which the presence of that disease is confirmed and repealing decision 2011/78/EU (2013/426/EU)

The control of vehicles on their way back from Belarus, Moldova, Ukraine, Russia is performed by SFVS officials at border veterinary posts.

- Upon arrival of a vehicle, which carried live animals, at a BIP, the driver has to submit the declaration on the cleaning and disinfection of the vehicle.

- The vehicle is subject to visual examination and officer completes declaration and the vehicle can enter the EU.

THE UNION FROM THIRD COUNTRIES OR PARTS OF THE TERRITORY OF THIRD COUNTRIES WHERE THE PRESENCE OF AFRICAN SWINE FEVER IS CONFIRMED

I, the operator/driver of the livestock vehicle
(insert number of registration plate)
declare that:

.....

— the most recent unloading of animals and feed took place at:

Country, region, place	Date (dd.mm.yy)	Time (hh:mm)

.....

— following unloading, the livestock vehicle was subject to cleansing and disinfection. The cleansing and disinfection included the livestock or loading compartment, [the truck body] (delete if not applicable), the loading ramp, the equipment having been in contact with animals, the wheels and the driver's cabin and protective clothes/boots used during unloading.

The cleansing and disinfection took place:

Country, region, place	Date (dd.mm.yy)	Time (hh:mm)

.....

— the disinfectant has been used at the concentrations recommended by the manufacturer (to indicate the substance and its concentration):

.....

— the next loading of animals will take place at:

Country, region, place	Date (dd.mm.yy)	Time (hh:mm)

02013D0426 — EN — 11.10.2017 — 003

▼ B

ANNEX III

CLEANSING AND DISINFECTION CERTIFICATE FOR LIVESTOCK VEHICLES ENTERING THE UNION FROM THIRD COUNTRIES OR PARTS OF THE TERRITORY OF THIRD COUNTRIES WHERE THE PRESENCE OF AFRICAN SWINE FEVER IS CONFIRMED

I, the undersigned official certify that I have checked:

1. the livestock vehicle(s) with the registration plate(s)
(insert number(s) of registration plate(s))
today and by visual control found the livestock or loading compartment, [the truck body] (*), the loading ramp, the equipment having been in contact with animals, the wheels and the driver's cabin and protective clothes/boots used during unloading satisfactorily cleansed.

2. the information presented in the form of a declaration as set out in Annex II to Commission Implementing Decision 2013/426/EU or in another equivalent form covering the items set out in Annex II to Commission Implementing Decision 2013/426/EU.

Date	Time	Place	Competent authority	Signature of the official (*)

Stamp: Name in block letters:

(*) The colour of the stamp and the signature must be different from that of the printing.

The numbers checks of livestock vehicles,
which return to the EC, and are subject to
controls at BIPs :

In 2016 – 285

In 2017 – 273





Thank you for your attention!